

Міністерство освіти і науки України  
Львівський національний університет імені Івана Франка

кафедра іноземних мов  
для гуманітарних факультетів

**ЛЕКСИКО-ГРАМАТИЧНІ ТЕСТОВІ ЗАВДАННЯ  
ДЛЯ СТУДЕНТІВ  
ГУМАНІТАРНИХ ФАКУЛЬТЕТІВ УНІВЕРСИТЕТУ  
(РІВЕНЬ B2)**

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Лексико-граматичні тестові завдання для студентів гуманітарних факультетів університету (рівень В2). – Львів: кафедра іноземних мов для гуманітарних факультетів Львівського національного університету імені Івана Франка, 2018. – 192 с.

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## ПЕРЕДНЄ СЛОВО

Лексико-граматичні тести зазначеного навчально-методичного видання, передбачають комплексну підготовку та перевірку рівня знань з англійської мови студентами гуманітарних факультетів Університету, укладені за європейськими стандартами та навчальними програмами (Cambridge University), розраховані на чотири семестри навчальної програми, і рекомендуються як підсумкові завдання після завершення базового курсу в кінці четвертого семестру.

Запропоновані тести структурно включають 30 варіантів розділів А і В, по 40 завдань у кожному з них, загалом 3000 завдань. Кожен варіант передбачає п'ять різних блоків вправ, з яких перша вправа перевіряє засвоєння основних граматичних структур, друга – знання фразеології, третя – деривації, четверта – засвоєння граматики в тексті загалом та п'ята – знання синонімічних рядів; аналогічно укладений і розділ рівня В.

Тести виконані згідно апробованої та імплементованої на кафедрі іноземних мов для гуманітарних факультетів Львівського національного університету імені Івана Франка нової концепції викладання іноземних мов для неспеціальних факультетів I–II курсів та мають за мету перевірити рівень засвоєння лексико-граматичного матеріалу у відповідності до європейських стандартів В-2 і вище.

Лексико-граматичні тести укладені згідно затвердженої на кафедрі навчальної програми, відповідають чинним вимогам до такого виду завдань, призначені для перевірки рівня знань з англійської мови студентами гуманітарних факультетів Університету. Запропоновані тести допоможуть студентам та усім бажаючим перевірити свій рівень знань з англійської мови, підготуватись як для здачі підсумкового кваліфікаційного іспиту європейського рівня В-2, так і для аудиторного та самостійного опрацювання.

Завідувач кафедри іноземних мов для гуманітарних факультетів  
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## ПЕРЕДМОВА

Інтеграція України в Європейський освітній простір, розширення міжнародної співпраці в сфері економіки, освіти, науки та культури ставить перед вищою школою завдання якісної підготовки фахівців різних освітніх рівнів з іноземної мови за професійним спрямуванням згідно з міжнародними стандартами. Це завдання вимагає вдосконалення системи навчання та викладання іноземної мови, осмислення набутих знань і вмінь, а також формулювання мети, принципів і змісту навчання. Англійська мова – як *lingua franca* – обов'язковий інструмент здобуття фахових знань.

Збірник містить типові тестові завдання, які охоплюють лексико-граматичний матеріал курсу «Іноземна мова». Лексико-граматичні тестові завдання покликані перевірити ступінь опанування англійської мови (рівень B2 для студентів гуманітарних факультетів університетів).

Головне завдання зазначених тестів – удосконалити контроль лексичного та граматичного матеріалу з метою його поглибленого вивчення, підготувати студента до складання іспиту з англійської мови на рівень B2. Запропоновані тестові завдання містять матеріал, укладений згідно з навчальною та робочою програмами, затвердженими на кафедрі. Усі лексико-граматичні тести, що ввійшли до збірника, апробовано на практичних заняттях з англійської мови зі студентами гуманітарних факультетів Львівського національного університету імені Івана Франка.

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 1 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. My brother ... a new car recently.  
a) have bought;                      b) has been buying;    c) has bought ;                      d) had bought;
2. If she ... English better, she would read English books in the original.  
a) knew;                                  b) know;                      c) had known;                      d) known;
3. She ... away on a business trip the other day.  
a) has been;                              b) is;                              c) was;                              d) will be;
4. Did you ... that noise just now?  
a) have heard;                          b) hear;                          c) heard;                          d) hear to;
5. If I ... you, I should study better.  
a) were;                                  b) was;                          c) be;                                  d) to be;
6. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
a) do;                                      b) am doing;                      c) did;                                  d) was doing;
7. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
a) to work;                              b) works;                          c) was working;                      d) worked;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
a) to jump;                              b) jumped;                          c) was jumping;                      d) jumping;
9. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week.  
a) have got;                              b) was getting;                      c) had got;                          d) got;
10. Mr Connors ... two houses and a villa in the south of France, when the war broke out.  
a) owned;                                  b) was owning;                      c) were owning;                      d) had been owning;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Mary and Paul broke ... last week.  
a) in;                                      b) up;                                  c) out;                                  d) down;
2. Excuse me! I am looking ... Mr. Wilson.  
a) for;                                      b) after;                              c) out;                                  d) up;
3. My father works ... a factory.  
a) in;                                      b) on;                                  c) at;                                  d) of;

4. Our plane takes ... at 1 p.m.  
 a) off;                    b) out;                    c) after;                    d) up;
5. They didn't turn ... the heating even when it was very hot.  
 a) up;                    b) down;                    c) into;                    d) on;
6. By the time we got ... to the hotel, Mary had already left.  
 a) at;                    b) back;                    c) up;                    d) on;
7. Well done! Keep ... the good work.  
 a) on;                    b) up;                    c) from;                    d) in;
8. It started to rain so we made ... a nearby farmhouse.  
 a) out;                    b) off;                    c) for;                    d) up for;
9. How can we go ... solving this problem?  
 a) on;                    b) into;                    c) about;                    d) along;
10. It seems that the burglars make ... without being seen by dressing as postmen.  
 a) out;                    b) off;                    c) for;                    d) up fo;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

Once upon a time there lived a king who was (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in love with a princess, but she could not marry anyone, because she was under an enchantment. So the King set out (2) \_\_\_\_\_ a fairy and asked what he could do (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the Princess's love. The fairy said to him: "You know that the Princess (4) \_\_\_\_\_ a great cat which she is very fond of. Whoever is clever enough (5) \_\_\_\_\_ on that cat's tail is the man she (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to marry".

The King said to himself that this would not be very difficult, and left the Fairy, determined (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the cat's tail to powder rather than not tread on it at all. You may (8) \_\_\_\_\_ that it was not long before he went to see the Princess, and the cat, as usual marched in before him, arching his back. The King took a long step, and quite thought he had the tail under his foot, but the cat turned round so (9) \_\_\_\_\_ that he only trod on air. And so it went on for eight days, till the King began to think that this (10) \_\_\_\_\_ tail must be full of quicksilver – it was never still for a moment.

1. a) deep;                    b) depths;                    c) depth;                    d) deeply;
2. a) seek;                    b) to seek;                    c) sought;                    d) seeking;
3. a) win;                    b) winning;                    c) wins;                    d) to win;
4. a) has;                    b) had;                    c) have;                    d) having;
5. a) treads;                    b) to tread;                    c) trod;                    d) treading;
6. a) destiny;                    b) destined;                    c) destining;                    d) is destined;
7. a) to grind;                    b) ground;                    c) grinding;                    d) grinder;
8. a) imagination;                    b) imaginative;                    c) imaginatively;                    d) imagine;

9. a) sharpness;                      b) sharp;                      c) sharply;                      d) sharpen;  
 10. a) fatal;                      b) fatally;                      c) fate;                      d) fatality;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Nick and I had our first big row last night – all about our vacation. It was horrible. We shouted at each other! He told me that it (1) \_\_\_\_\_ my fault that we (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to Turkey and that it (3) \_\_\_\_\_ a fortune and (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the worst holiday he had ever had. I said there was nothing wrong with Kemer, it was very beautiful, but the travel firm (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Their brochure (6) \_\_\_\_\_ all kinds of things about the hotel and it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ lies. I told him that he (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to blame me and I started crying. Nick said he was sorry and that he (9) \_\_\_\_\_ that it wasn't my fault really. He said that he would go to the travel agency first thing in the morning and that he (10) \_\_\_\_\_ them about everything that would tell.

1. a) is;                      b) has been;                      c) was;                      d) had been;  
 2. a) went;                      b) go;                      c) had gone;                      d) are going;  
 3. a) cost;                      b) had cost;                      c) would cost;                      d) costs;  
 4. a) being;                      b) was;                      c) has been;                      d) had been;  
 5. a) were to blame;                      b) was to blame;                      c) are to blame;                      d) is to blame;  
 6. a) promised;                      b) had promised;                      c) was promising;                      d) has promised;  
 7. a) all was;                      b) all had been;                      c) had all been;                      d) was all;  
 8. a) has no right;                      b) have no right;                      c) had no right;                      d) has had no right;  
 9. a) knew;                      b) know;                      c) knows;                      d) had known;  
 10. a) tell;                      b) would tell;                      c) will tell;                      d) tells;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. I am going to ... by plane.  
 a) journey;                      b) travel;                      c) trip;                      d) expedition;  
 2. He ... the key in the lock.  
 a) curled;                      b) turned;                      c) twirled;                      d) twisted;  
 3. He looks ... his father.  
 a) alike;                      b) like;                      c) the same;                      d) identical;  
 4. He ... about twenty.  
 a) saw;                      b) watched;                      c) noticed;                      d) looked;  
 5. Are you going to pay or only to ...?  
 a) look;                      b) watch;                      c) see;                      d) observe;  
 6. She ... her legs up under her.  
 a) twisted;                      b) twined;                      c) turned;                      d) curled;

7. Someone had ... a hole in the wall.  
 a) hit;                                      b) knocked;                                      c) banged;                                      d) struck;
8. She has been ill and is much too ....  
 a) lean;                                      b) thin;                                      c) bony;                                      d) skinny;
9. I'm thinking of getting a fax ....  
 a) machine;                                      b) engine;                                      c) motor;                                      d) instrument;
10. Keep ... by exercising regularly.  
 a) fit;                                      b) healthy;                                      c) strong;                                      d) fine;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 2 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. The geological definition of a desert is a place that ... less than ten inches of rain each year.  
 a) receive;                                      b) is receiving;                                      c) receives;                                      d) has received;
2. Yesterday we ... to the cinema.  
 a) go;                                      b) gone;                                      c) went;                                      d) goes;
3. I usually ... in France when I was young.  
 a) lived;                                      b) will live;                                      c) has lived;                                      d) had lived ;
4. We ... playing tennis when the rain started.  
 a) were;                                      b) have been;                                      c) will be;                                      d) are;
5. My sister ... a new car recently.  
 a) has been buying;    b) has bought;                                      c) had bought;                                      d) have bought;
6. My sister ... the dishes after dinner yesterday.  
 a) was washing;                                      b) washing;                                      c) to wash;                                      d) washed;
7. Dan ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
 a) does sleep;                                      b) has slept;                                      c) sleeps;                                      d) is sleeping;
8. That's the first time I ... an answer right today!  
 a) get;                                      b) am getting;                                      c) have got;                                      d) have been getting;
9. Peter ... a shower at the moment, so could you call back in about half an hour?  
 a) takes;                                      b) is taking;                                      c) has taken;                                      d) took;
10. Jessica ... already left I'm afraid.  
 a) has;                                      b) had;                                      c) will have;                                      d) is;



## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Do we have to look ... this castle?  
a) around;                      b) ahead;                      c) after;                      d) at;
2. I must get my car looked ....  
a) back;                      b) at;                      c) down;                      d) for;
3. The water had turned ... ice.  
a) on;                      b) out;                      c) into;                      d) up;
4. I looked it ... in the dictionary.  
a) around;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) up;
5. When did you get ... from Manchester?  
a) back;                      b) off;                      c) in;                      d) down;
6. Who do you think came ... the idea of the bicycle?  
a) up with;                      b) into;                      c) off;                      d) round;
7. Scientists are trying to work ... ways to reduce pollution from aircraft.  
a) on;                      b) up;                      c) out;                      d) in;
8. I wish you would turn the TV ... and go outside and get some exercise.  
a) off;                      b) on;                      c) out;                      d) away;
9. A lorry had broken ... on the motorway and we had to wait for over an hour.  
a) into;                      b) down;                      c) through;                      d) for;
10. Tomorrow, we will be carrying ... an experiment to test this theory.  
a) out;                      b) on;                      c) away;                      d) round;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

The story of the Sugababes starts with two self-confident eight-year-old friends from London who (1) \_\_\_\_\_ a hatred of maths but loved singing (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to the radio. Mutya and Keisha then met Siobhan who joined their “gang”. They (3) \_\_\_\_\_ writing and singing and at fourteen the group (4) \_\_\_\_\_ their first record deal. Just two years later, when their classmates were studying for their exams, the girls released their first album, the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ cool One Touch. But it wasn’t as easy as it (6) \_\_\_\_\_. The album didn’t get publicity and Siobhan decided to leave the group. Keisha and Mutya advertised for another girl but did not want to (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the group’s name. “We wanted someone who could sing and had her own ideas,” they said. That was Heidi. Heidi used to be in the girlband *Atomic Kitten* but she left because she never quite (8) \_\_\_\_\_ in. Heidi was desperate to sing live in concerts and do her own writing – and she soon realised that she would never be able to do this in a “manufactured” band. Her love of urban music (9) \_\_\_\_\_ her a perfect Sugababe. The three became (10) \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as they met and went on to write and record the huge Angels with Dirty Faces album.

1. a) share;                      b) shares;                      c) shared;                      d) sharing;
2. a) along;                      b) longing;                      c) long;                      d) longitude;

- |                    |                |                |                 |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 3. a) discovering; | b) discover;   | c) discovery;  | d) discovered;  |
| 4. a) getting;     | b) gotten;     | c) got;        | d) get;         |
| 5. a) credible;    | b) incredibly; | c) incredible; | d) credibility; |
| 6. a) sounding;    | b) sound;      | c) sounded;    | d) sounds;      |
| 7. a) mentioning;  | b) mention;    | c) mentions;   | d) mentioned;   |
| 8. a) fitted;      | b) fit;        | c) fitness;    | d) fitting;     |
| 9. a) makes;       | b) making;     | c) make;       | d) made;        |
| 10. a) friendly;   | b) friendship; | c) friends;    | d) friend;      |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

The ancient Olympics were rather different from the modern Games. There (1) \_\_\_\_\_ few events, and only free men who (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Greek could compete, instead of athletes from any country. Also, the games were always held at Olympia instead of (3) \_\_\_\_\_ around to different cities every time. Like our Olympics, though, winning athletes were heroes who made their home towns proud. One young Athenian nobleman defended his political reputation by (4) \_\_\_\_\_ how he entered seven chariots in the Olympic chariot-race. This high number of entries made both the aristocrat and Athens (5) \_\_\_\_\_ very wealthy and powerful. The games (6) \_\_\_\_\_ by heralds travelling to all the major Greek cities around the Mediterranean, and (7) \_\_\_\_\_ were banned during the period around the Games (8) to \_\_\_\_\_ those travelling to and from Olympia. The games at Olympia (9) \_\_\_\_\_ with minor interruptions into early Christian times and were the inspiration for the modern Olympic Games, first (10) \_\_\_\_\_ in Athens in 1896.

- |                           |                     |                   |                      |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a) should be;          | b) would be;        | c) was;           | d) were;             |
| 2. a) spoke;              | b) speak;           | c) speaking;      | d) speaks;           |
| 3. a) moved;              | b) move;            | c) movement;      | d) moving;           |
| 4. a) mentions;           | b) mentioned;       | c) mentioning;    | d) mention;          |
| 5. a) looks;              | b) looked;          | c) look;          | d) looking;          |
| 6. a) had been announced; | b) announced;       | c) announced;     | d) were announced;   |
| 7. a) hostiles;           | b) hostilities;     | c) hospitalities; | d) hosts;            |
| 8. a) guard;              | b) safeguard;       | c) safe;          | d) safeguarding;     |
| 9. a) continued;          | b) were continuing; | c) to continue;   | d) having continued; |
| 10. a) having staged;     | b) had been staged; | c) staging;       | d) staged;           |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. Words ... my feelings.

- |          |         |             |         |
|----------|---------|-------------|---------|
| a) hurt; | b) cut; | c) wounded; | d) hit; |
|----------|---------|-------------|---------|

2. She laughed when she ... the expression on his face.

- |             |         |             |            |
|-------------|---------|-------------|------------|
| a) watched; | b) saw; | c) noticed; | d) looked; |
|-------------|---------|-------------|------------|

3. She looks ... his mother.  
 a) alike;                      b) like;                      c) the same;                      d) identical;
4. I spent most of the morning ... for my telephone.  
 a) looking;                      b) seeing;                      c) watching;                      d) noticing.
5. She ... about twenty.  
 a) looked;                      b) saw;                      c) watched;                      d) noticed;
- 6) The debate will ... place tonight.  
 a) be;                      b) have;                      c) take;                      d) make;
- 7) It's not always easy to ... the difference between fact and opinion.  
 a) put;                      b) do;                      c) say;                      d) tell;
- 8) In my ... , the freedom of the press must be maintained.  
 a) mind;                      b) opinion;                      c) sight;                      d) thought;
- 9) They... a description of the robber on Crime Time and it sounded like you!  
 a) spoke;                      b) told;                      c) said;                      d) gave;
- 10) The media ... print journalism, TV, radio and even electronic forms of communication such as the Internet.  
 a) include;                      b) engage;                      c) cause;                      d) concern;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 3 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. By this time next week, we ... the chemistry exam.  
 a) finished;                      b) have finished;                      c) will have finished;                      d) will be finishing;
2. When I grow up,... an inventor.  
 a) I'm being;                      b) I'm going to be;                      c) I will have been;                      d) I will be being;
3. Shirley will ... her research for the next few weeks.  
 a) have done;                      b) be doing;                      c) have been doing;                      d) have been done;
4. Next year, Sam will ... patients at this hospital for twenty-five years.  
 a) have been treating;                      b) treat;                      c) be treating;                      d) be going to treat;
5. "What is it?" "We won't know until ... at it under a microscope".  
 a) we're going to look;                      b) we'll have looked;                      c) we'll be looking;                      d) we've looked;
6. You won't get any radio reception while ... through the tunnel.  
 a) you're driven;                      b) you'll drive;                      c) you're driving;                      d) you'll be driving;

7. "I'm going to set up the equipment in a minute". "... I give you a hand?"  
 a) Shall?                      b) Will?                      c) Would?                      d) Do?
8. Everyone expects Jonson to ... Smith in today's final.  
 a) beat;                      b) have beaten;                      c) be beaten;                      d) have been beaten;
9. The fans in the stadium all ... the athletes.  
 a) have been cheering;    b) have cheered;                      c) cheered;                      d) will have cheered;
10. I ... a new baseball bat yesterday.  
 a) should have gotten;    b) should get;                      c) have gotten;                      d) got;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. I don't think people should be allowed to perform experiments ... animals.  
 a) for;                      b) over;                      c) on;                      d) to;
2. There was an explosion in technology ... the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century.  
 a) in;                      b) at;                      c) through;                      d) on;
3. Let's face ... facts - we are destroying the environment and we need to do something now.  
 a) to;                      b) -;                      c) on;                      d) at;
4. The distance from the Earth to the Sun is, ... average, about 149 million kilometres.  
 a) by;                      b) on;                      c) from;                      d) in;
5. It's amazing that creatures survive ... the bottom of the ocean.  
 a) in;                      b) by;                      c) at;                      d) to;
6. Fox Talbot ... the first photograph in 1835.  
 a) gave;                      b) did;                      c) drew;                      d) took;
7. Researchers have ... to the conclusion that your personality is affected by your genes.  
 a) come;                      b) got;                      c) reached;                      d) arrived;
8. Do you mind if I just ... a quick phone call from here?  
 a) do;                      b) take;                      c) have;                      d) make;
9. Many lives were saved ... the introduction of antibiotics.  
 a) into;                      b) at;                      c) with;                      d) in;
10. The ... of the nuclear accident is still unknown.  
 a) reason;                      b) cause;                      c) base;                      d) motif;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

There is still no adequate (1) \_\_\_\_\_ why, several thousand years ago, cultures in both Egypt and South America saw the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ of pyramids. Was it coincidence? Many (3) \_\_\_\_\_ believe

that it was, and state that there is no (4) \_\_\_\_\_ at all that people from two distant continents traded information on (5) \_\_\_\_\_ techniques.

However, some (6) \_\_\_\_\_ theories in recent years, based on the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ that the two cultures also share key myths, legends and beliefs, suggest that the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of pyramids on opposite sides of the world was no coincidence at all. One (9) \_\_\_\_\_ working on this, Crystal Davis, said: “The (10) \_\_\_\_\_ of finding out the truth here cannot be exaggerated. It could change our whole understanding of the history of the world”.

- |                        |                     |                 |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) explain;         | b) explanation;     | c) to explain;  | d) explanations;    |
| 2. a) introductions;   | b) to introduce;    | c) introducing; | d) introduction;    |
| 3. a) scientists;      | b) scientific;      | c) science;     | d) scientist;       |
| 4. a) the possibility; | b) to possible;     | c) possible;    | d) possibility;     |
| 5. a) build;           | b) to build;        | c) building;    | d) builder;         |
| 6. a) revolutions;     | b) revolutionaries; | c) revolution;  | d) revolutionary;   |
| 7. a) discovery;       | b) discoveries;     | c) to discover; | d) discoverability; |
| 8. a) disappearance;   | b) appearance;      | c) appear;      | d) disappear;       |
| 9. a) researcher;      | b) research;        | c) to research; | d) researching;     |
| 10. a) unimportant;    | b) import;          | c) importance;  | d) important;       |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

If this theory about parallel universes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ correct, it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ that we’re living in more than one universe at the same time. But if that (3) \_\_\_\_\_ true – if I was doing different things in different universes – (4) \_\_\_\_\_ about it. And if I (5) \_\_\_\_\_ about it, how could it be me doing these things? If I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the lottery last year in a parallel universe, and decided to sail round the world, how is that “me”? It doesn’t make sense! And another thing. If I do something, it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ consequences. For example, if I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ study, I might not pass my exams. I can’t start thinking about different universes where the consequences are different. If just (9) \_\_\_\_\_ about the universe I actually live in, then I’m sure (10) \_\_\_\_\_ okay!

- |                      |                    |                     |                  |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) will be;       | b) is;             | c) would have been; | d) has been;     |
| 2. a) has meant;     | b) meant;          | c) had meant;       | d) means;        |
| 3. a) will be;       | b) was being;      | c) were;            | d) had been;     |
| 4. a) I’d know;      | b) I’ll know;      | c) I have known;    | d) I know;       |
| 5. a) wouldn’t know; | b) don’t know;     | c) won’t know;      | d) didn’t know;  |
| 6. a) had won;       | b) was winning;    | c) have won;        | d) win;          |
| 7. a) would have;    | b) would have had; | c) will have;       | d) had had;      |
| 8. a) won’t;         | b) aren’t;         | c) don’t;           | d) shan’t;       |
| 9. a) think;         | b) to think;       | c) am thinking;     | d) have thought; |
| 10. a) I’d be;       | b) I’ve been;      | c) I’d have been;   | d) I’ll be;      |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. Everyone said they had ... themselves at the wedding.  
a) enjoyed;                      b) impressed;                      c) pleased;                      d) excited;
2. Most ... people have no idea what it's like to be famous.  
a) usual;                      b) ordinary;                      c) typical;                      d) medium;
3. When my parents got divorced, my best friend was very ... and listened to all my problems.  
a) likeable;                      b) amusing;                      c) sympathetic;                      d) enjoyable;
4. Police were called in when the ... of people began to get violent.  
a) crowd;                      b) company;                      c) audience;                      d) herd;
5. The boy ... that he had had anything to do with the break-in.  
a) refused;                      b) denied;                      c) objected;                      d) rejected;
6. Suddenly, someone shouted: "Thief!" and the man quickly ... on a motorbike.  
a) took in;                      b) made off;                      c) came forward;                      d) handed in;
7. Do you have ... to take that bicycle?  
a) allowance;                      b) exception;                      c) willingness;                      d) permission;
8. He said it was an accident, but I know he did it on ....  
a) purpose;                      b) aim;                      c) goal;                      d) reason;
9. Things started to ... wrong for the robbers when the alarm went off.  
a) take;                      b) have;                      c) go;                      d) come;
10. The sign says that all shoplifters will be ....  
a) persecuted;                      b) disproved;                      c) prosecuted;                      d) prohibited.

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 4 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I hope it...raining by the evening.  
a) stops;                      b) will stop;                      c) is going to stop;                      d) will have stopped;
2. Sheila has just told me her parents...back tomorrow.  
a) come;                      b) will come;                      c) would come;                      d) are coming;
3. Veronica ... a pie since the very morning.  
a) makes;                      b) is making;                      c) has made;                      d) has been making;
4. Panny says she ... Louise for ages.  
a) knows;                      b) has known;                      c) knew;                      d) had known;

5. The tourists felt that the wind ... harder and harder.  
 a) blew;                                      b) was blowing;                      c) had blown;                      d) had been blowing;
6. Patrick ... at the stadium until he finds a better job.  
 a) works;                                      b) is working;                      c) used to work;                      d) was working;
7. I hope ... a pilot when I grow up.  
 a) become;                                      b) became;                              c) becoming;                      d) to become;
8. Ben ... in the living room while we're redecorating his bedroom.  
 a) sleeps;                                      b) to sleep;                              c) is sleeping;                      d) has slept;
9. When you rang, I ... my bike.  
 a) cleaned;                                      b) was cleaning;                      c) used to clean;                      d) clean;
10. Dad ... to work early tomorrow to meet an important customer.  
 a) has to go;                                      b) will go;                              c) will have to go;                      d) shall go;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. That's the third time our car's broken ... this month!  
 a) down;                                      b) up;                                      c) forward;                      d) out;
2. The meeting was put ... until the following week.  
 a) on;                                      b) out;                                      c) off;                                      d) down;
3. He decided to take ... a new hobby.  
 a) on;                                      b) up;                                      c) off;                                      d) away;
4. We need to get ... the bus at the next stop.  
 a) away;                                      b) across;                                      c) off;                                      d) on;
5. If I were you, I'd look ... his file again.  
 a) over;                                      b) after;                                      c) for;                                      d) into;
6. I couldn't sell my old magazines, so I gave them ....  
 a) over;                                      b) off;                                      c) up;                                      d) away;
7. I'd like to find ... more about being a computer programmer.  
 a) across;                                      b) up;                                      c) out;                                      d) off;
8. We usually go ... somewhere on holiday.  
 a) out;                                      b) away;                                      c) in;                                      d) to;
9. We had everything planned ... to the last detail.  
 a) down;                                      b) off;                                      c) out;                                      d) in;
10. I didn't read the message carefully. I just glanced ... it.  
 a) at;                                      b) to;                                      c) in;                                      d) on;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Cocoa trees grew wild in the jungle, and the ancient Maya and Aztec civilizations of Central America used them to make a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ rather bitter drink for special occasions. (2) \_\_\_\_\_ chocolate spread across Europe – it was the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ of Kings and Queens, the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ and the rich, just like caviar or champagne today.

It's often thought, in (6) a \_\_\_\_\_ of two or more people, that one person is talking (7) \_\_\_\_\_ others are listening. Sadly, this is not the truth in a (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of situations. People can get distracted from other people's voices, by their own thought, by creating a plan of what to say next, or by many other variables. Active listening is a(n) (9) \_\_\_\_\_ of structured way of conversing, especially between two people, where focus is on truly hearing the communications of the other person. It's a conversation model (10) \_\_\_\_\_ in many settings.

- |                    |                 |                  |                    |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) spicier;     | b) spicy;       | c) spicily;      | d) spiciness;      |
| 2. a) Gradually;   | b) Gradual;     | c) Gradualness;  | d) Gradualism;     |
| 3. a) fashion;     | b) fashionably; | c) fashionable;  | d) fashioner;      |
| 4. a) choice;      | b) choicely;    | c) choiceness;   | d) choosing;       |
| 5. a) nobilities;  | b) nobles;      | c) nobility;     | d) nobleness;      |
| 6. a) converse;    | b) conversion;  | c) conversation; | d) conversational; |
| 7. a) meaningless; | b) means;       | c) meaning;      | d) meaningful;     |
| 8. a) various;     | b) variable;    | c) variant;      | d) variety;        |
| 9. a) typed;       | b) types;       | c) type;         | d) typical;        |
| 10. a) useless;    | b) used;        | c) use;          | d) useful;         |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

On a clear night, you (1) \_\_\_\_\_ practically (2) \_\_\_\_\_ about 3,000 stars in the sky without (3) \_\_\_\_\_ a telescope. The hot star that astronomers (4) \_\_\_\_\_ is nearly 40 times hotter than the sun. In about five billion years, the sun (5) \_\_\_\_\_ swell up to a giant star. It (6) \_\_\_\_\_ become large enough to swallow up Earth.

Nowadays computer jobs are in great demand and value. Computer jobs' skills (7) \_\_\_\_\_ be called a big part of contemporary work. One of the most popular computer jobs (8) \_\_\_\_\_ with professional design include art (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and different kinds of project activity for (10) \_\_\_\_\_ acceptable views and pictures of real subjects and environment.

- |                |               |                |           |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|
| 1. a) could;   | b) can;       | c) may;        | d) might; |
| 2. a) be seen; | b) saw;       | c) see;        | d) sees;  |
| 3. a) using;   | b) used;      | c) use;        | d) uses;  |
| 4. a) found;   | b) had found; | c) have found; | d) find;  |
| 5. a) should;  | b) will;      | c) would;      | d) shall; |
| 6. a) might;   | b) should;    | c) may;        | d) can;   |



7. a) could;            b) can;                    c) must;                    d) might;  
 8. a) connecting;    b) connected;            c) being connected;    d) having been connected;  
 9. a) constructed;    b) construct;            c) constructs;            d) constructing;  
 10. a) forming;        b) formed;                c) forms;                    d) having formed;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. I like to ... around the lake at sunset.  
 a) stroll;                b) walk;                    c) stride;                    d) march;  
 2. We are ... confidently towards the future.  
 a) striding;            b) marching;            c) walking;                d) strolling;  
 3. I was ... along the river when I saw an incredible thing.  
 a) walking;            b) marching;            c) strolling;                d) striding;  
 4. She ... onto the platform.  
 a) strolled;            b) strode;                c) walked;                    d) marched;  
 5. Alison ... through the entrance exam with a little difficulty.  
 a) walked;            b) marched;            c) strode;                    d) strolled;  
 6. Jane doesn't dye her hair; it's ... blonde.  
 a) physically;        b) naturally;            c) logically;                d) organically;  
 7. The ... of the outbreak of the disease is still unknown.  
 a) aim;                    b) reason;                c) cause;                    d) motive;  
 8. I've ... it in at the mains but it still doesn't seem to work.  
 a) worked;            b) turned;                c) narrowed;                d) plugged;  
 9. I'm thinking of getting a fax ....  
 a) machine;            b) engine;                c) motor;                    d) instrument;  
 10. Do you know who ... the fact that sound travels in waves?  
 a) invented;            b) developed;            c) discovered;            d) found;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 5 (A)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

1. Rachel was surprised she ... anything like that before.  
 a) hasn't seen;        b) haven't seen;        c) hadn't seen;            d) didn't see;

2. Dad looked into the room and saw that the boys ... computer games.  
a) played;            b) were playing;        c) has been playing;    d) had been playing;
3. We'll meet as soon as Adela ... from Chicago.  
a) return;            b) returns;            c) will return;            d) will have returned;
4. Pamela ... already 16, when her family moved to Leeds.  
a) was;                b) had been;            c) has been;            d) have been;
5. I ... to school today, I've got a cold.  
a) don't go;          b) not go;                c) am not going;        d) not going;
6. It was the first time we ... to a Mexican restaurant.  
a) go;                 b) went;                c) have been;            d) had been;
7. Can you come out to play? - No, we ... dinner at the moment.  
a) have;              b) are having;         c) have had;            d) have been having;
8. How much ... to get into the arena?  
a) it costs;          b) costs it;            c) does it cost;        d) has it cost;
9. It's only the second time I ... a job interview.  
a) have;              b) am having;         c) have had;            d) have been having;
10. Don't you think Sam ... just like his father?  
a) looks;             b) is looking;         c) has been looking;    d) had been looking;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. How do you get ... with Harry?  
a) along;            b) back;                c) on;                    d) down;
2. Look ... or you'll have an accident.  
a) for;                b) after;                c) out;                    d) up;
3. The couple filled ... many forms before they could immigrate to England.  
a) up;                b) in;                    c) away;                 d) about;
4. Do you want to take ... your coat?  
a) off;                b) away;                c) after;                 d) up;
5. Will you give ... these papers for me, please?  
a) in;                 b) out;                  c) back;                 d) up;
6. Peter works hard because he wants to live ... his parents' ambitions for him.  
a) up to;            b) on;                    c) out;                    d) up;
7. I need to get ... my homework project, otherwise I won't finish it for tomorrow.  
a) on for;            b) on with;            c) over;                 d) up to;

8. Jack doesn't want to be called ....

- a) up;                                      b) on;                                      c) off;                                      d) back;

9. I have been thinking ... what you said.

- a) over;                                      b) up;                                      c) away;                                      d) at;

10. They are tearing ... these old houses to build a new office block.

- a) down;                                      b) by;                                      c) over;                                      d) off;

### III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

The (1) \_\_\_\_ *Harry Potter* movie has shattered box office records in the US and Canada, taking \$168 m over its opening weekend. *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows: Part 2* had already made \$92.1 m on its (2) \_\_\_\_ day, said the film's distributor, Warner Bros. The previous opening weekend (3) \_\_\_\_ was held by Batman film *The Dark Knight*, which took \$10 m. The Potter film is the eighth movie in the hugely (4) \_\_\_\_ franchise. Fans around the world queued for hours to be among the first to see the film, which was based on the second part of JK Rowling's seventh and final book in the (5) \_\_\_\_.

Most cinemas were showing the film in 3D, which slightly increased the ticket (6) \_\_\_\_ . The (7) \_\_\_\_ Potter film series has so far earned more than £4 bn worldwide, not including the final film's takings so far. Internationally, the film had taken \$157.5 m by Friday. "A billion dollars is (8) \_\_\_\_ going to happen," said Dan Fellman, head of domestic (9) \_\_\_\_ at Warner Bros. It has been 10 years since the first movie in the series, *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*, was released. It made stars of its (10) \_\_\_\_ cast, Daniel Radcliffe, Emma Watson and Rupert Grint.

- |                     |                |                 |                  |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. a) finalize;     | b) finale;     | c) final;       | d) finally;      |
| 2. a) openness;     | b) opening;    | c) open;        | d) opener;       |
| 3. a) record;       | b) recording;  | c) records;     | d) recorded;     |
| 4. a) popularity;   | b) popular;    | c) popularize;  | d) popularly;    |
| 5. a) seriousness;  | b) serious;    | c) serial;      | d) series;       |
| 6. a) prices;       | b) pricey;     | c) price;       | d) priceless;    |
| 7. a) entirety;     | b) entirety;   | c) entirely;    | d) entire;       |
| 8. a) definite;     | b) definitely; | c) indefinite;  | d) definitively; |
| 9. a) distribution; | b) distribute; | c) distributor; | d) distributed;  |
| 10. a) young;       | b) youngish;   | c) youngster;   | d) youngest;     |

### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

In November 1963 someone (1) \_\_\_\_\_ President John F. Kennedy when he (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Dallas. He (3) \_\_\_\_\_ later in hospital. The police (4) \_\_\_\_\_ Lee Harvey Oswald. Jack Ruby, a nightclub owner, (5) \_\_\_\_\_ Oswald at the police station. November 22nd was one of the most important days in the modern American history. Most Americans can remember what they were doing when they heard about the news of Kennedy's assassination.

America recognized the 400th anniversary in May, 2007! Colonists (6) \_\_\_\_ at what became Jamestown, Virginia, the first permanent English settlement America, on May 13, 1607. The English (7) \_\_\_ they (8) \_\_\_\_ discover gold, silver, and a trade route to Asia. But their arrival meant trouble for the local Indians. The settlers moved onto the Indians' land, and while the two groups sometimes (9) \_\_ along, they fought when food became scarce. The settlers never found riches or a shortcut to Asia, but they did (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the first representative government in the British colonies.

- |                      |                  |              |                 |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) shoot;         | b) shoots;       | c) shot;     | d) shooting;    |
| 2. a) was visiting;  | b) visited;      | c) visit;    | d) visits;      |
| 3. a) die;           | b) was dying;    | c) dies;     | d) died;        |
| 4. a) catch;         | b) caught;       | c) catches;  | d) was caught;  |
| 5. a) killing;       | b) kills;        | c) kill;     | d) killed;      |
| 6. a) were arriving; | b) arrived;      | c) arrive;   | d) will arrive; |
| 7. a) would hope;    | b) hopes;        | c) hoped;    | d) should hope; |
| 8. a) will;          | b) would;        | c) shall;    | d) should;      |
| 9. a) got;           | b) were getting; | c) have got; | d) would get;   |
| 10. a) created;      | b) creating;     | c) create;   | d) creates;     |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- The speaker ... the audience's attention to the numbers on the screen.
 

a) pulled;	b) got;	c) drew;	d) made;
------------	---------	----------	----------
- I'm in two ... about whether to go to the wedding or not.
 

a) brains;	b) thoughts;	c) minds;	d) heads;
------------	--------------	-----------	-----------
- As the storm started, we saw a huge flash of ....
 

a) thunder;	b) rain;	c) flood;	d) lightning;
-------------	----------	-----------	---------------
- Slow down! I can't ... up with you!
 

a) get;	b) drop;	c) put;	d) keep;
---------	----------	---------	----------
- It's very important in today's world to be able to ... a foreign language.
 

a) say;	b) speak;	c) talk;	d) tell;
---------	-----------	----------	----------
- All the town's drinking water comes from a...a few miles away.
 

a) puddle;	b) pond;	c) bowl;	d) reservoir;
------------	----------	----------	---------------
- I ... sight of the robber just before he disappeared around the corner.
 

a) caught;	b) got;	c) took;	d) had;
------------	---------	----------	---------
- Hugh was quite worried because he hadn't ... for the test.
 

a) studied;	b) examined;	c) read;	d) learnt;
-------------	--------------	----------	------------

9. When we ... at global poverty, it can often feel like we will never solve the problem.  
 a) see;                      b) look;                      c) watch;                      d) observe;
10. One of my favourite actors is Jim Carrey, who has ... in some very funny films.  
 a) played;                      b) acted;                      c) gone;                      d) pretended;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 6 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Dan ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
 a) sleeps;                      b) is sleeping;                      c) has slept;                      d) does sleep;
2. Peter ... a shower at the moment, so could you call back in about half an hour?  
 a) takes;                      b) is taking;                      c) has taken;                      d) has been taking;
3. Jessica ... already left, I'm afraid.  
 a) has;                      b) had;                      c) will have;                      d) have;
4. ... you ever been going to London before?  
 a) Has;                      b) Had;                      c) Have;                      d) Would have;
5. Unfortunately, Simone ... a day off very often.  
 a) doesn't get;                      b) isn't getting;                      c) hasn't got;                      d) hasn't been getting;
6. Why don't you have a go? It ... not difficult!  
 a) should be;                      b) is;                      c) was;                      d) were;
7. Carl ... very good at mountain climbing as he's afraid of heights.  
 a) wouldn't;                      b) wasn't;                      c) isn't;                      d) weren't;
8. There... little chance of our getting into the final.  
 a) was;                      b) is;                      c) would have been;                      d) will be;
9. Rachel ... mad about the Eurovision Song Contest.  
 a) will be;                      b) were;                      c) was;                      d) is;
10. Just ... your best – that's all anyone can ask of you.  
 a) do;                      b) doing;                      c) done;                      d) did;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Each player takes it ... turn to roll the dice.  
 a) on;                      b) in;                      c) at;                      d) to;
2. Just ask them if you can play and I'm sure they'll let you join ....  
 a) up;                      b) in;                      c) off;                      d) to;

3. Our new coach is popular ... the whole team.  
 a) for;                                      b) to;                                      c) by;                                      d) with;
4. The tabloids completely made ... that story about Bruce Willis. It's not true at all!  
 a) out;                                      b) in;                                      c) up;                                      d) over;
5. I know we had an argument, but now I'd quite like to make ....  
 a) down;                                      b) up;                                      c) out;                                      d) in;
6. ... the picture, I can see a woman.  
 a) At;                                      b) In;                                      c) On;                                      d) Into;
7. Vicky is sitting ... a table.  
 a) at;                                      b) on;                                      c) in;                                      d) under;
8. Sara is holding a cup ... her hands.  
 a) at;                                      b) by;                                      c) on;                                      d) in;
9. Peter's feet are ... the table.  
 a) under;                                      b) in;                                      c) on;                                      d) over;
10. Clara is sitting ... a chair.  
 a) on;                                      b) in;                                      c) at;                                      d) under;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Austria is a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ destination for outdoor enthusiasts. Go (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in the Alps, enjoy the hiking trails, cycle along the paths or go (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in its lakes. Yes, lakes. Even though Austria is surrounded by land, the Bodensee is a great water destination. Whatever your (4) \_\_\_\_\_ may be, the fresh air is balm for your soul. Although Vienna is its capital, other cities such as Salzburg, Innsbruck and Linz draw many (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Austria is also known for its influence on the opera and classical music. No trip could be considered complete without watching at least one (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

You will come across (7) \_\_\_\_\_ sites, statues, quaint cafes and restaurants. It's truly a (8) \_\_\_\_\_ city. One of the highlights is including the sweets. The Sachertorte is (9) \_\_\_\_\_ delicious but there are hundreds of their options for you (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) wonderfully;                      b) wonderful;                      c) wonder;                      d) wondering;
2. a) skied;                      b) ski;                      c) skiing;                      d) skis;
3. a) swimming;                      b) swims;                      c) swimmer;                      d) swim;
4. a) choose;                      b) choosy;                      c) chose;                      d) choice;
5. a) touristic;                      b) tourists;                      c) tourist;                      d) tourism;
6. a) performance;                      b) performances;                      c) performed;                      d) perform;
7. a) historically;                      b) historic;                      c) historical;                      d) history;
8. a) romanticize;                      b) romantically;                      c) romantic;                      d) romance;

9. a) completely;                      b) complete;                      c) completeness;                      d) incomplete;  
 10. a) tried;                      b) to try;                      c) trying;                      d) tries;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Ages, eras and wars (1) \_\_\_\_\_ always be defined when they are over, or at least well after they (2) \_\_\_\_\_ started. In the year 1914, for example, no one (3) \_\_\_\_\_: “Tomorrow I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ go and fight in the First World War”. Why not? Because it wasn’t generally called the First World War until the Second World War (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Similarly, no one ever (6) \_\_\_\_\_: “Next year (7) \_\_\_\_\_ be the start of the Industrial Revolution”. The era now known as the Industrial Revolution only started (8) \_\_\_\_\_ called that once it was well under way.

By the time we are old, we will all (9) ... experienced enormous technological advances. We might even (10) ... walking round with computer chips implanted in our bodies.

1. a) shall;                      b) will;                      c) would;                      d) should;  
 2. a) have;                      b) had;                      c) have been;                      d) had been;  
 3. a) say;                      b) says;                      c) said;                      d) have been said;  
 4. a) am going to;                      b) was going to;                      c) will;                      d) should;  
 5. a) started;                      b) starts;                      c) has started;                      d) had started;  
 6. a) said;                      b) says;                      c) shall say;                      d) will say;  
 7. a) shall;                      b) will;                      c) should;                      d) would;  
 8. a) be;                      b) being;                      c) was;                      d) were;  
 9. a) has;                      b) had;                      c) have;                      d) have had;  
 10. a) be;                      b) being;                      c) was;                      d) were;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. Mary seems to go out with a different ... of friends almost every night.  
 a) group;                      b) band;                      c) company;                      d) collection;  
 2. People can become very ... when they are stuck in traffic for a long time.  
 a) nervous;                      b) bad-tempered;                      c) stressful;                      d) pressed;  
 3. More and more people are living into ... age and it’s a serious social problem.  
 a) high;                      b) ancient;                      c) far;                      d) old;  
 4. Stephanie seems to be very ... with her classmates.  
 a) likeable;                      b) famous;                      c) known;                      d) popular;  
 5. My dad says he once met Robbie Williams when he was still ....  
 a) unknown;                      b) hidden;                      c) infamous;                      d) unrelated;  
 6. Do you know who ... the fact that sound travels in waves?  
 a) invented;                      b) developed;                      c) discovered;                      d) found;

7. I'm thinking of getting a fax ....
- a) machine;      b) engine;      c) motor;      d) instrument;
8. The ... of the outbreak of the disease is still unknown.
- a) aim;      b) reason;      c) cause;      d) motive;
9. Ten million text messages are sent on ... every minute.
- a) normal;      b) common;      c) general;      d) average;
10. Shannon doesn't dye her hair, it's ... blonde.
- a) physically;      b) naturally;      c) logically;      d) organically;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 7 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I ... that movie six times this month.
- a) have seen;      b) saw;      c) has seen;      d) will see;
2. If I find your passport, I ... you at once.
- a) will telephone;      b) am telephoning;      c) telephone;      d) telephoned;
3. I'm still ... a letter at this time.
- a) to write;      b) writing;      c) wrote;      d) have written;
4. Who ... exam by 7 o'clock.
- a) take;      b) will take;      c) will have taken;      d) took;
5. Unless it ... considerably altered, the offer will not be accepted.
- a) is;      b) will be;      c) were;      d) was;
6. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.
- a) to do;      b) doing;      c) did;      d) was doing;
7. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week.
- a) had got;      b) was getting;      c) have got;      d) got;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.
- a) to jump;      b) jumped;      c) was jumping;      d) jumping;
9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.
- a) to work;      b) works;      c) was working;      d) worked;
10. I think I am ... really badly in the English test tomorrow.
- a) to do;      b) to be doing;      c) doing;      d) going to do;



## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I demand that you take ... what you said.

- a) back;                      b) off;                      c) out;                      d) over;

2. Do you get ... with your friend?

- a) across;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) along;

3. I arrive ... the station.

- a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) of;

4. I am looking ... my car, have you seen it?

- a) into;                      b) for;                      c) after;                      d) up;

5. We got him ... to the mountains yesterday.

- a) off;                      b) back;                      c) up;                      d) away;

6. I took a job with the goal ... getting some money together.

- a) at;                      b) in;                      c) for;                      d) of;

7. My dad named his boat ... his grandmother.

- a) after;                      b) down;                      c) for;                      d) with;

8. It started to rain so we make ... a nearby farmhouse.

- a) out;                      b) off;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

9. Just a second – I'll look Harry's number ... in the phone book.

- a) up;                      b) down;                      c) into;                      d) out;

10. It seems that the burglars make ... without being seen by dressing as postmen.

- a) out;                      b) off;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

It seems entirely (1) \_\_\_\_ to us that there are teams of scientists in universities and other institutions around the world, attempting to (2) \_\_\_\_ the way the world works. However, it hasn't always been that way. Although the (3) \_\_\_\_ method is now four or five hundred years old, the ancient Greeks, for example, believed that they could work out the causes of natural (4) \_\_\_\_ just by the power of thought. During the 17th century, more and more people began to realize that they could (5) \_\_\_\_ their scientific ideas by designing a relevant (6) \_\_\_\_ and seeing what happened. A lot of (7) \_\_\_\_ was made in this way by individual scientists. These men and women often work alone, carrying out (8) \_\_\_\_ into many different areas of science, and they often received very little (9) \_\_\_\_ for their hard work. At the start of the 20th century, though, it became (10) \_\_\_\_ that science was becoming more complicated and more expensive. The individual scientist disappeared, to be replaced by highly qualified teams of experts. Modern science was born.

1. a) naturally;                      b) natural;                      c) nature;                      d) naturalist;

- |                       |                   |                  |                    |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 2. a) discovered;     | b) discoverer;    | c) discovery;    | d) discover;       |
| 3. a) scientifically; | b) science;       | c) scientific;   | d) scientist;      |
| 4. a) eventful;       | b) eventual;      | c) events;       | d) event;          |
| 5. a) testing;        | b) tests;         | c) tested;       | d) test;           |
| 6. a) experiment;     | b) experimenting; | c) experimental; | d) experimentally; |
| 7. a) development;    | b) developing;    | c) developer;    | d) developed;      |
| 8. a) research;       | b) researching;   | c) researcher;   | d) researched;     |
| 9. a) rewards;        | b) rewarding;     | c) rewarded;     | d) reward;         |
| 10. a) clear;         | b) clearing;      | c) clearly;      | d) clearance;      |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Some criminals become (1) \_\_\_\_\_ for their intelligence and avoid being caught for years. Others are just so stupid that it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ ridiculous. (3) \_\_\_\_\_, for instance, one robber, who decided that he was feeling a little tired half-way through burgling a house. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the uncomfortable bed, he decided to take a nap. It (5) \_\_\_\_\_ seem unbelievable, but he was still asleep when the owners got home! They nervously called the police, who (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to arrest Sleeping Beauty right away! Another humour story is about one of the men who stole (7) a \_\_\_\_\_ camera. He managed (8) \_\_\_\_\_ the tape behind. It was used as evidence in court because, of course, it (9) \_\_\_\_\_ him (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the camera!

- |                          |                  |                 |                  |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. a) have known;        | b) knows;        | c) known;       | d) knowing;      |
| 2. a) seems;             | b) seeming;      | c) seemed;      | d) will seem;    |
| 3. a) Having been taken; | b) Having taken; | c) Taking;      | d) Take;         |
| 4. a) Saw;               | b) Seeing;       | c) Having seen; | d) Seen;         |
| 5. a) may;               | b) might;        | c) can;         | d) could;        |
| 6. a) go;                | b) come;         | c) came;        | d) were coming;  |
| 7. a) secure;            | b) security;     | c) securing;    | d) securities;   |
| 8. a) to leave;          | b) be leaving;   | c) leave;       | d) to have left; |
| 9. a) show;              | b) has shown;    | c) shows;       | d) showed;       |
| 10. a) to have taken;    | b) having taken  | c) take;        | d) taking;       |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. She laughed when she ... the expression on his face.

- |             |             |            |         |
|-------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| a) watched; | b) noticed; | c) looked; | d) saw; |
|-------------|-------------|------------|---------|

2. Keep ... by exercising regularly.

- |             |         |            |          |
|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| a) healthy; | b) fit; | c) strong; | d) fine; |
|-------------|---------|------------|----------|

3. After a few weeks she was feeling ....  
 a) finer;                    b) fitter;                    c) stronger;                    d) healthier;
4. She has a ... appetite.  
 a) fit;                    b) strong;                    c) healthy;                    d) fine;
5. This cold weather isn't very....  
 a) healthy;                    b) strong;                    c) fit;                    d) fine;
6. Let me ... you a nice warm bath and you'll feel a lot better.  
 a) make;                    b) run;                    c) get;                    d) build;
7. When the snake bit Mike in the forest, he knew he was ... serious danger.  
 a) to;                    b) with;                    c) on;                    d) in;
8. Eat your vegetables. They'll ... you good.  
 a) make;                    b) get;                    c) have;                    d) do;
9. The key to losing weight is to ... more exercise.  
 a) get;                    b) make;                    c) go;                    d) create;
10. Try spreading something low fat ... your bread instead of butter  
 a) in;                    b) through;                    c) around;                    d) on;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 8 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. John ... a shower at the moment, so could you call back in about half an hour?  
 a) takes;                    b) is taking;                    c) has taken;                    d) has been taking;
2. ... you ever been to London before?  
 a) Will;                    b) Had;                    c) Have;                    d) Would;
3. I ... to all the local newspapers and TV stations to complain.  
 a) already write;    b) already writing;    c) have already written;    d) am already writing;
4. ... you been watching TV for the last four hours? Turn it off and get some exercise!  
 a) Do;                    b) Are;                    c) Did;                    d) Have;
5. Ben, do you usually ... hockey competitively or just for fun?  
 a) play;                    b) playing;                    c) played;                    d) been playing;
6. That's the first time I ... an answer right today!  
 a) get;                    b) am getting;                    c) have got;                    d) have been getting;
7. Kate has already..., I'm afraid.  
 a) left;                    b) leaving;                    c) been leaving;                    d) being left;

8. Bob ... in the living room while we're redecorating his bedroom.  
 a) sleeps;                    b) is sleeping;                    c) has slept;                    d) does sleep;
9. Unfortunately, Rachel ... a day off very often.  
 a) doesn't get;                    b) isn't getting;                    c) hasn't got;                    d) hasn't been getting;
10. Actually, I ... a cup of tea first thing every morning but then I switch to coffee.  
 a) do drink;                    b) am drinking;                    c) have drunk;                    d) have been drinking;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. Margo wanted to throw ... the old sofa, but her husband couldn't part with it.  
 a) out;                    b) up;                    c) down;                    d) off;
2. Randy always tried to cheer everyone ... on rainy days.  
 a) in;                    b) up;                    c) down;                    d) after;
3. He started to look back ... his life and then decided to take another trip.  
 a) in;                    b) on;                    c) down;                    d) of;
4. The custody battle dragged ... for many months.  
 a) down;                    b) in;                    c) on;                    d) up;
5. Lilly likes to work ... early in the morning so that she's fit for work.  
 a) on;                    b) over;                    c) at;                    d) out;
6. The doctors were really worried about Andrew, but in the end he pulled ....  
 a) up;                    b) out;                    c) through;                    d) off;
7. I wish you wouldn't keep putting me ... in front of other people!  
 a) down;                    b) out;                    c) down to;                    d) away;
8. ... the wake of the ordeal, Juliana said, "If you want to save your life, you have to stay calm".  
 a) On;                    b) At;                    c) In;                    d) With;
9. Much ... the dismay of Juliana, the alligator has since been captured and killed.  
 a) at;                    b) in;                    c) from;                    d) to;
10. For a ten-year-old girl to fight ... an alligator is rare enough.  
 a) at;                    b) off;                    c) down;                    d) away;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Madeira is located in the (1) \_\_\_\_ Atlantic Ocean southwest of Portugal and off the coast of Africa. The island is (2) \_\_\_\_ beautiful with spectacular views and something for everyone. About the only things lacking on Madeira are flat land and (3) \_\_\_\_ beaches. The Madeirans use terraces and bridges to (4) \_\_\_\_ for the flat land and take the short trip to the (5) \_\_\_\_ island of

Porto Santo to sit on sandy beaches. Overall residents of Madeira (6) \_\_\_\_ recognised the importance of tourism as a (7) \_\_\_\_\_ option. Additional analysis examined residents' knowledge about tourism and its (8) \_\_\_\_\_ importance. The (9) \_\_\_\_\_ suggested that it is not possible to determine residents' attitudes towards tourism impacts and its consequences. Demographic variables were (10) to examine their influence on attitudes of residents towards tourism.

- |                     |                 |                    |                    |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) eastern;      | b) east;        | c) easter;         | d) easterly;       |
| 2. a) breathtaking; | b) breathless;  | c) breathtakingly; | d) breathlessly;   |
| 3. a) sand;         | b) sandy;       | c) sanded;         | d) sands;          |
| 4. a) compensatory; | b) compensated; | c) compensation;   | d) compensate;     |
| 5. a) neighbouring; | b) neighbour;   | c) neighbourly;    | d) neighbours;     |
| 6. a) willing;      | b) willingness; | c) willingly;      | d) will;           |
| 7. a) to develop;   | b) develop;     | c) developing;     | d) development;    |
| 8. a) economical;   | b) economic;    | c) economy;        | d) economise;      |
| 9. a) findings;     | b) finds;       | c) founds;         | d) foundlings;     |
| 10. a) select;      | b) selecting    | c) selected;       | d) being selected; |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Everyone (1) \_\_\_\_ that humans have been flying for only a few hundred years. But (2) \_\_\_\_ it possible that ancient civilization also had the ability and technology to fly? In the Nazcan Desert in southern in Southern Peru, there are hundreds of lines which an ancient culture drew in the dust. On the ground, they just (3) \_\_\_\_ like straight lines. But when you (4) \_\_\_\_ them from the air, you (5) \_\_\_\_ exactly what they are. They are incredible and enormous pictures. The pictures (6) \_\_\_\_ animals, birds and symbols.

One bizarre theory, which most mainstream scientists (7) \_\_\_\_ with, is that the people who made the lines thousands and thousands of years ago flew above the lines in balloons. It (8) \_\_\_\_ incredible, but a few people (9) \_\_\_\_ believe (10) \_\_\_\_ possible.

- |                       |                          |                      |                   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) will know;      | b) knows;                | c) would have known; | d) has known;     |
| 2. a) will be;        | b) shall be;             | c) was;              | d) is;            |
| 3. a) will look;      | b) was looking;          | c) look;             | d) has looked;    |
| 4. a) see;            | b) 'll see;              | c) have seen;        | d) sees;          |
| 5. a) 'll understand; | b) understanding;        | c) understood;       | d) understand;    |
| 6. a) include;        | b) was including;        | c) have included;    | d) includes;      |
| 7. a) would disagree; | b) would have disagreed; | c) disagree;         | d) had disagreed; |
| 8. a)'ll seem;        | b) have seemed;          | c) seems;            | d) seemed;        |
| 9. a) do;             | b) to do;                | c) am doing;         | d) does;          |
| 10. a) it'd be;       | b) it'll;                | c) its;              | d) it's;          |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. Tom Lock always struggled to ... in.  
a) match;                      b) suit;                      c) fit;                      d) adjust;
2. In the game, players create avatars in whose guise they spend hours with other players ... battles.  
a) fighting;                      b) setting;                      c) running;                      d) arranging;
3. Alice ... at herself in the mirror.  
a) saw;                      b) looked;                      c) watched;                      d) noticed;
4. Didn't you ... him talking to her earlier?  
a) look;                      b) watch;                      c) notice;                      d) see;
5. Are you feeling ... now after your rest?  
a) finer;                      b) healthy;                      c) fit;                      d) stronger;
6. The ... in the stadium all cheered the athletes.  
a) overseers;                      b) witnesses;                      c) observers;                      d) onlookers;
7. I got a new baseball ... yesterday.  
a) stick;                      b) club;                      c) racket;                      d) bat;
8. After a hard match, United managed to ... with City, 1-1.  
a) equal;                      b) exact;                      c) draw;                      d) score;
9. In this game, the players ... it in turns to throw the dice.  
a) take;                      b) do;                      c) make;                      d) have;
10. It's nice to win, but the important thing is to ... your best.  
a) make;                      b) take;                      c) have;                      d) do;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 9 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Remember me... to the supermarket, won't you?  
a) to go;                      b) going;                      c) go;                      d) be going;
2. I'm not going with you, I ... this film twice.  
a) saw;                      b) seeing;                      c) had seen;                      d) have seen;
3. I'd like to take ... cookery lessons.  
a) on;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) at;
4. The service was so bad that I really felt I had to ... a formal complaint.  
a) do;                      b) make;                      c) get;                      d) put;

5. I ... my teacher.

- a) likes;                      b) like;                      c) have liked;                      d) am liking;

6. They ... a new Porsche to New York last year.

- a) drived;                      b) driven;                      c) drive;                      d) drove;

7. Is ... a safe in your office? Yes, behind the picture.

- a) its;                      b) it;                      c) there;                      d) their

8. His mother looks ... his children.

- a) after;                      b) for;                      c) from;                      d) at

9. Nowadays many processes ...

- a) computerize;                      b) are computerized;                      c) has been computerized;                      d) computerized;

10. The car skidded and I thought we ... crash.

- a) will;                      b) were going to;                      c) would be;                      d) will be;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. David's just broken ... with his girlfriend and he's feeling a bit low.

- a) down;                      b) up;                      c) out;                      d) at;

2. It was a very odd thing how much Clarissa minded ... her parties.

- a) at;                      b) in;                      c) about;                      d) of;

3. But Richard had no notion ... the look of a room.

- a) on;                      b) at;                      c) in;                      d) of;

4. If she worried ... these parties, he would not let her give them.

- a) in;                      b) on;                      c) about;                      d) at;

5. He must be ..., he said, getting up.

- a) off;                      b) out;                      c) away;                      d) by;

6. But he stood for a moment as if he were ... to say something.

- a) about;                      b) in;                      c) out;                      d) for;

7. And there is a dignity ... people

- a) out;                      b) in;                      c) out of;                      d) over;

8. Even ... husband and wife there is a gulf, V. Woolf believes.

- a) between;                      b) among;                      c) through;                      d) at;

9. Her superior attitude really turns me ...

- a) off;                      b) over;                      c) up;                      d) on;

10. If you insist ... taking your case to court you risk losing everything.

- a) to;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) at;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

In summer when it is (1) \_\_\_\_\_ people all over the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the same light clothing. Boys and girls like to wear T-shirts and shorts, sandals with or without socks, (4) \_\_\_\_\_ sport shoes. (5) \_\_\_\_\_ can change from year to year. Shorts can be (6) \_\_\_\_\_ or shorter. T-shirts of different colours, decorated with various (7) \_\_\_\_\_ can come into fashion or go out of fashion. But articles of clothes remain (8) \_\_\_\_\_: for girls — light blouses and skirts, (9) \_\_\_\_\_ with short sleeves or without them at all; for boys — light trousers or shorts and T-shirts. And if you want to look well, remember: what is good at the sports (10) \_\_\_\_\_, is not good at the party.

- |                    |                |                 |                   |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) hottest;     | b) hotter;     | c) hot;         | d) hotly;         |
| 2. a) world;       | b) worlds;     | c) worldly;     | d) worldwide;     |
| 3. a) wears;       | b) wearing;    | c) weary;       | d) wear;          |
| 4. a) light;       | b) lighter;    | c) lightest;    | d) lighted;       |
| 5. a) Fashionable; | b) Fashion;    | c) Fashionably; | d) Unfashionable; |
| 6. a) long;        | b) longest;    | c) longer;      | d) longitude;     |
| 7. a) picturesque; | b) picture;    | c) pictures;    | d) pictured;      |
| 8. a) invariable;  | b) invariably; | c) various;     | d) variety;       |
| 9. a) dress;       | b) dresses;    | c) dressed;     | d) dresser;       |
| 10. a) ground;     | b) grounds;    | c) grounding;   | d) groundless;    |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

There (1) \_\_\_\_\_ four seasons in the year. Each of them (2) \_\_\_\_\_ different weather. If you are (3) \_\_\_\_\_ properly, no weather surprises (4) \_\_\_\_\_ frightful. When it is hot people wear light clothing. (5) \_\_\_\_\_ cold weather (6) \_\_\_\_\_ usually put on warm clothes. If the day is (7) \_\_\_\_\_ people put on raincoats and take umbrellas with them. When you are going to run a (8) \_\_\_\_\_ race, don't put on fur coats or caps. In this case it's sufficient to put on (9) \_\_\_\_\_ warm sport suit, a sweater or a jacket, and a knitted hat, and a soft scarf. If you (10) \_\_\_\_\_ warm mittens or gloves and comfortable sport shoes, you will be all right.

- |                 |              |             |                |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. a) will be;  | b) were;     | c) was;     | d) are;        |
| 2. a) bringing; | b) brings;   | c) bring;   | d) brought;    |
| 3. a) dressed;  | b) dressing; | c) dress;   | d) dresses;    |
| 4. a) were;     | b) was;      | c) will be; | d) be;         |
| 5. a) in;       | b) on;       | c) of;      | d) from;       |
| 6. a) person;   | b) persons;  | c) people;  | d) peoples;    |
| 7. a) rains;    | b) rained;   | c) rain;    | d) rainy;      |
| 8. a) skiing;   | b) ski;      | c) skied;   | d) are skiing; |
| 9. a) an;       | b) a;        | c) the;     | d) to;         |
| 10. a) add;     | b) have add; | c) added;   | d) adds;       |



## V. Choose the correct word.

1. A great deal of information has to be gathered in order to ... the weather.  
a) tell;                      b) foresee;                      c) forecast;                      d) foretell;
2. Don't forget your umbrella – it looks as though it's going to be ... today.  
a) sunny;                      b) wet;                      c) foggy;                      d) windy;
3. We picked up a colourful travel .... at the travel agent`s.  
a) brochure;                      b) handout;                      c) prospectus;                      d) leaflet;
4. No one knows much about her private life because she is quite ....  
a) sociable;                      b) reserved;                      c) sensitive;                      d) shy;
5. ... 150 years before the conquest of England they came to a part of France, opposite England, a part which we now call Normandy.  
a) Every;                      b) Only;                      c) Each of;                      d) Some;
6. They had to ... their lands and property to the invading forces.  
a) abandon;                      b) desert;                      c) vacate;                      d) evacuate;
7. Everyone has the right to good medical care regardless of their ... to pay.  
a) ability;                      b) capability;                      c) capacity;                      d) power;
8. There was nothing ... about her behaviour.  
a) abnormal;                      b) rogue;                      c) deviant;                      d) anomalous;
9. All flights have been ... because of the bad weather.  
a) abolished;                      b) scraped;                      c) canceled;                      d) dismissed;
10. The government plans to ... the pace of reform.  
a) accelerate;                      b) speed;                      c) hasten;                      d) enliven;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 10 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I decided to ... the afternoon in the park.  
a) spend;                      b) have been spending;                      c) have spent;                      d) spent;
2. I think she ... a really happy person because she's always smiling and laughing.  
a) be;                      b) must be;                      c) has been;                      d) been;
3. We've decided ... the race early in the morning before it gets too hot.  
a) to hold;                      b) hold;                      c) held;                      d) been holding;
4. I've joined a gym ... myself fitter.  
a) got;                      b) get;                      c) getting;                      d) to get;

5. If you train too hard, you risk ... yourself before the race.  
 a) been injure;      b) to injure;      c) injuring;      d) been injuring;
6. If I lived near my school, I ... there by bicycle or even on foot.  
 a) would go;      b) going;      c) went;      d) would to go;
7. If we ... any free time during the term, we can organize a school excursion.  
 a) will have;      b) having;      c) have;      d) had;
8. If I ... a computer, I would have to spend all day in front of it.  
 a) buy;      b) have bought;      c) will buy;      d) bought;
9. If we ... a good rest, we will be full of energy and we can do everything better.  
 a) took;      b) take;      c) taken;      d) will take;
10. I'd like to say that if more people ... by bicycle, the atmosphere would be better.  
 a) will travel;      b) travel;      c) travelled;      d) to travel;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. For one would not part ... it oneself.  
 a) to;      b) with;      c) on;      d) through;
2. You are not to part ... your will.  
 a) off;      b) for;      c) out;      d) against;
3. You can do it ... losing your independence.  
 a) without;      b) on;      c) at;      d) of;
4. You can lose your independence and self-respect—something, ... all, priceless.  
 a) after;      b) by;      c) at;      d) up to;
5. He would go ... saying “An hour’s complete rest after luncheon” to the end of time, because a doctor had ordered it once.  
 a) down;      b) off;      c) on;      d) up;
6. It was part of his adorable divine simplicity, which no one had ... the same extent.  
 a) to;      b) on;      c) around;      d) out;
7. She and Peter frittered their time ... bickering.  
 a) out;      b) on;      c) around;      d) away;
8. He was already half-way ... the House of Commons.  
 a) out;      b) to;      c) of;      d) in;
9. She was looking ... his roses.  
 a) in;      b) away;      c) at;      d) up;
10. She cared more ... her roses than for something else.  
 a) for;      b) round to;      c) through;      d) over;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Tasha climbed onto a (1) \_\_\_\_ bus which was going to take her to a nearby village. The (2) \_\_\_\_ seats looked quite (3) \_\_\_\_, so she decided to stand, even though a (4) \_\_\_\_ passenger offered her a seat. As the bus moved through the countryside, it filled with women dressed in bright, (5) \_\_\_\_ clothes on their way to market to do their weekly shopping. ‘This is an (6) \_\_\_\_ experience’, thought Tasha, who was beginning to feel optimistic about her journey. More passengers climbed aboard laughing and chatting, and the noise became (7) \_\_\_\_ . Gradually, the bus grew hotter and Tasha began to feel a little (8) \_\_\_\_ that she might not get to the door when the bus reached her stop. Fortunately, though, a (9) \_\_\_\_ passenger saw her problem and shouted to the other passengers to let her pass and suddenly everyone (10) \_\_\_\_ room for her to get off.

- |                     |                     |                   |                    |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) crowded;      | b) crowding;        | c) crowd;         | d) crowds;         |
| 2. a) wood;         | b) wooden;          | c) woods;         | d) wooded;         |
| 3. a) comfortable;  | b) comfortably;     | c) uncomfortable; | d) uncomfortably;  |
| 4. a) thoughtfully; | b) thoughtful;      | c) thought;       | d) thoughtfulness; |
| 5. a) colourful;    | b) colour;          | c) colouring;     | d) colourless;     |
| 6. a) forgot;       | b) forgetful;       | c) forget;        | d) unforgettable;  |
| 7. a) considerable  | b) inconsiderate    | c) consideration  | d) considerably    |
| 8. a) anxieties;    | b) anxiety;         | c) anxiously;     | d) anxious;        |
| 9. a) sympathise;   | b) sympathetically; | c) sympathetic;   | d) sympathy;       |
| 10. a) made;        | b) home-made;       | c) man-made;      | d) self-made;      |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

On 2<sup>nd</sup> April, our class (1) \_\_\_\_ a break from normal lessons and (2) \_\_\_\_ on a day trip to London. The purpose of our visit (3) \_\_\_\_ to ride on the London Eye in the morning and then do a tour of the Globe Theatre, which (4) \_\_\_\_ Shakespeare’s theatre, in the afternoon. We (5) \_\_\_\_ for about half an hour on the London Eye, which is a giant wheel. Fortunately, the weather was good, so we (6) \_\_\_\_ able to see views across the whole of London. After lunch and a walk along the South Bank, we (7) \_\_\_\_ a guided tour of Shakespeare’s Globe Theatre, where the guide explained how the theatre (8) \_\_\_\_ in Shakespeare’s time and how the theatre works nowadays. The excursion (9) \_\_\_\_ excellent because the two activities (10) \_\_\_\_ extremely interesting and very different, so everyone enjoyed something.

- |                    |                |                |               |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. a) took;        | b) has taken;  | c) was taking; | d) had taken; |
| 2. a) went;        | b) go;         | c) has gone;   | d) are going; |
| 3. a) being;       | b) had been;   | c) was;        | d) has been;  |
| 4. a) being;       | b) was being;  | c) has been;   | d) had been;  |
| 5. a) were riding; | b) was riding; | c) are riding; | d) rode;      |
| 6. a) were;        | b) be;         | c) was;        | d) being;     |

7. a) taken;                      b) take;                      c) took;                      d) to take;  
 8. a) was operating;            b) have operated;            c) were operating;            d) had operated;  
 9. a) has been;                      b) was;                      c) been;                      d) had been;  
 10. a) had been;                      b) were;                      c) has been;                      d) been;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. I always stop for coffee at a café on my ... to work.  
 a) journey;                      b) travel;                      c) trip;                      d) way;  
 2. Liudmyla wants to ... biology at university.  
 a) know;                      b) learn;                      c) study;                      d) teach;  
 3. There aren't many places in this town where you can ... to such good music.  
 a) listen;                      b) heard;                      c) attend;                      d) hark;  
 4. I'm glad to ... you after such a long time.  
 a) watch;                      b) see;                      c) notice;                      d) look;  
 5. I can't ... in such a noisy place.  
 a) teach;                      b) know;                      c) learn;                      d) study;  
 6. She ... to become a psychologist.  
 a) studies;                      b) learns;                      c) knows;                      d) teaches;  
 7. A child ... its first language in three years.  
 a) gets;                      b) teaches;                      c) studies;                      d) learns;  
 8. She hopes to ... them soon.  
 a) notice;                      b) see;                      c) watch;                      d) look;  
 9. We ... a new film yesterday in the theatre.  
 a) watched;                      b) notice;                      c) looked;                      d) see;  
 10. He's linguistically competent, and ... five foreign languages already.  
 a) teaches;                      b) studies;                      c) knows;                      d) learns;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 11 (A)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

1. The box office ... already sold all the tickets by the time I got to the cinema.  
 a) have;                      b) has;                      c) is;                      d) had;  
 2. I'd travel the world if I ... rich.  
 a) am;                      b) became;                      c) become;                      d) were;

3. The computer is said to ... invented hundreds of years ago.  
a) have been;      b) has;                      c) were;                      d) had;
4. Andrea and Silvio's friendship ... when they were students.  
a) start;                      b) starting;                      c) started;                      d) to start;
5. Nobody went to school because it ... such a lovely day.  
a) were;                      b) was;                      c) be;                      d) to be;
6. Mr Connors ... two houses and a villa in the south of France.  
a) owned;                      b) was owning;                      c) were owning;                      d) owning;
7. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
a) to do;                      b) doing;                      c) did;                      d) was doing;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
a) to jump;                      b) jumped;                      c) was jumping;                      d) jumping;
9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
a) to work;                      b) works;                      c) was working;                      d) worked;
10. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!  
a) have got;                      b) was getting;                      c) had got;                      d) got;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. He was born ... 1999.  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) out;                      d) at;
2. I am ... my glasses.  
a) looking for;      b) looking after;      c) looking out;                      d) looking up;
3. It was sunny ... my birthday.  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) of;
4. When did you get....from New York?  
a) back;                      b) down;                      c) in;                      d) on;
5. He was sitting ... the top of the stairs.  
a) up;                      b) down;                      c) at;                      d) on;
6. Just a second – I'll ... Harry's number ... in the phone book.  
a) look up;                      b) let off;                      c) look into;                      d) look out;
7. It seems that the burglars ... without being seen by dressing as postmen.  
a) make out;                      b) make off;                      c) make/head for;                      d) make up for;
8. When the concert was cancelled, my dad took us to the cinema to... for it.  
a) make out;                      b) make off;                      c) make/head for;                      d) make up;

9. My mother named her boat ... her grandmother.

- a) after;                      b) down;                      c) for;                      d) off;

10. It started to rain so we had to... a nearby farmhouse.

- a) make out;                      b) make off;                      c) make/head for;                      d) make up for.

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

My (1) \_\_\_\_ 's Hannah and I am twenty years old. I've got a daughter (2) \_\_\_\_ Nicole. She's (3) \_\_\_\_ three now. I live in a small flat in the city (4) \_\_\_\_\_. It isn't a (5) \_\_\_\_ place to live. It's very (6) \_\_\_\_ and dirty and there is nowhere for Nicole to play. I want to move out of the city and live in the (7) \_\_\_\_\_. But it's very (8) \_\_\_\_ to live there. I will need to earn enough money to buy a house. There aren't many flats for sale in the small villages near here. I will need to buy a car too. That's why I study at college. I'm studying Business. While I am at college, my mum looks after Nicole. My mum really likes spending time with her. In the evening, I work as a (9) \_\_\_\_\_. I clean people's houses. Nicole comes with me. She plays (10) \_\_\_\_\_ with her toys while I work.

1. a) name;                      b) names;                      c) named;                      d) nameless;  
2. a) called;                      b) calls;                      c) calling;                      d) call;  
3. a) nearly;                      b) nearing;                      c) nearby;                      d) nearer;  
4. a) centres;                      b) centre;                      c) centrally;                      d) central;  
5. a) nicest;                      b) nicely;                      c) niceness;                      d) nice;  
6. a) noiseless;                      b) noisy;                      c) noisily;                      d) noise;  
7. a) country;                      b) countries;                      c) countryside                      d) countryman;  
8. a) expensive;                      b) inexpensive;                      c) expensively;                      d) expense;  
9. a) clean;                      b) cleaner;                      c) cleaning;                      d) cleanly;  
10. a) quieten;                      b) quiet;                      c) quietly;                      d) quietness;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

English has without a doubt (1) \_\_\_\_ the second language of Europe and the world. European countries which have most successfully (2) \_\_\_\_ English into daily life are England's neighbours in Northern Europe: Ireland, the Netherlands, Sweden, Norway, and the rest of Scandinavia. The situation (3) \_\_\_\_ so marked that any visitor to the Netherlands (4) \_\_\_\_ soon (5) \_\_\_\_ aware of the pressure of English on daily life: television, radio and print (6) \_\_\_\_ it into every home and the schoolyard conversation of children; advertisers (7) \_\_\_\_ it to pep up their message, journalists (8) \_\_\_\_ refuge in it when their home-bred skills (9) \_\_\_\_ them. Increasingly one (10) \_\_\_\_ the view that Dutch will give way to English as the national tongue within two or three generations.

1. a) became;                      b) become;                      c) becomes;                      d) becoming;  
2. a) assimilated;                      b) had assimilated;                      c) assimilate;                      d) been assimilated;  
3. a) is;                      b) was;                      c) will be;                      d) shall be;

- |                 |                |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 4. a) should;   | b) shall;      | c) would;       | d) will;       |
| 5. a) was;      | b) be;         | c) were;        | d) would be;   |
| 6. a) bringing; | b) bring;      | c) brought;     | d) brings;     |
| 7. a) use;      | b) uses;       | c) would use;   | d) should use; |
| 8. a) takes;    | b) taking;     | c) took;        | d) take;       |
| 9. a) fails;    | b) failed;     | c) fail;        | d) failing;    |
| 10. a) hearing; | b) would hear; | c) should hear; | d) hears;      |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- Students must have ... to good resources.  
a) entry;                      b) access;                      c) admission;                      d) entrance;
- His car was in ... with a motorbike..  
a) accident;                      b) crash;                      c) collision;                      d) wreck;
- She has been a tireless ... against education cuts.  
a) campaigner;                      b) activist;                      c) reformer;                      d) crusader;
- Do you enjoy the hustle and ... of city life?  
a) activity;                      b) action;                      c) rush;                      d) bustle;
- Covent Garden is famous for its street  
a) actors;                      b) entertainers;                      c) performers;                      d) comedians;
- Tobacco is highly ....  
a) obsessive;                      b) compulsive;                      c) addictive;                      d) consuming;
- ... your language to the age of your audience.  
a) adjust;                      b) modify;                      c) amend;                      d) revise;
- They gazed in ... at the beauty of the scene.  
a) admiration;                      b) respect;                      c) awe;                      d) esteem;
- He was forced to ... there might be difficulties.  
a) admit;                      b) recognise;                      c) confess;                      d) concede;
- She shows a ... and sensible attitude.  
a) adult;                      b) mature;                      c) grown;                      d) grown-up;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 12 (A)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

- They ... a new Porsche to New York.  
a) drived;                      b) driven;                      c) drove;                      d) have drove;

2. I didn't know the word so I ... it up.  
 a) asked;            b) looked;            c) wrote;            d) look;
3. I'm looking forward ... you again.  
 a) meet;            b) to meet;            c) for meeting;            d) to meeting;
4. How long ... out with Peter?  
 a) have you gone; b) are you going;            c) have you been going;            d) going;
5. I could have done better if I ... for the test.  
 a) had prepared;    b) would prepare;    c) prepared;            d) prepare;
6. Patrick ... at the stadium until he finds a better job.  
 a) works;            b) is working;            c) used to work;            d) was working;
7. I hope ... a pilot when I grow up.  
 a) become;            b) became;            c) becoming;            d) to become;
8. Ben ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
 a) sleeps;            b) to sleeps;            c) is sleeping;            d) has slept;
9. When you rang, I ... my bike.  
 a) leaned;            b) was cleaning;            c) used to clean;            d) clean out;
10. Dad has to go to ... early tomorrow to meet an important customer.  
 a) work;            b) the work;            c) a work;            d) that work;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. The victims of cruelty and injustice were hunted ... of existence, maimed, frozen.  
 a) on;            b) out;            c) off;            d) in;
2. She could feel nothing ... them.  
 a) at;            b) from;            c) for;            d) to;
3. She had heard Richard say so over and ... again.  
 a) down;            b) off;            c) out;            d) over;
4. Peter was already ... the House of Commons.  
 a) at;            b) on;            c) in;            d) to;
5. He did not see the reasons ... asking Ellie.  
 a) against;            b) about;            c) for;            d) of;
6. Why did she suddenly feel, ... no reason that she could discover, desperately unhappy?  
 a) out;            b) on;            c) in;            d) for;
7. She was a person who has dropped some grain of pearl or diamond ... the grass.  
 a) into;            b) in;            c) to;            d) at;



8. It was not Sally saying that he would never be ... the Cabinet because he had a second-class brain.

- a) on;                      b) in;                      c) at;                      d) over;

9. Happiness came back ... her.

- a) for;                      b) of;                      c) on;                      d) to;

10. She did not mind that; nor was it to do ... Elizabeth either.

- a) from;                      b) at;                      c) with;                      d) in;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Scientists (1) \_\_\_\_ that the youngest language in the world is Afrikaans, spoken by South Africans. Dutch and German Protestants avoided persecution from the Roman Catholic Church in the 17th and 18th centuries to (2) \_\_\_\_ in the Dutch colony of the Cape of Good Hope on the southern point of Africa. By the early 20th century Afrikaans had (3) \_\_\_\_ from Dutch, German and other influences into a (4) \_\_\_\_ independent language with its own dictionaries. It is the third most spoken language in South Africa (Zulu being the most spoken, the Zulu people being the largest ethnic group there).

New languages develop as different cultures meet and (5) \_\_\_\_\_. For instance, about 700 different languages are spoken in London. In some suburbs of big cities (6) \_\_\_\_\_ London and New York, English is now a second language. The same is happening — or has taken place — in cities such as Los Angeles, Miami and Singapore. Already the Internet and mobile phone texting are (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the development of languages as people communicate (8) \_\_\_\_\_ across cultural and regional borders. The smallest country in the world is the Vatican. It also is the only country where Latin is the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ language. Somalia is the only country in the world where all the (10) \_\_\_\_\_ speak one language, Somali.

- |                   |                 |                 |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) argument;   | b) arguably;    | c) argue;       | d) arguable;    |
| 2. a) settled;    | b) settle;      | c) settlement;  | d) settler;     |
| 3. a) developed;  | b) develop;     | c) developer;   | d) developing;  |
| 4. a) full;       | b) fully;       | c) full-scale;  | d) full-time;   |
| 5. a) mixed;      | b) mixer;       | c) mixture;     | d) mix;         |
| 6. a) likeably;   | b) likely;      | c) like;        | d) liken;       |
| 7. a) influence;  | b) influential; | c) influencer;  | d) influencing; |
| 8. a) freely;     | b) free;        | c) freelance;   | d) freelancer;  |
| 9. a) officially; | b) officious;   | c) official;    | d) officialdom; |
| 10. a) citizen;   | b) citizens;    | c) citizenship; | d) city;        |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Whether it (1)\_\_\_\_\_ in print or on television, radio, or billboards, advertising profoundly influences our life. The ads we see, hear, and smell (in the case of open-and-sniff perfume inserts

in magazines) (2) \_\_\_\_ how we feel and what we think about a wide range of products. Companies pay a lot of money to persuade us that their products are the best.

Advertising has a long history in North America. As early as the 1600s, ads were used (3) \_\_\_\_ English settlers to the Colonies. According to historian Daniel Boorstin, these brochures (4) \_\_\_\_ “hopeful overstatements, half-truths, and downright lies...”

In the 1700s famous figures (5) \_\_\_\_ in the advertising business, (6) \_\_\_\_ them Benjamin Franklin, who ran ads in his publications. And with the boom in mass-circulation magazines, the advertising became the powerful force it is today. Television arrived in the 1940s and (7) \_\_\_\_ a new, action-packed advertising medium.

Creating a good ad isn't as (8) \_\_\_\_ as it might seem. One key is to find the right spokesperson. An effective approach is to have the company president speak. Still another option is to create uninviting characters, such as the Speedy Alka-Seltzer fellow, or an (9) \_\_\_\_ parrot (Gillette). A memorable slogan is helpful as well: “I can't (10) \_\_\_\_ I ate the whole thing”; “Where is the beef?”; “You deserve a break today”...

- |                         |                   |                    |                   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) is;               | b) was;           | c) should be;      | d) will be;       |
| 2. a) affecting;        | b) affects;       | c) affect;         | d) affected;      |
| 3. a) attracts;         | b) to attract;    | c) have attracted; | d) will attract;  |
| 4. a) contained;        | b) contains;      | c) containing;     | d) shall contain; |
| 5. a) will be involved; | b) involved;      | c) are involved;   | d) were involved; |
| 6. a) along;            | b) among;         | c) between;        | d) through;       |
| 7. a) will create;      | b) creating;      | c) created;        | d) would create;  |
| 8. a) slight;           | b) easy;          | c) light;          | d) heavy;         |
| 9. a) animate;          | b) animates;      | c) animating;      | d) animated;      |
| 10. a) believed;        | b) have believed; | c) believing;      | d) believe;       |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- The band has gone on tour to ... their new album.  
a) advertise;                      b) promote;                      c) push;                      d) hype;
- Dirty streets and homelessness are no ... for a prosperous society.  
a) advertisement;                      b) publicity;                      c) commercial;                      d) blurb;
- Let me give you a piece of ....  
a) counselling;                      b) tip;                      c) advice;                      d) guidance;
- The professor also acted as a(n) ... to the Department of Education.  
a) adviser;                      b) consultant;                      c) counsellor;                      d) mentor;
- A number of social factors ... life expectancy.  
a) influence;                      b) cause;                      c) involve;                      d) impact;

6. She was ... at the prospect of travelling alone.  
 a) afraid;            b) alarmed;            c) terrified;            d) fearful;
7. A police ... working inside the company had supplied them with the details.  
 a) agent;            b) spy;            c) mole;            d) double agent;
8. It is the most ... nation on earth, and perhaps in all of history.  
 a) aggressive;    b) hostile;            c) militant;            d) warlike;
9. She's a great student – dedicated, hardworking and ....  
 a) ambitious;    b) aggressive;            c) competitive;            d) assertive;
10. The committee unanimously ... the plan.  
 a) receive;            b) accept;            c) approve;            d) consent;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 13 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. They ... doing their homework already.  
 a) 've started;    b) 've been started;    c) started;            d) 've starting;
2. ... you ever met him?  
 a) Have;            b) Has;            c) Had;            d) Did;
3. ... you ... football till 2015?  
 a) Will... have been playing;    b) Will... have been play;    c) Will... playing;    d) Will... been playing;
4. I called Jim too late, he ....  
 a) has already left;    b) had already left;    c) have already left;    d) is already left;
5. ... it ... before he arrived at home?  
 a) Have raining;    b) Has been raining;    c) Had ... been raining;    d) Have ... rain;
6. The homework ... by Mary.  
 a) was prepare;    b) were prepared;    c) was prepared;    d) are prepared
7. They ... work all day and don't get tired.  
 a) can;            b) would;            c) could;            d) should;
8. They landed two hours ago so they ... be here soon.  
 a) can;            b) would;            c) could;            d) should;
9. ... you take care of my kid for a 10 minutes, please?  
 a) Can;            b) Would;            c) Ought;            d) Should;

10. ... you need any help, feel free to contact administrator.

- a) can;                      b) would;                      c) could;                      d) should;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. It was a feeling, some unpleasant feeling, earlier ... the day perhaps.

- a) off;                      b) out;                      c) on;                      d) in;

2. It was something that Peter had said, combined ... some depression of her own.

- a) in;                      b) into;                      c) with;                      d) down;

3. She was in her bedroom, taking ... her hat.

- a) back;                      b) off;                      c) up;                      d) for;

4. And what Richard had said had added ... it.

- a) for;                      b) to;                      c) down;                      d) off;

5. Both ... them criticized her very unfairly.

- a) of;                      b) up;                      c) out;                      d) for;

6. They laughed ... her very unjustly.

- a) at;                      b) on;                      c) with;                      d) of;

7. All of them criticized her ... her parties.

- a) for;                      b) through;                      c) away;                      d) from;

8. They thought, or Peter ... any rate thought, that she enjoyed imposing herself.

- a) at;                      b) in;                      c) from;                      d) of;

9. Clarissa liked to have famous people ... her.

- a) at;                      b) about;                      c) from;                      d) on;

10. She was simply a snob, ... short.

- a) at;                      b) down;                      c) in;                      d) on;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Books can (1)\_\_\_\_\_ almost every need, temper, or interest. Books can be read when you are in the mood; you don't need to do it all the time. Books have an inner confidence which individuals seldom show; they rarely have to be on the defensive. Books can afford to be bold, and courageous, and explanatory; they don't have to be so careful of boards of trustees, colleagues, and community opinion. Books are infinitely (2) \_\_\_\_\_; they run the gamut of all human activities. They can (3)\_\_\_\_\_ every point of view; if you need a different point of view, you can read a different book. Reading is probably the most important (4) \_\_\_\_\_ you need for successful studies. You will have to read lengthy assignments in different subjects with varying degrees of detail and difficulty. If you read (5) \_\_\_\_\_, you will fail to understand some of the (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and ideas you read. If you read slowly, you will have to spend too much time (7) \_\_\_\_\_ your (8) \_\_\_\_\_ and the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ of your work (10) \_\_\_\_\_ suffer.

1. a) fit;                      b) fitting;                      c) fitted;                      d) fits;

- |                    |                  |                  |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2. a) divert;      | b) diversify;    | c) diversity;    | d) diverse;      |
| 3. a) express;     | b) expressively; | c) expressive;   | d) expression;   |
| 4. a) skill;       | b) skilful;      | c) skilfully;    | d) skilled;      |
| 5. a) inaccuracy;  | b) inaccurate;   | c) accuracy;     | d) inaccurately; |
| 6. a) information; | b) informal;     | c) informations; | d) informalities |
| 7. a) to read;     | b) reading;      | c) to have read; | d) to be reading |
| 8. a) tasks;       | b) task;         | c) assignees;    | d) assignments   |
| 9. a) rest;        | b) remains       | c) remainder;    | d) remnants;     |
| 10. a) may;        | b) must;         | c) would;        | d) should;       |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

In a recent press release, Reed Exhibitions announced that the New York Comic Con (1) \_\_\_\_\_ space with the New York Anime Festival in 2010. Although no specific reasons (2) \_\_\_\_\_, this decision could be the result of the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ economy and the continued decline in anime sales. Both shows will maintain separate "space" but share the general floor show and - here's the best part: attendees (4) \_\_\_\_\_ both shows for the price of one. The 2009 New York Comic Con (5) \_\_\_\_\_ place in February. Why does the toucan (6) \_\_\_\_\_ such an enormous beak? The answer, we learned in August, may be that it uses it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ body temperature. Infrared measurement (8) \_\_\_\_\_ just before sleep shows that the bird's long beak -- which can grow to (9) \_\_\_\_\_ of its body size -- gets hotter, (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the bird uses it in the pre-sleep cooling process. At other times, as the external heat rises, so too does the heat of the toucan's beak, while its core body heat stays the same.

- |                     |                 |                |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) would share;  | b) will share;  | c) share;      | d) sharing;     |
| 2. a) were cited;   | b) cited;       | c) cite;       | d) citing;      |
| 3. a) struggling;   | b) struggled;   | c) struggle;   | d) to struggle; |
| 4. a) are enjoying; | b) enjoy;       | c) will enjoy; | d) enjoying;    |
| 5. a) has taken;    | b) took;        | c) is taking;  | d) was taken;   |
| 6. a) has;          | b) had;         | c) having;     | d) have;        |
| 7. a) regulate;     | b) to regulate; | c) regulated;  | d) regulates;   |
| 8. a) taken;        | b) to take;     | c) take;       | d) took;        |
| 9. a) third;        | b) a three;     | c) a third;    | d) three;       |
| 10. a) suggested;   | b) suggest;     | c) suggesting; | d) to suggest;  |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- An official trade agreement was finally... between the two countries.
 

a) agreed;	b) negotiated;	c) concluded;	d) settled;
------------	----------------	---------------	-------------
- They had a(n) ... never to talk about work at home.
 

a) agreement;	b) deal;	c) settlement;	d) arrangement;
---------------	----------	----------------	-----------------

3. We won't all agree, but we need to achieve a degree of ....
- a) identity;                      b) unanimity;                      c) consent;                      d) harmony;
4. The state is still the main provider of ....
- a) aid;                      b) help;                      c) welfare;                      d) relief;
5. A hundred camera lenses were being ... at her.
- a) aim;                      b) focus;                      c) point;                      d) direct;
6. Music filled the night ....
- a) air;                      b) sky;                      c) atmosphere;                      d) airspace;
7. Children quickly learn to distinguish between ... and inanimate motion.
- a) alive;                      b) living;                      c) live;                      d) animate;
8. The professor ... a different task to each of the students.
- a) allocated;                      b) put;                      c) assigned;                      d) allotted;
9. Don't ... it upset you.
- a) allow;                      b) let;                      c) grant;                      d) permit;
10. I've worked here for ... fifty years.
- a) close;                      b) nearly;                      c) virtually;                      d) about;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 14 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Hurry up! The train ....
- a) comes;                      b) is coming;                      c) have come;                      d) has been coming;
2. I ... twelve countries of Europe.
- a) was in;                      b) `ve been in;                      c) `ve been to;                      d) was to;
3. I couldn't ... the job in time.
- a) to be finished;                      b) to finish;                      c) finish;                      d) to be finishing;
4. I felt tears ... down my face.
- a) fall;                      b) to fall;                      c) to be falling;                      d) to have fallen;
5. The concert is about ....
- a) start;                      b) to start;                      c) to be started;                      d) to have started;
6. He was very unhappy in boarding school and ... twice.
- a) ran after;                      b) ran away;                      c) ran for;                      d) ran in;

7. The dollar ... one cent against the euro.

- a) is down;                      b) is up;                      c) is out;                      d) for;

8. I think he must be deaf, the TV ... very loud.

- a) was off;                      b) was out;                      c) was in;                      d) was on;

9. Sofia has been promoted. This calls ... a celebration!

- a) up;                      b) in;                      c) for;                      d) out;

10. He came ... with the flu.

- a) down;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) over;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Richard merely thought it foolish ... her to like excitement.

- a) off;                      b) of;                      c) through;                      d) to;

2. She knew it was bad ... her heart.

- a) up to;                      b) over;                      c) out;                      d) for;

3. "That's what I do it ..., she said, speaking aloud.

- a) for;                      b) with;                      c) to;                      d) about;

4. It became physically existent; with robes of sound from street, blowing ... the blinds.

- a) along;                      b) away;                      c) out;                      d) down;

5. But who was Peter to make ... that life was all plain sailing?

- a) out;                      b) in;                      c) over;                      d) up;

6. He was always ... love with the wrong woman.

- a) over;                      b) in;                      c) on;                      d) up to;

7. She could not imagine them taking the trouble to give a party ... no reason whatever.

- a) from;                      b) for;                      c) of;                      d) with;

8. But to go deeper, what did life mean ... her?

- a) to;                      b) for;                      c) with;                      d) by;

9. To go beneath what people said, ... her own mind now, what did happiness mean?

- a) with;                      b) in;                      c) to;                      d) for;

10. Here was So-and-so ... South Kensington.

- a) away;                      b) in;                      c) through;                      d) at;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

Ben Alexander always struggled to (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in. Teased at school, he (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to the Internet, where he found a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ new world of friends. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to the hugely popular online

game World of Warcraft, he (5) \_\_\_\_ 12 million other people – including the actor Vin Diesel, the (6) \_\_\_\_ Jonathan Ross and his wife Jane Goldman – in a quest reminiscent of Tolkien’s *Lord of the Rings*. He maintains that if all of (7) \_\_\_\_ half a million residents (8) \_\_\_\_ the jeans to (9) \_\_\_\_ walking air filters, the (10) \_\_\_\_ chemical nitrogen oxide in the city would disappear.

- |                    |                 |                 |                  |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. a) fitted ;     | b) fit;         | c) fits;        | d) fitness;      |
| 2. a) turning;     | b) turn;        | c) turned;      | d) turns;        |
| 3. a) wholesome;   | b) wholly;      | c) whole;       | d) wholesale;    |
| 4. a) Subscribing; | b) Subscribe;   | c) Subscribed;  | d) Subscription; |
| 5. a) joins;       | b) joined;      | c) join;        | d) joiner;       |
| 6. a) presenter;   | b) present;     | c) presentable; | d) presentation; |
| 7. a) Sheffield;   | b) Sheffield’s; | c) Sheffields’; | d) Sheffields’s; |
| 8. a) wear;        | b) worn;        | c) wore;        | d) weary;        |
| 9. a) become;      | b) becomes;     | c) became;      | d) becoming;     |
| 10. a) danger;     | b) dangerous;   | c) dangerously; | d) dang;         |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Charles Dickens was born in Portsmouth in 1812 and died in London in 1870. He is buried in Poets` Corner in Westminster Abbey. Dickens spent (1) \_\_\_\_ his life in London and often used to walk (2) \_\_\_\_ ten and twenty miles all over the city when he was (3) \_\_\_\_ to sleep and was thinking about the plot of a new novel. While (4) \_\_\_\_, he used to observe the sights, sounds and smells of London (5) \_\_\_\_ order to write about them. Because of the Industrial Revolution Britain, and especially London, (6) \_\_\_\_ very quickly. An innovative blend of fashion and science (7) \_\_\_\_ in the design of a new technology in jeans that cleans the air. Helen Storey, professor of fashion and science (8) \_\_\_\_ the London College of Fashion, (9) \_\_\_\_ with Dr. Tony Ryan, pro-vicechancellor for the Faculty of Science at the University of Sheffield, to create what could be a ground-breaking solution (10) \_\_\_\_ our environmental problems.

- |                 |                  |                  |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) more of;  | b) most;         | c) the most of;  | d) most of;      |
| 2. a) for;      | b) between;      | c) through;      | d) among;        |
| 3. a) enabled;  | b) enabling;     | c) disable;      | d) unable;       |
| 4. a) walking;  | b) walk;         | c) was walking;  | d) walked;       |
| 5. a) in;       | b) at;           | c) to;           | d) the;          |
| 6. a) growing;  | b) was grown;    | c) grew;         | d) grown;        |
| 7. a) resulted; | b) is resulting; | c) has resulted; | d) had resulted; |
| 8. a) for;      | b) at;           | c) in;           | d) of;           |
| 9. a) team up;  | b) teaming up;   | c) teams up;     | d) teamed up;    |
| 10. a) to;      | b) by;           | c) in;           | d) for;          |



## V. Choose the correct word.

1. It's ... the difference a few polite words make.  
a) awesome;                      b) astonishing;                      c) amazing;                      d) miraculous;
2. ... noted an absence of the violence which had been a feature of previous elections.  
a) Analyst;                      b) Observer;                      c) Critic;                      d) Watcher;
3. She was full of righteous ....  
a) anger;                      b) indignation;                      c) fury;                      d) outrage;
4. The land rises in a gentle ... from the sea to the foot of the mountains.  
a) angle;                      b) gradient;                      c) slope;                      d) grade;
5. She was very ... at the way she had been treated.  
a) angry;                      b) mad;                      c) indignant;                      d) cross;
6. He was ripped apart by wild ... in the forest.  
a) animal;                      b) creature;                      c) being;                      d) beast;
7. What ... him is that there's too little money to spend on the project, and he can't help it.  
a) annoys;                      b) frustrates;                      c) irritates;                      d) displeases;
8. The ... thing was that I only had myself to blame.  
a) annoying;                      b) irritating;                      c) frustrating;                      d) tiresome;
9. I rang the bell, but there was no ....  
a) answer;                      b) reply;                      c) response;                      d) retort;
10. He says that he ... the test.  
a) anticipates;                      b) pre-empts;                      c) forestalls;                      d) forecasts

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 15 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. They discovered writing and singing and at fourteen the group ... their first record deal.  
a) wrote;                      b) got;                      c) took;                      d) brought;
2. Why does the toucan ... such an enormous beak?  
a) has;                      b) had;                      c) have;                      d) having;
3. He is so selfish! It's not easy to get ... with him.  
a) on;                      b) away;                      c) at;                      d) over;
4. Dogs are ... to wolves, which not only have a large neo-cortex, but live in large groups.  
a) descended;                      b) related;                      c) connected;                      d) evolved;

5. I like the way Paul ... jokes, he does it very well.  
 a) says;                    b) speaks;                    c) talks;                    d) tells;
6. I think you're right. He ... by us at least twenty times already.  
 a) have walked;    b) has walked;            c) have been walking;    d) has been walking;
7. She ... this work before you return.  
 a) will have finished;    b) will finished;            c) will have;            d) will have been  
 finished;
8. I ordered the book last week. I don't know if it has arrived ....  
 a) already;            b) still;                    c) always;                    d) yet;
9. I can't find my dictionary. ... I borrow yours, please?  
 a) Can;                    b) Might;                    c) Shall;                    d) Should;
10. I thought that you ... be late.  
 a) will have;            b) will;                    c) would;                    d) would have.

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Here was one in South Kensington; another ... in Bayswater; and somebody else in Mayfair.  
 a) at;                    b) near;                    c) by;                    d) up;
2. It was an offering ... the sake of offering, perhaps.  
 a) at;                    b) in;                    c) for;                    d) to;
3. Nothing else had she ... the slightest importance; could not think, write, even play the piano.  
 a) of;                    b) at;                    c) in;                    d) after;
4. She loved success; hated discomfort; talked oceans ... nonsense.  
 a) of;                    b) off;                    c) out;                    d) over;
5. She must be liked; and ... this day, ask her what the Equator was, and she did not know.  
 a) away;                    b) to;                    c) off;                    d) up;
6. All the same, that one should wake ... in the morning; see the sky; then these roses; it was enough.  
 a) for;                    b) up;                    c) with;                    d) on;
7. No one ... the whole world would know how she had loved it all.  
 a) at;                    b) by;                    c) in;                    d) on;
8. For the Dalloways, ... general, were fair-haired; blue-eyed.  
 a) on;                    b) in;                    c) at;                    d) by;
9. Elizabeth, ... the contrary, was dark.  
 a) with;                    b) at;                    c) on;                    d) at;

10. She had Chinese eyes ... a pale face; an Oriental mystery; was gentle, considerate, still.

- a) down;                      b) on;                      c) off;                      d) in;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Many centuries ago bears, wolves, lynx, etc. (1) \_\_\_\_ the forests and woodlands. Also wild boar, elk and aurochs (wild bulls) were plentiful. However, although some of these (2) \_\_\_\_ hung on till medieval times, most of these animals were long gone by that time. The last English wolf in England was (3) \_\_\_\_ killed and the population extinct by the 16th century, although in Wales it is thought to have lasted a few centuries (4) \_\_\_\_\_. The great herds of aurochs did not (5) \_\_\_\_ nearly as long and were (6) \_\_\_\_ gone as early as the 9th Century, although on the continent it lasted for many, many more centuries. There was an even bigger size herding animal in Britain in the early (7) \_\_\_\_\_. The Giant deer species called Megaloceros, with an antler span of up to 3 metres; it was possibly (8) \_\_\_\_ by the time Neolithic man was making wooden (9) \_\_\_\_\_. But the antlers were often (10) \_\_\_\_\_, and perhaps used for digging with.

- |                    |                  |                 |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. a) range;       | b) ranged;       | c) ranger;      | d) rangy;        |
| 2. a) specify;     | b) specifically; | c) specific;    | d) species;      |
| 3. a) probably;    | b) probation;    | c) probability; | d) probable;     |
| 4. a) longer;      | b) long;         | c) longest;     | d) longitude;    |
| 5. a) lasts;       | b) lasting;      | c) last;        | d) lastly;       |
| 6. a) sadden;      | b) sadness;      | c) sad;         | d) sadly;        |
| 7. a) century;     | b) centuries;    | c) Eurocentric; | d) central;      |
| 8. a) extinct;     | b) extinction;   | c) extinguish;  | d) extinguisher; |
| 9. a) stockade;    | b) stockades;    | c) stock;       | d) stockdove;    |
| 10. a) foundation; | b) founder;      | c) found;       | d) foundations;  |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

The Harry Potter movie (1) \_\_\_\_ box office records in the US and Canada, taking \$168m over its opening weekend. Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows: Part 2 had already made \$92.1m on its opening day, said the film's distributor, Warner Bros. The previous opening weekend record (2) \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ Batman film The Dark Knight, (4) \_\_\_\_ took \$ 10 m. The Potter film is the eighth movie in the hugely popular franchise. Fans around the world (5) \_\_\_\_ for hours to be among the first to see the film, which was based on the second part of JK Rowling's seventh and final book in the series. Most cinemas (6) \_\_\_\_ the film in 3D, which slightly increased the ticket price. The Potter film series has so far earned more than £4bn worldwide, not (7) \_\_\_\_ the final film's takings so far. Internationally, the film had taken \$157.5m by Friday. "A billion dollars (8) \_\_\_\_ going to happen," said Dan Fellman, head of domestic distribution at Warner Bros. It (9) \_\_\_\_ 10 years since the first movie in the series, Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone, (10) \_\_\_\_ released.

- |                   |                 |                   |                  |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) shatters;   | b) shattered;   | c) has shattered; | d) shatter;      |
| 2. a) hold;       | b) was held;    | c) held;          | d) will be held; |
| 3. a) by;         | b) on;          | c) with;          | d) over;         |
| 4. a) when;       | b) which;       | c) what;          | d) who;          |
| 5. a) will queue; | b) queues;      | c) queue;         | d) queued;       |
| 6. a) shall show; | b) was showing; | c) were showing;  | d) will show;    |
| 7. a) include;    | b) includes;    | c) included;      | d) including;    |
| 8. a) was;        | b) is;          | c) were;          | d) will be;      |
| 9. a) has been;   | b) had been;    | c) was;           | d) will be;      |
| 10. a) was;       | b) were;        | c) will be;       | d) has been;     |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. Mark showed no ... signs of distress.
 

a) apparent;	b) outward;	c) purported;	d) superficial;
--------------	-------------	---------------	-----------------
2. Something huge and black ... out of the mist.
 

a) appeared;	b) turned;	c) showed;	d) loomed;
--------------	------------	------------	------------
3. I don't like the ... of that guy.
 

a) appearance;	b) look;	c) manner;	d) air;
----------------	----------	------------	---------
4. She felt a desperate ... to be loved.
 

a) appetite;	b) longing;	c) wish;	d) craving;
--------------	-------------	----------	-------------
5. She has recently been ... to the committee.
 

a) appointed;	b) elected;	c) named;	d) nominated;
---------------	-------------	-----------	---------------
6. They don't seem to ... honesty very highly.
 

a) appreciate;	b) value;	c) admire;	d) treasure;
----------------	-----------	------------	--------------
7. The animals were reared in conditions which ... the wild as closely as possible.
 

a) approach;	b) touch;	c) approximate;	d) border on sth;
--------------	-----------	-----------------	-------------------
8. The Assembly voted against ... of constitutional reform.
 

a) approval;	b) acceptance;	c) agreement;	d) favour;
--------------	----------------	---------------	------------
9. The course is ... by the Department for Education.
 

a) approved;	b) confirmed;	c) recognised;	d) upheld;
--------------	---------------	----------------	------------
10. John is the London ... manager.
 

a) area;	b) region;	c) part;	d) zone;
----------	------------	----------	----------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 16 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- Ian ... a shower at the moment, so could you call back in about half an hour?  
a) takes;                      b) is taking;                      c) has taken;                      d) has been taking;
- ... to Ipswich before?  
a) Do you ever go;    b) Are you ever going;    c) Have you ever been;    d) Have you ever been going;
- I ... to all the local newspapers and TV stations to complain.  
a) already write;    b) already writing;    c) have already written;    d) have already been writing;
- ... TV for the last four hours? Turn it off and get some exercise!  
a) Do you watch;    b) Are you watching;    c) Watched you;                      d) Have you been watching;
- Eric, ... hockey competitively or just for fun?  
a) do you usually play;    b) are you usually playing;    c) have you usually played;    d) have you usually been playing;
- That's the first time ... an answer right today!  
a) I get;                      b) I am getting;                      c) I have got;                      d) I have been getting;
- Jessica has ... left, I'm afraid.  
a) already;                      b) yet;                      c) still;                      d) so far;
- Dan ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
a) sleeps;                      b) is sleeping;    c) has slept;                      d) does sleep;
- Unfortunately, Simone ... a day off very often.  
a) doesn't get;    b) isn't getting;    c) hasn't got;                      d) hasn't been getting;
- Actually, I ... a cup of tea first thing every morning but then I switch to coffee.  
a) do drink;                      b) am drinking;                      c) have drunk;                      d) have been drinking;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- As a child, she had had a perfect sense ... humour.  
a) of;                      b) up;                      c) for;                      d) with;
- Now ... seventeen, she had become very serious.  
a) on;                      b) at;                      c) in;                      d) over;
- She could not ... the least understand; she had become like a hyacinth which has had no sun.  
a) on;                      b) in;                      c) down;                      d) up;

4. She stood quite still and looked ... her mother.  
 a) below;                    b) on;                            c) at;                            d) above;
5. Miss Kilman in her mackintosh was listening ... whatever they said.  
 a) on;                            b) over;                            c) at;                            d) to;
6. She did not,... all, dress to please.  
 a) for;                            b) at;                            c) after;                            d) before;
7. Otherwise she would not be taking jobs ... rich people, who liked to be kind.  
 a) from;                            b) for;                            c) about;                            d) of;
8. She came ... the most worthless of all classes – the rich, with a smattering of culture.  
 a) with;                            b) out of;                            c) from;                            d) of;
9. They had expensive things everywhere; pictures, carpets, lots ... servants.  
 a) from;                            b) out of;                            c) in;                            d) of;
10. She considered that she had a perfect right ... anything that they did for her.  
 a) at;                            b) to;                            c) for;                            d) about;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

It is (1) \_\_\_\_ that the Neolithic (2) \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ with peoples already (4) \_\_\_\_ or taking over, came from the continent and brought their (5) \_\_\_\_ animals; cattle, (6) \_\_\_\_ dogs and cats, pigs and also goats with them and built the wooden stockades to protect them. In Saxon England land was (7) \_\_\_\_ from the forest and a large communal area was used for farming; this was divided into strips called furrows. However by Medieval times the rich landlords had claimed a lot of land and planted hedges to (8) \_\_\_\_ their boundaries. This may have meant farming was easier, but for the poor it meant they were beggared and (9) \_\_\_\_, as the loss of their land meant the loss of their livelihoods. Land by the Thames was taken from the people in medieval times and given over to sheep farmers for the trading of wool, which by then had become an important industry that provided (10) \_\_\_\_ for the crown.

1. a) thought;                    b) thoughts;                    c) thoughtful;                    d) thoughtfully;
2. a) settlement;                    b) settler;                    c) settlers;                    d) settled;
3. a) mingle;                    b) mingling;                    c) mingled;                    d) mingles;
4. a) presently;                    b) presentation;                    c) presentable;                    d) present;
5. a) own;                    b) owner;                    c) ownership;                    d) owing;
6. a) domestic;                    b) domesticate;                    c) domesticated;                    d) domesticity;
7. a) clearing;                    b) clearance;                    c) clear;                    d) cleared;
8. a) marks;                    b) mark;                    c) marked;                    d) markedly;
9. a) starve;                    b) starving;                    c) starvation;                    d) starved;
10. a) incomer;                    b) incoming;                    c) income;                    d) income-tax;

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

If this theory about parallel universes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ correct, it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ that we're living in more than one universe at the same time. But if that (3) \_\_\_\_\_ true – if I was doing different things in different universes – (4) \_\_\_\_\_ about it. And if I (5) \_\_\_\_\_ about it, how could it be me doing these things? If I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the lottery last year in a parallel universe, and decided to sail round the world, how is that 'me'? It doesn't make sense.

And another thing. If I do something, it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ consequences. For example, if I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ study, I might not pass my exams. I can't start thinking about different universes where the consequences are different. If I just (9) \_\_\_\_\_ about the universe I actually live in, then I'm sure (10) \_\_\_\_\_ okay!

- |                      |                    |                     |                 |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) will be;       | b) is;             | c) would have been; | d) has been;    |
| 2. a) has meant;     | b) meant;          | c) had meant;       | d) means;       |
| 3. a) will be;       | b) was being;      | c) were;            | d) has been;    |
| 4. a) I'd know;      | b) I'll know;      | c) I have known;    | d) I know;      |
| 5. a) wouldn't know; | b) don't know;     | c) won't know;      | d) didn't know; |
| 6. a) had won;       | b) was winning;    | c) have won;        | d) win;         |
| 7. a) would have;    | b) would have had; | c) will have;       | d) had had;     |
| 8. a) won't;         | b) haven't;        | c) don't;           | d) hadn't;      |
| 9. a) think;         | b) to think;       | c) am thinking;     | d) have thought |
| 10. a) I'd be;       | b) I've been;      | c) I'd have been;   | d) I'll be;     |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- Tom Lock always struggled to ... in.  
a) match;                      b) suit;                      c) fit;                      d) adjust;
- In the game, players create avatars in whose guise they spend hours with other players ... battles.  
a) fighting;                      b) setting;                      c) running;                      d) arranging;
- Alice ... at herself in the mirror.  
a) saw;                      b) looked;                      c) watched;                      d) noticed;
- Didn't you ... him talking to her earlier?  
a) look;                      b) watch;                      c) notice;                      d) see;
- Are you feeling ... now after your rest?  
a) finer;                      b) healthier;                      c) fitter;                      d) stronger;
- The ... in the stadium cheered the athletes.  
a) watchers;                      b) witnesses;                      c) spectators;                      d) onlookers;
- I got a new baseball ... yesterday.  
a) stick;                      b) club;                      c) racket;                      d) bat;

8. After a hard match, United managed to ... with City, 1-1.  
 a) equal;                      b) exact;                      c) draw;                      d) score;
9. In this game, the players ... it in turns to throw the dice.  
 a) take;                      b) do;                      c) make;                      d) have;
10. It's nice to win, but the important thing is to ... your best.  
 a) make;                      b) take;                      c) have;                      d) do;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 17 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If I were you, I ... travel on my own.  
 a) shouldn't;                      b) wouldn't;                      c) must;                      d) can't;
2. What ... your best experience since you left home?  
 a) has been;                      b) was;                      c) were;                      d) had been;
3. My mother never ... me help her with the cooking when I lived at home.  
 a) gave;                      b) empowered;                      c) enabled;                      d) let;
4. We'd be lost if we ... a map with us.  
 a) hasn't;                      b) didn't have;                      c) have;                      d) has;
5. How did you ... about the changes to the schedule?  
 a) know;                      b) knew;                      c) have;                      d) known;
6. It's a great idea, but ... it will work?  
 a) are you think;                      b) do you think;                      c) you think;                      d) you do think;
7. My sister ... part in ice-skating competitions almost every weekend.  
 a) takes;                      b) is taking;                      c) taken;                      d) took;
8. Tony,... got time to call Mrs. Roberts?  
 a) do you have;                      b) you have;                      c) are you;                      d) have you;
9. He has only ... got home.  
 a) ever;                      b) since                      c) yet;                      d) just;
10. Unfortunately, Victor ... a day off very often.  
 a) doesn't get;                      b) isn't;                      c) hasn't got;                      d) hasn't been getting;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. They turned her ... because she would not pretend that the Germans were all villains.  
 a) over;                      b) up;                      c) out;                      d) away;



2. And ... all, she could read history.  
 a) after;                      b) out;                      c) away;                      d) up;
3. Mr. Dalloway had come ... her working for the friends.  
 a) in;                      b) across;                      c) for;                      d) of;
4. He had allowed her (and that was really generous ... him) to teach his daughter history.  
 a) of;                      b) out;                      c) after;                      d) up;
5. Also she did a little Extension lecturing and so ....  
 a) up;                      b) down;                      c) into;                      d) on;
6. She pitied and despised them ... the bottom of her heart.  
 a) of;                      b) from;                      c) at;                      d) in;
7. She stood on the soft carpet, looking ... the old engraving of a little girl with a muff.  
 a) in;                      b) through;                      c) at;                      d) on;
8. With all this luxury going ..., what hope was there for a better state of things?  
 a) from;                      b) away;                      c) in;                      d) on;
9. Instead ... lying on a sofa—Elizabeth had said—she should have been in a factory.  
 a) for;                      b) of;                      c) off;                      d) in;
10. Bitter and burning, Miss Kilman had turned ... a church two years three months ago.  
 a) away;                      b) into;                      c) in;                      d) from;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

There are many (1) \_\_\_\_ kinds of computer games. Casual games are quick and easy to play. People can pick up and play the game whenever they have a (2) \_\_\_\_ minute or two. You can find them on your (3) \_\_\_\_ phone, on your computer and even on your television. They include (4) \_\_\_\_ games like Solitaire and Tetris.

Other (5) \_\_\_\_ of game are serious games. These games are designed to teach players something useful. One of the (6) \_\_\_\_ running serious games is the Microsoft Flight Simulator. It was made in 1982, and since then, many (7) \_\_\_\_ have used it to learn to fly planes. Other games teach police and fire fighters what to do in a(n) (8) \_\_\_\_\_.

Language learning software does not typically fall into this (9) \_\_\_\_, however. These are educational games. In recent years, an (10) \_\_\_\_ number of games has been created to improve the player's skills and knowledge.

1. a) differ;                      b) different;                      c) difference;                      d) differently;  
 2. a) spare;                      b) spared;                      c) spares;                      d) sparing;  
 3. a) mobilize;                      b) mobilization;                      c) mobility;                      d) mobile;  
 4. a) popularize;                      b) popularity;                      c) popular;                      d) popularly;

- |                    |                  |                |               |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 5. a) type;        | b) types;        | c) typed;      | d) typing;    |
| 6. a) longing;     | b) long;         | c) longer;     | d) longest;   |
| 7. a) pilot-house; | b) pilotage;     | c) pilot;      | d) pilots;    |
| 8. a) emergency;   | b) emerge;       | c) emergence;  | d) emergent;  |
| 9. a) groups;      | b) group;        | c) grouping;   | d) groupment; |
| 10. a) increase;   | b) increasingly; | c) increasing; | d) increases; |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Easter Island is a small triangle of rock situated in the Pacific Ocean. It's about 2,000 miles (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the nearest city. Easter Island is (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for its statues. Hundreds of these huge, stone faces (3) \_\_\_\_\_ be found all over the island. Who made them? How (4) \_\_\_\_\_ they move these giant pieces of rock? What happened (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the people who lived there? Studies show that people (6) \_\_\_\_\_ arrived on the island about 1600 years ago. They had a very advanced culture. They made many objects and they had their (7) \_\_\_\_\_ written language. However, the number of people on the island grew and grew (8) \_\_\_\_\_ it reached about 10,000 people. Soon there were too many people and there wasn't (9) \_\_\_\_\_ food to eat. A terrible war started and (10) \_\_\_\_\_ of the statues were broken.

- |                 |                 |              |                |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. a) for;      | b) from;        | c) on;       | d) by;         |
| 2. a) imported; | b) interesting; | c) famous;   | d) fascinating |
| 3. a) would;    | b) should;      | c) can;      | d) may;        |
| 4. a) have;     | b) were;        | c) had;      | d) did;        |
| 5. a) to;       | b) with;        | c) about;    | d) for;        |
| 6. a) once;     | b) first;       | c) just;     | d) already;    |
| 7. a) only;     | b) own;         | c) clever;   | d) self;       |
| 8. a) so;       | b) until;       | c) although; | d) because;    |
| 9. a) many;     | b) some;        | c) to;       | d) enough;     |
| 10. a) many;    | b) few;         | c) lot;      | d) enough;     |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- Public ... institutions ... have much to learn from private sector companies.
 

a) sector;	b) field;	c) domain;	d) subject;
------------	-----------	------------	-------------
- Children are always ... over one insignificant matter or another.
 

a) arguing;	b) quarreling;	c) bickering;	d) fighting;
-------------	----------------	---------------	--------------
- I don't want to pick a(n)... with her.
 

a) argument;	b) strife;	c) struggle;	d) quarrel;
--------------	------------	--------------	-------------
- He was able to see both sides of the ....
 

a) argument;	b) case;	c) defence;	d) plea;
--------------	----------	-------------	----------

5. He was a young man of ... birth.  
 a) aristocratic;      b) noble;                      c) posh;                                      d) upper-class;
6. It is a computer programme that helps you to ... data efficiently.  
 a) arrange;                      b) manage;                      c) organize;                                      d) align;
7. Medical ... were operating in the disaster area.  
 a) army;                      b) force;                      c) units;                                      d) contingent;
8. The allied troops have ... over 600 enemy soldiers.  
 a) arrested;                      b) caught;                      c) imprisoned;                                      d) captured;
9. Her ... was a complete surprise.  
 a) arrival;                      b) appearance;                      c) coming;                                      d) advent;
10. The first ... are going through immigration control now.  
 a) arrivals;                      b) newcomers;                      c) entrants;                                      d) latecomers;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 18 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I ... already bought the computer game when I saw it was cheaper in another shop.  
 a) have;                      b) has;                      c) is;                                      d) had;
2. I'd travel the world if I ... rich.  
 a) am;                      b) became;                      c) become;                                      d) were;
3. The computer is said to ... invented hundreds of years ago.  
 a) have been;                      b) has;                      c) were;                                      d) had;
4. Andrea and Silvio's friendship ... when they were students.  
 a) start;                      b) starting;                      c) started;                                      d) to start;
5. Nobody went to school because it ... such a lovely day.  
 a) were;                      b) was;                      c) be;                                      d) to be;
6. Mr Connors ... two houses and a villa in the south of France.  
 a) owned;                      b) was owning;                      c) were owning;                                      d) owning;
7. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
 a) to do;                      b) doing;                      c) did;                                      d) was doing;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
 a) to jump;                      b) jumped;                      c) was jumping;                                      d) jumping;

9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.

- a) to work;      b) works;      c) was working;      d) worked;

10. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!

- a) have got;      b) was getting;      c) have got;      d) got;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. She herself when alone in the evening found comfort ... a violin.

- a) in;      b) on;      c) out;      d) at;

2. The hot and turbulent feelings which boiled and surged ... her had been assuaged as she sat there.

- a) for;      b) after;      c) in;      d) up;

3. She had wept copiously, and gone to call ... Mr. Whittaker.

- a) for;      b) on;      c) at;      d) of;

4. He was ... his private house in Kensington.

- a) at;      b) down;      c) in;      d) on;

5. So now, whenever the hot and painful feelings boiled ... her, she thought of him.

- a) up;      b) down;      c) within;      d) on;

6. Rage was succeeded ... calm.

- a) by;      b) off;      c) into;      d) out;

7. She was standing formidable ... the landing in her mackintosh.

- a) out;      b) upon;      c) for;      d) up for;

8. She looked ... steady and sinister serenity at him..

- a) out;      b) off;      c) for;      d) with;

9. When is your family coming ... to join the daughter?

- a) out;      b) with;      c) for;      d) from;

10. She turned her large gooseberry-coloured eyes ... Clarissa.

- a) on;      b) off;      c) upon;      d) up for;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

International (1) \_\_\_\_\_ might become (2) \_\_\_\_\_, and the economy would (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to a (4) \_\_\_\_\_. Even though NASA is (5) \_\_\_\_\_ a (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to this asteroid, it's a (7) \_\_\_\_\_ cry from returning the asteroid back to Earth. The technology (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to bring something that big back doesn't (9) \_\_\_\_\_ yet. So far the best solution is to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ pieces of it off and send them towards Earth.

1. a) currencies;      b) currency;      c) current;      d) currently;

- |                  |                |              |                 |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 2. a) worthless; | b) worthwhile; | c) worthy;   | d) worthier;    |
| 3. a) grind;     | b) grinder;    | c) grinding; | d) ground;      |
| 4. a) halts;     | b) halt;       | c) halter;   | d) halted;      |
| 5. a) sends;     | b) sent;       | c) sender;   | d) sending;     |
| 6. a) probes;    | b) probe;      | c) probing;  | d) probed;      |
| 7. a) farther;   | b) farthest;   | c) far;      | d) further;     |
| 8. a) required;  | b) require;    | c) requires; | d) requirement; |
| 9. a) exists;    | b) exist;      | c) existing; | d) existence;   |
| 10. a) broke;    | b) broken;     | c) break;    | d) breakage;    |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

English (1) \_\_\_\_\_ without a doubt become the second language of Europe and the world. European countries which (2) \_\_\_\_\_ most successfully English into daily life are England's neighbours in Northern Europe: Ireland, the Netherlands, Sweden, Norway, and the rest (3) \_\_\_\_\_ of Scandinavia. The situation is so (4) \_\_\_\_\_ that any visitor to the Netherlands will soon be (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of the pressure of English on daily life: television, radio and print (6) \_\_\_\_\_ it into every home and the schoolyard (7) \_\_\_\_\_ of children; advertisers use it to (8) \_\_\_\_\_ up their message, journalists take refuge in it when their home-bred skills (9) \_\_\_\_\_ them. Increasingly one hears the (10) \_\_\_\_\_ that Dutch will give way to English as the national tongue within two or three generations.

- |                     |                  |                  |                     |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) have;         | b) has;          | c) had;          | d) will have;       |
| 2. a) have;         | b) had;          | c) has;          | d) should have;     |
| 3. a) assimilated;  | b) assimilate;   | c) assimilates;  | d) has assimilated; |
| 4. a) plain;        | b) open;         | c) blatant;      | d) marked;          |
| 5. a) ignorant;     | b) aware;        | c) oblivious;    | d) acquainted;      |
| 6. a) guide;        | b) bring;        | c) shift;        | d) haul;            |
| 7. a) conversation; | b) head-to-head; | c) consultation; | d) dialogue;        |
| 8. a) life;         | b) energy;       | c) enthusiasm;   | d) pep;             |
| 9. a) succeed;      | b) fall;         | c) fail;         | d) fizzle;          |
| 10. a) feeling;     | b) posture;      | c) judgement;    | d) view;            |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. Your breakfast is to ... soon!

- |             |          |          |          |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|
| a) deliver; | b) come; | c) land; | d) show; |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|

2. Did you see her ... about the Internet in the paper today?

- |           |          |           |            |
|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|
| a) entry; | b) lead; | c) piece; | d) column; |
|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|

3. All we could hear were loud sobs, but no ... words.  
 a) articulate;      b) fluent;      c) eloquent;      d) coherent;
4. We sprayed ... snow over the trees to make it look like winter.  
 a) artificial;      b) synthetic;      c) false;      d) fake;
5. I think it's time we ... legal advice.  
 a) asked;      b) sought;      c) were requesting;      d) applied;
6. In this ... we are very fortunate.  
 a) aspect;      b) side;      c) respect;      d) dimension;
7. Power has been handed over to provincial and regional ....  
 a) assemblies;      b) councils;      c) parliaments;      d) congresses;
8. He submitted his latest novel for ....  
 a) assessment;      b) acknowledgement;      c) review;      d) appraisal;
9. Swimming is a good form of ....  
 a) assignment;      b) project;      c) homework;      d) exercise;
10. A statement was read to reporters by a White House ....  
 a) assistant;      b) aide;      c) helper;      d) henchman;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 19 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. We ... by taxi, bus, plane and train – all in the last twenty-four hours!  
 a) have travelled;      b) travelled;      c) has travelled;      d) will travel;
2. If I find your passport, I ... you at once.  
 a) am telephoning;      b) 've telephoned;      c) will telephone;      d) telephoned;
3. I ... a letter at this time.  
 a) to write;      b) am still writing;      c) wrote;      d) have written;
4. Who ... the exam by 7 o'clock?  
 a) take;      b) will take;      c) will have taken;      d) took;
5. Unless it ... considerably altered, the offer will not be accepted.  
 a) is;      b) will be;      c) won't be;      d) was;
6. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
 a) to do;      b) doing;      c) did;      d) was doing;

7. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!  
 a) have got;                      b) was getting;                      c) have got;                      d) got;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
 a) to jump;                      b) jumped;                      c) was jumping;                      d) jumping;
9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
 a) to work;                      b) works;                      c) was working;                      d) worked;
10. I think I am ... really badly in the English test tomorrow.  
 a) to do;                      b) does;                      c) doing;                      d) going to do;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. You have trifled your life ....  
 a) away;                      b) off;                      c) out;                      d) over;
2. And there rose ... her an overmastering desire to overcome her; to unmask her.  
 a) above;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) in;
3. If only she could make her weep; could ruin her; humiliate her; bring her ... her knees!  
 a) in;                      b) on;                      c) to;                      d) off;
4. This woman had taken her daughter ... her!  
 a) to;                      b) from;                      c) after;                      d) up to;
5. She is ... touch with invisible presences!  
 a) off;                      b) back;                      c) out of;                      d) in;
6. She was heavy, ugly, commonplace, ... kindness or grace.  
 a) on;                      b) out of;                      c) within;                      d) without;
7. She knows the meaning ... life.  
 a) of;                      b) down;                      c) for;                      d) off;
8. Her knowledge of modern history was thorough ... the extreme.  
 a) out;                      b) off;                      c) in;                      d) up for;
9. She did it ... her meagre income.  
 a) out of;                      b) off;                      c) into;                      d) out;
10. She set aside so much for causes she believed ....  
 a) out;                      b) in;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

If the asteroid has water, it might be a good place for a deep space (1) \_\_\_\_ station. But (2) \_\_\_\_ is not on NASA's (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Their goal is to (4) \_\_\_\_ more about how planets are (5) \_\_\_\_\_.

According to NASA's (6) \_\_\_\_, this asteroid is unique. NASA has visited worlds made of rock, worlds made of ice, and worlds made of gas. This would be the first time they would (7) \_\_\_\_ one made of metal. "This is what (8) \_\_\_\_ Programme (9) \_\_\_\_ are all about," he said. "(10) \_\_\_\_ going to places we've never been to enable groundbreaking science."

- |                     |                |                |                |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. a) refuel;       | b) refuelling; | c) refuels;    | d) refuelled;  |
| 2. a) minefield;    | b) miner;      | c) mines;      | d) mining;     |
| 3. a) minder;       | b) mindful;    | c) mind;       | d) mindless;   |
| 4. a) learning;     | b) learns;     | c) learn;      | d) learner;    |
| 5. a) creative;     | b) creation;   | c) create;     | d) created;    |
| 6. a) employee;     | b) employer;   | c) employment; | d) employ;     |
| 7. a) visitor;      | b) visits;     | c) visit;      | d) visited;    |
| 8. a) Discovery;    | b) Discover;   | c) Discovers;  | d) Discovered; |
| 9. a) missionaries; | b) missionary; | c) mission;    | d) missions;   |
| 10. a) Boldly;      | b) Bold;       | c) Boldness;   | d) Bold-faced; |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

I love (1) \_\_\_\_ rugby. I started playing the game at school when I (2) \_\_\_\_ just nine years old. It was compulsory to do a sport three afternoons a week, and in winter the boys (3) \_\_\_\_ to play rugby. I immediately found I enjoyed it, despite not (4) \_\_\_\_ as big as other boys my age. However, I was quite athletic, so I (5) \_\_\_\_ often run past my opponents and score points by being more agile than them.

Although it's quite a rough game with complicated rules, it keeps you fit because you (6) \_\_\_\_ to run for 80 minutes, so you also (7) \_\_\_\_ to train several times a week. For people who are competitive and enjoy (8) \_\_\_\_ in a team, it's great fun. You (9) \_\_\_\_ play it at any level, but if you want to win a trophy, you'll need someone to coach you so that you learn the best tactics and learn effectively together.

Although you can sometimes get hurt, I (10) \_\_\_\_ recommend the game to anyone who enjoys ball games, running and keeping fit.

- |                  |             |                   |                       |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. a) to play;   | b) plays;   | c) playing;       | d) having played;     |
| 2. a) was;       | b) were;    | c) will;          | d) should;            |
| 3. a) have had;  | b) has;     | c) have;          | d) had;               |
| 4. a) have been; | b) being;   | c) has been;      | d) having been;       |
| 5. a) could;     | b) can;     | c) would;         | d) will;              |
| 6. a) will have; | b) had;     | c) have;          | d) has;               |
| 7. a) has;       | b) have;    | c) having played; | d) have been playing; |
| 8. a) playing;   | b) to play; | c) play;          | d) having played;     |
| 9. a) should;    | b) will;    | c) would;         | d) can;               |
| 10. a) should;   | b) might;   | c) shall;         | d) would;             |



## V. Choose the correct word.

1. You need to be able to convey the subtle ... of meaning of each word.  
a) association;      b) connotation;      c) overtone;      d) nuance;
2. There was a(n) ... of mutual respect between them.  
a) atmosphere;      b) climate;      c) mood;      d) tone;
3. He ... the shelf to the wall.  
a) attached;      b) tied;      c) fixed;      d) glued;
4. The ... force comprised 6 000 heavily armed troops.  
a) aggression;      b) strike;      c) invasion;      d) raid;
5. Police have reported a series of racist ....  
a) attacks;      b) rapes;      c) assays;      d) attempts;
6. I had a sudden ... of energy and cleaned the house from top to bottom.  
a) outburst;      b) burst;      c) bout;      d) flurry;
7. The lion crouches ready to ....  
a) beat;      b) assault;      c) mug;      d) strike;
8. He ordered his troops to ... the enemy lines.  
a) raid;      b) attack;      c) storm;      d) charge;
9. The factories were closed in a(n) ... to cut costs.  
a) attempt;      b) effort;      c) try;      d) go;
10. ... to a meeting and see what you think.  
a) Attend;      b) Arrive;      c) Attend;      d) Come along;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 20 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I ... my assignment as soon as I got home from the University.  
a) doing;      b) to do;      c) was doing;      d) did;
2. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
a) was jumping;      b) jumped;      c) jumping;      d) to jump;
3. Mr Connors ... two houses and a villa in the south of France.  
a) owned;      b) were owning;      c) was owning;      d) owning;
4. She's away on a business ....  
a) travel;      b) voyage;      c) journey;      d) trip;

5. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
 a) worked;            b) works;            c) was working;            d) to work;
6. If she ... English better, she would read English books in the original.  
 a) know;            b) known;            c) knew;            d) had known;
7. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!  
 a) get;            b) got;            c) have got;            d) was getting;
8. My brother ... a new car recently.  
 a) has bought;    b) have bought;    c) has buy;            d) has been buying;
9. If I ... you, I should study better.  
 a) were;            b) was;            c) am;            d) be;
10. Did you ... that noise just now?  
 a) listen to;            b) listen;            c) hear;            d) hear to;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. They didn't turn ... the heating even when it was very cold.  
 a) down;            b) on;            c) up;            d) into;
2. Well done! Keep ... the good work.  
 a) from;            b) up;            c) on;            d) in;
- 3 How can we go ... solving this problem?  
 a) about;            b) along;            c) into;            d) on;
4. Mary and Paul broke ... last week.  
 a) out;            b) in;            c) down;            d) up;
5. It started to rain so we made ... a nearby farmhouse.  
 a) off            b) up for            c) make/head for            d) out;
6. My father works ... a factory.  
 a) on;            b) in;            c) at;            d) of;
7. By the time we ... to the hotel, Mary had already left.  
 a) got back;            b) got up;            c) got on;            d) got at;
8. It seems that the burglars ... without being seen by dressing as postmen.  
 a) make out;            b) make up for;            c) make/head for ;            d) make off;
9. Excuse me! I am looking ... Mr. Wilson.  
 a) up;            b) for;            c) after;            d) out;
10. Our plane takes ... at 1 p.m.  
 a) up;            b) out;            c) off;            d) after;

### III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

Lions are the (1) \_\_\_\_ of the jungle, but in Botswana a gang of (2) \_\_\_\_ are (3) \_\_\_\_ gender roles upside down in the name of female power. Scientists are (4) \_\_\_\_ about why five lionesses in Botswana have (5) \_\_\_\_ manes and are acting like males. These females are (6) \_\_\_\_ like lions, (7) \_\_\_\_ marking like lions and even trying to mate with other females. The (8) \_\_\_\_ are baffled.

Normally, male lions use their (9) \_\_\_\_ hairy manes and (10) \_\_\_\_ roars to warn off rivals and attract mates.

- |                   |                |                    |                 |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) kings;      | b) king;       | c) kingdom;        | d) king-size;   |
| 2. a) lion;       | b) lions;      | c) lionesses;      | d) lioness;     |
| 3. a) turned;     | b) turns;      | c) turn;           | d) turning;     |
| 4. a) confused;   | b) confuse;    | c) confuses;       | d) confusing;   |
| 5. a) grown;      | b) growing;    | c) growth;         | d) grown-up;    |
| 6. a) roar;       | b) roaring;    | c) roars;          | d) roared;      |
| 7. a) scent;      | b) scents;     | c) scented;        | d) scentless;   |
| 8. a) expertly;   | b) expertise;  | c) expert;         | d) experts;     |
| 9. a) impression; | b) impressive; | c) impressionable; | d) impressions; |
| 10. a) loud;      | b) loudly;     | c) loudness;       | d) aloud;       |

### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Nick and I had our first big row last night – all about our vacation. It was horrible. We shouted at each other! He told me that it (1) \_\_\_\_ my fault that we (2) \_\_\_\_ to Turkey and that it (3) \_\_\_\_ a fortune and (4) \_\_\_\_ the worst holiday he had ever had. I said there was nothing wrong with Kemer, it was very beautiful, but the travel firm (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Their brochure (6) \_\_\_\_ all kinds of things about the hotel and it (7) \_\_\_\_ lies. I told him that (8) \_\_\_\_ to blame me and I started crying. Nick said he was sorry and that he (9) \_\_\_\_ that it wasn't my fault really. He said that he would go to the travel agency first thing in the morning and that he (10) \_\_\_\_ them about everything that would feel.

- |                      |                   |                   |                      |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a) is;            | b) was;           | c) had been;      | d) has been;         |
| 2. a) had gone;      | b) go;            | c) are going;     | d) went;             |
| 3. a) costs;         | b) cost;          | c) had cost;      | d) would cost;       |
| 4. a) was;           | b) has been;      | c) had been;      | d) been;             |
| 5. a) was to blame;  | b) were to blame; | c) is to blame;   | d) are to blame;     |
| 6. a) had promised;  | b) promised;      | c) was promising; | d) has promised;     |
| 7. a) was all;       | b) all was;       | c) all had been;  | d) had all been;     |
| 8. a) have no right; | b) had no right;  | c) has no right;  | d) has had no right; |
| 9. a) know;          | b) knows;         | c) knew;          | d) had known;        |
| 10. a) tells;        | b) tell;          | c) would tell;    | d) will tell.        |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. She began to show a great ... in politics.  
a) attention;                      b) interest;                      c) notice;                      d) concentration;
2. He has a pretty optimistic ... of life.  
a) attitude;                      b) view;                      c) perspective;                      d) position;
3. The show attracted millions of ....  
a) audiences;                      b) viewers;                      c) supervisors;                      d) listeners;
4. His tone was clear and ....  
a) authoritarian;                      b) authoritative;                      c) autocratic;                      d) bossy;
5. His visit facilitates ... of diplomatic relations between the countries.  
a) the authorities;                      b) bureaucracy;                      c) the establishment;                      d) the system;
6. The new model goes ... next month.  
a) with sale;                      b) from sale;                      c) sailing;                      d) on sale;
7. It doesn't require special skills, just ... common sense.  
a) average;                      b) simple;                      c) ordinary;                      d) plain;
8. I left early to ... the rush hour.  
a) avoid;                      b) boycott;                      c) shun;                      d) steer clear;
9. World peace is the greatest ... of all.  
a) award;                      b) prize;                      c) reward;                      d) title;
10. She didn't seem ... of the danger.  
a) aware;                      b) conscious;                      c) mindful;                      d) alert to sth;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 21 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space

1. I ... a car, which is more expensive than this one.  
a) had bought;                      b) have bought;                      c) bought;                      d) should buy;
2. There ... some books on the shelves.  
a) isn't;                      b) are;                      c) aren't;                      d) is;
3. When I was a teenager I ... a lot. But I don't do it now.  
a) smoke;                      b) was smoking;                      c) used to smoke;                      d) smoked;
4. She ... us tomorrow.  
a) will call;                      b) calls;                      c) call;                      d) called;

5. Oh, we don't have any bread at home. I ... go and buy some.  
 a) am having;      b) have;                      c) have to;                      d) will have;
6. I am busy at the moment. I ... an important email.  
 a) am writing;      b) writing;                      c) write;                      d) wrote;
7. ... you ever ... to Turkey?  
 a) Has ... been;      b) Have ... be to;      c) Have ... been;      d) Have been to;
8. Next month I will go on holiday. When I ... on holiday, I ... to Paris.  
 a) went, will fly;      b) go, would fly;      c) go, will fly;      d) gone, will fly;
9. She thanked me for ... her a lift.  
 a) gave;                      b) to give;                      c) giving;                      d) give;
10. He ... too much.  
 a) talk;                      b) talking;                      c) talks;                      d) is talking;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I have a meeting ... 9 am.  
 a) at;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) between;
2. Do you think we will go to Jupiter ... the future?  
 a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) under;
3. Do you work ... Mondays?  
 a) at;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) under;
4. She is moving in ... the beginning of January.  
 a) on;                      b) in;                      c) at;                      d) under;
5. After a stressful day at work I cannot sleep ... night.  
 a) on;                      b) at;                      c) in;                      d) under;
6. I've learned this poem just ... two hours.  
 a) between;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) in;
7. The dinner will be served ... 10 minutes.  
 a) in;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) between;
8. My next lesson is ... Friday  
 a) it;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) under;
9. My birthday is ... the 16th of May  
 a) on;                      b) it;                      c) at;                      d) under;
10. I am meeting my friends ... Friday evening.  
 a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) under;

### III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

(1) \_\_\_\_, female lionesses in the wild have sometimes (2) \_\_\_\_ manes and acted like males. The five lionesses in Botswana have given (3) \_\_\_\_ the (4) \_\_\_\_ to study the process up close.

Sussex University's Geoffrey Gilfillan began studying a large female who had a small mane in March 2014. Mr. Gilfillan (5) \_\_\_\_, "She became much more male-like in her (6) \_\_\_\_\_. She began scent-marking and (7) \_\_\_\_\_." The lioness was also seen (8) \_\_\_\_ the cubs of another group of lions. While males are known to kill the young of other groups, this is not the case (9) \_\_\_\_ females. Four other lionesses have since grown manes and (10) \_\_\_\_ her behaviour.

1. a) Strange;                      b) Stranger;                      c) Strangely;                      d) Strangeness;
2. a) grown;                      b) growth;                      c) growing;                      d) grow;
3. a) scientist;                      b) science;                      c) scientists;                      d) scientific;
4. a) chances;                      b) chance;                      c) chanced;                      d) chancellor;
5. a) explanation;                      b) explained;                      c) explanatory;                      d) explicable;
6. a) behaviour;                      b) behave;                      c) behavioural;                      d) behaved;
7. a) roared;                      b) roars;                      c) roar;                      d) roaring;
8. a) kill;                      b) kills;                      c) killing;                      d) killer;
9. a) with;                      b) in;                      c) by;                      d) off;
- 10 a) copy;                      b) copies;                      c) copying;                      d) copied;

### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer

Homing pigeons (1) \_\_\_\_ for their uncanny internal compass, yet a new study reveals that sometimes the birds get home the same way we do: They follow the roads. Tim Guilford and Dora Biro at (2) \_\_\_\_ Oxford University followed pigeons in Oxford over a three-year period, using tiny tracking devices equipped with global positioning system technology (3) \_\_\_\_ by Swiss and Italian colleagues. What they discovered was surprising. Within ten kilometers of home, the pigeons relied less on their well-known talents for decoding the sun's position or deciphering the Earth's magnetic field (4) \_\_\_\_ them navigate. Instead they opted for a habitual route that followed linear features in the landscape, such as roads, rivers, railways, and hedge lines – even when it wasn't the most direct way home. "It was almost comical," says Guilford. "One pigeon followed a road to a roundabout, then exited onto a major road that led to a second roundabout. Others flew down the River Thames, only to make a (5) \_\_\_\_ turn at a bridge." Guilford suggests that sticking to (6) \_\_\_\_, linear route may actually make homing more reliable – and easier. "It made me smile to see it," says Guilford. "You can imagine yourself flying along a road doing the same thing." The 19th-century Scottish engineer Robert Stevenson, who was active in designing early lighthouses, (7) \_\_\_\_ for an alternative colour to white – most lighthouses had a white beacon – when he built a lighthouse near to one that already existed, because he was afraid ships (8) \_\_\_\_ be able to tell which was which. Of the light sources and (9) \_\_\_\_ glasses available at the time, he found that red was a particularly intense light, meaning it (10) \_\_\_\_ from the greatest distance.

- |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) were known; | b) known;         | c) are known;     | d) knowing;       |
| 2. a) England's;  | b) the England's; | c) the England;   | d) England;       |
| 3. a) developing; | b) is developed;  | c) developed;     | d) was developed; |
| 4. a) helping;    | b) to help;       | c) helps;         | d) helped;        |
| 5. a) distinct;   | b) distinction;   | c) distinctly;    | d) distinctive;   |
| 6. a) memories;   | b) memorably;     | c) memorial;      | d) memorized;     |
| 7. a) has looked; | b) looked;        | c) looking;       | d) looks;         |
| 8. a) haven't;    | b) won't;         | c) hadn't;        | d) wouldn't;      |
| 9. a) colourful;  | b) colours;       | c) colourfully;   | d) coloured;      |
| 10. a) could see; | b) being seen;    | c) could be seen; | d) can see;       |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. A strike would hit public services and be politically ... for the government.
 

a) damaging;	b) destructive;	c) negative;	d) harmful;
--------------	-----------------	--------------	-------------
2. Hard work never ... anyone.
 

a) damages;	b) hurts;	c) harms;	d) impairs;
-------------	-----------	-----------	-------------
3. Predicting the weather is a ... business for farmers.
 

a) dangerous;	b) hazardous;	c) risky;	d) unsafe;
---------------	---------------	-----------	------------
4. She said it as loudly as she ....
 

a) dared;	b) braved;	c) ventured;	d) hazarded;
-----------	------------	--------------	--------------
5. It was ... outside and he couldn't see much.
 

a) dark;	b) black;	c) shady;	d) shadowy;
----------	-----------	-----------	-------------
6. The ... clouds in the sky meant that a storm was coming.
 

a) dark;	b) rich;	c) deep;	d) warm;
----------	----------	----------	----------
7. A person's intelligence is based on both ... and environmental factors.
 

a) natural;	b) genetic;	c) intuitive;	d) instinctive;
-------------	-------------	---------------	-----------------
8. Her face was deep in ..., so I turned away from him.
 

a) dark;	b) the dark;	c) shadow;	d) shade;
----------	--------------	------------	-----------
9. You can refer to somebody as 'the ... of the universe' when they are very popular.
 

a) darling;	b) honey;	c) love;	d) baby;
-------------	-----------	----------	----------
10. He was woken shortly before ...
 

a) the star;	b) the sun;	c) first light;	d) daybreak;
--------------	-------------	-----------------	--------------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 22 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- I ... the coach tickets by now.  
a) have booked;                      b) was booked;                      c) had booked;                      d) booked;
- If I were you, I ... travel on my own.  
a) shouldn't;                      b) wouldn't;                      c) must;                      d) can't;
- We'd be lost if we ... a map with us.  
a) hasn't;                      b) didn't have;                      c) have;                      d) has;
- My mother never ... me help her with the cooking.  
a) gives;                      b) allows;                      c) enables;                      d) lets;
- Unfortunately, Victor ... a day off very often.  
a) doesn't get;                      b) isn't;                      c) hasn't got;                      d) hasn't been getting;
- My sister ... part in ice-skating competitions almost every weekend.  
a) takes;                      b) is taking;                      c) taken;                      d) took;
- How did you ... about the changes to the schedule?  
a) know;                      b) knew;                      c) have;                      d) known;
- He has only ... got home.  
a) ever;                      b) since;                      c) yet;                      d) just;
- It's a great idea, but ... it will work?  
a) are you think;                      b) do you think;                      c) you think;                      d) you do think;
- Tony, ... got time to call Mrs. Roberts?  
a) do you have;                      b) you have;                      c) are you;                      d) have you;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- So they were going ... the Stores.  
a) in;                      b) to;                      c) for;                      d) at;
- Miss Kilman stood there ... the power and taciturnity of some prehistoric monster.  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) with;
- ... this dwindling of the monster, Clarissa laughed.  
a) At;                      b) On;                      c) To;                      d) For;
- ... they went together, Miss Peters and Elizabeth, downstairs.  
a) Up;                      b) Down;                      c) Into;                      d) Off;



5. She did it ... a sudden impulse.  
 a) in;                                      b) up;                                      c) with;                                      d) away;
6. Carrie leant ... the banisters.  
 a) in;                                      b) over;                                      c) for;                                      d) of;
7. She cried ... "Remember the party! Remember our party to-night!"  
 a) of;                                      b) over;                                      c) out;                                      d) off;
8. Ellie was going back ... the drawing-room, tingling all over.  
 a) off;                                      b) into;                                      c) in;                                      d) out;
9. She disappeared again ... the background.  
 a) of;                                      b) into;                                      c) in;                                      d) at;
10. There was a man, charming, clever, with ideas ... everything.  
 a) about;                                      b) out;                                      c) after;                                      d) up;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Easter Island is a small triangle of rock situated in the Pacific Ocean. It's about 2,000 miles (1) \_\_\_\_ the nearest city. Easter Island is (2) \_\_\_\_ for its statues. Hundreds of these huge, stone faces can be (3) \_\_\_\_ all over the island. Who made them? How (4) \_\_\_\_ they move these giant pieces of rock? What happened (5) \_\_\_\_ the people who lived there? Studies show that people (6) \_\_\_\_ arrived on the island about 1600 years ago. They had a very advanced culture. They made many objects and they had their (7) \_\_\_\_ written language. However, the number of people on the island grew and grew (8) \_\_\_\_ it reached about 10,000 people. Soon there were too many people and there wasn't (9) \_\_\_\_ food to eat. A terrible war started and (10) \_\_\_\_ of the statues were broken.

1. a) Eastern;                                      b) Easter;                                      c) East;                                      d) Easterly;
2. a) fame;                                      b) famously;                                      c) famous;                                      d) famed;
3. a) founder;                                      b) foundation;                                      c) found;                                      d) foundations;
4. a) movement;                                      b) movable;                                      c) moved;                                      d) move;
5. a) first;                                      b) firstly;                                      c) first-class;                                      d) first-hand;
6. a) arrive;                                      b) arrived;                                      c) arrival;                                      d) arrives;
7. a) owner;                                      b) own;                                      c) owing;                                      d) ownership;
8. a) writing;                                      b) written;                                      c) write;                                      d) writer;
9. a) reaching;                                      b) reaches;                                      c) reach;                                      d) reached;
10. a) food;                                      b) foodie;                                      c) foods;                                      d) foodstuff;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

There are (1) \_\_\_\_ different kinds of computer game. Casual games are quick and easy to play. People can pick up and play the game (2) \_\_\_\_ they have a spare minute or two. You can

find (3) \_\_\_\_ on your mobile phone, on your computer and even on your television. They include popular games (4) \_\_\_\_ Solitaire and Tetris. (5) \_\_\_\_ type of game is serious games. These games are designed to teach players something useful. One of the (6) \_\_\_\_ running serious games is the Microsoft Flight Simulator. It was made in 1982, and since then, many (7) \_\_\_\_ have used it to learn to fly planes. Other games teach police and fire fighters what do in a(n) (8) \_\_\_\_\_.

Language learning software does not typically fall into this (9) \_\_\_\_, however. These are educational games. In recent years, an (10) \_\_\_\_ number of games have been created to improve the player's skills and knowledge.

- |                  |                 |                |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) lots;      | b) many;        | c) much;       | d) most;        |
| 2. a) whenever;  | b) during;      | c) while;      | d) since;       |
| 3. a) their;     | b) it;          | c) its;        | d) them;        |
| 4. a) example;   | b) as;          | c) like;       | d) such;        |
| 5. a) another;   | b) other;       | c) different;  | d) such;        |
| 6. a) oldest;    | b) popular;     | c) greater;    | d) longest;     |
| 7. a) poets;     | b) stewards;    | c) pensioners; | d) pilots;      |
| 8. a) emergency; | b) security     | c) safety;     | d) disadvantage |
| 9. a) game;      | b) group;       | c) system;     | d) way;         |
| 10. a) increase; | b) increasingly | c) increasing; | d) increases;   |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- It was a beautiful ..., with not a cloud in the sky.
 

a) day;	b) morning;	c) afternoon;	d) noon;
---------	-------------	---------------	----------
- He was shot ... by a gunman outside his home.
 

a) dead;	b) late;	c) deceased;	d) lifeless;
----------	----------	--------------	--------------
- They are a leading ... of computers in the UK.
 

a) dealer;	b) trader;	c) supplier;	d) seller;
------------	------------	--------------	------------
- They were glad to be back in their ... country.
 

a) dear;	b) beloved;	c) precious;	d) prized;
----------	-------------	--------------	------------
- There has been much ... on the issue of childcare.
 

a) debate;	b) conflict;	c) dispute;	d) controversy;
------------	--------------	-------------	-----------------
- The company has announced net ... of \$1.5 million.
 

a) debt;	b) loss;	c) liability;	d) debit;
----------	----------	---------------	-----------
- Eight months after Hoover's ... came the Wall Street Crash.
 

a) debut;	b) initiation;	c) inauguration;	d) introduction;
-----------	----------------	------------------	------------------
- This was another ... performance by the team.
 

a) decent;	b) solid;	c) respectable;	d) sound;
------------	-----------	-----------------	-----------

9. It's up to you to ....

- a) decide;                      b) choose;                      c) determine;                      d) elect;

10. During our meeting, he ... his willingness to cooperate.

- a) pronounced;                      b) declared;                      c) indicated;                      d) annunciated;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 23 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If you ... in love, nothing else matters.

- a) were;                      b) was;                      c) are;                      d) is;

2. I'd like to say that if more people ... by bicycle, the atmosphere would be better.

- a) will travel;                      b) travelled;                      c) to travel;                      d) would travel;

3. If I lived near my school, I ... there by bicycle or even on foot.

- a) went;                      b) going;                      c) would to go;                      d) would go;

4. If we ... a good rest, we will be full of energy and we can do everything better.

- a) take;                      b) taken;                      c) took;                      d) will take;

5. If we ... any free time during the term, we can organize a school excursion.

- a) having;                      b) have;                      c) will have;                      d) had;

6. If I ... a computer, I would have to spend all day in front of it.

- a) bought;                      b) buy;                      c) will buy;                      d) have buy;

7. I've joined a gym ... myself fitter.

- a) got;                      b) to get;                      c) getting;                      d) get;

8. I think she ... a really happy person because she's always smiling and laughing.

- a) be;                      b) has been;                      c) been;                      d) must be;

9. We've decided ... the race early in the morning before it gets too hot.

- a) hold;                      b) to hold;                      c) held;                      d) been holding;

10. I decided to ... the afternoon in the park.

- a) spent;                      b) have been spending;                      c) spend;                      d) have spent;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. My doctor has advised me to cut ... on fat.

- a) down;                      b) on;                      c) off;                      d) up;

2. The fridge gets hot next to the cooker because the cooker gives ... a lot of heat.

- a) up;                      b) off                      c) in;                      d) away;

3. Let's get the taxi driver to drop us ... outside the supermarket.  
 a) of;                                      b) out;                                      c) off;                                      d) in;
4. I can't wait until the next Harry Potter book comes ....  
 a) to;                                      b) on;                                      c) around;                                      d) out;
5. My brother and I used to get ... lots of things our parents didn't know about when were young.  
 a) through;                                      b) round to;                                      c) up to;                                      d) over;
6. Just fill ... this form and then hand it in at reception.  
 a) at;                                      b) in;                                      c) around;                                      d) on;
7. I put ... so much weight over Christmas.  
 a) off;                                      b) through;                                      c) forward;                                      d) on;
8. I hear she's working ... a new project.  
 a) of;                                      b) at;                                      c) on;                                      d) in;
9. As I got to college, I knew that I would have to make ... an excuse for being late.  
 a) up;                                      b) at;                                      c) off;                                      d) out;
10. When did you get ... from holiday?  
 a) up to;                                      b) at;                                      c) by;                                      d) back;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Shakespeare died over 400 years ago, but his words live on in everyday English (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Even (2) \_\_\_\_\_ English speakers who don't know his (3) \_\_\_\_\_, use (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ playwright (6) \_\_\_\_\_ over 400 years ago.

Shakespeare had a unique (7) \_\_\_\_\_ into what makes us (8) \_\_\_\_\_. We often hear his words in the news. Take for example the strange tale of British (9) \_\_\_\_\_ Amanda Rodgers. When the 46-year-old remarried, the ceremony was rather unusual. The life partner of her (10) \_\_\_\_\_ was a dog named Sheba.

- |                      |                  |                    |                    |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) conversations; | b) conversation; | c) conversational; | d) converse;       |
| 2. a) native;        | b) nativity;     | c) native-born;    | d) native-grasses; |
| 3. a) player;        | b) playing;      | c) plays;          | d) played;         |
| 4. a) idiocy;        | b) idiomatic;    | c) idiom;          | d) idioms;         |
| 5. a) fame;          | b) famed;        | c) famously;       | d) famous;         |
| 6. a) coined;        | b) coins;        | c) coin;           | d) coinage;        |
| 7. a) sighting;      | b) sight;        | c) insight;        | d) sights;         |
| 8. a) ticker;        | b) ticking;      | c) ticks;          | d) tick;           |
| 9. a) divorce;       | b) divorcee;     | c) divorced;       | d) divorcement;    |
| 10. a) dream;        | b) dreams;       | c) dreamt;         | d) daydream;       |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

On 2<sup>nd</sup> April, our class (1) \_\_\_\_ a break from normal lessons and (2) \_\_\_\_ on a day trip to London. The purpose of our visit (3) \_\_\_\_ to ride on the London Eye in the morning and then do a tour of the Globe Theatre, which (4) \_\_\_\_ Shakespeare's theatre, in the afternoon. We (5) \_\_\_\_ for about half an hour on the London Eye, which is a giant wheel. Fortunately, the weather was good, so we (6) \_\_\_\_ able to see views across the whole of London. After lunch and a walk along the South Bank, we (7) \_\_\_\_ a guided tour of Shakespeare's Globe Theatre, where the guided explained how the (8) \_\_\_\_ in Shakespeare's time and how the theatre works nowadays. The excursion (9) \_\_\_\_ excellent because the two activities (10) \_\_\_\_ extremely interesting and very different, so everyone enjoyed something.

- |                      |                |                    |                  |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) took;          | b) has taken;  | c) was taking;     | d) had taken;    |
| 2. a) went;          | b) go;         | c) has gone;       | d) are going;    |
| 3. a) been;          | b) had been;   | c) was;            | d) has been;     |
| 4. a) been;          | b) was being;  | c) has been;       | d) had been;     |
| 5. a) were riding;   | b) was riding; | c) are riding;     | d) rode;         |
| 6. a) were;          | b) be;         | c) was;            | d) being;        |
| 7. a) taken;         | b) take;       | c) took;           | d) to take;      |
| 8. a) was operating; | b) operated;   | c) were operating; | d) had operated; |
| 9. a) has been;      | b) was;        | c) been;           | d) had been;     |
| 10. a) had been;     | b) were;       | c) has been;       | d) been;         |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. They ... the room with flowers and balloons.  
a) decorate;                      b) illuminate;                      c) garnish;                      d) illustrate;
2. We stock a large range of bicycle ....  
a) decorations;                      b) accessories;                      c) ornaments;                      d) frills;
3. She had a classically ... face.  
a) beautiful;                      b) pretty;                      c) handsome;                      d) attractive;
4. This is a big house with a ... garden.  
a) beautiful;                      b) handsome;                      c) genial;                      d) pretty;
5. The skies ... dark and it began to rain.  
a) came;                      b) got;                      c) made;                      d) gave;
6. He did not want anything to distract him from his ....  
a) purpose;                      b) aim;                      c) intention;                      d) plan;
7. Who is going to ... the conference?  
a) begin;                      b) start;                      c) open;                      d) commence;

8. She ... with great dignity.  
 a) behaved;      b) treated;      c) did ;      d) conducted;
9. She was ... over her desk writing a letter.  
 a) bent;      b) kneeled;      c) crouched;      d) bowed;
10. There is nothing to be ... from delaying the decision.  
 a) profiteered;      b) gained;      c) elicited;      d) cashed;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 24 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the spaces:

1. People ... all over the world.  
 a) travel;      b) will travel;      c) travelled;      d) are travelling;
2. Do you think Curtis ... the car race tomorrow?  
 a) will win;      b) wins;      c) is winning;      d) won;
3. Which is more important – money or ...?  
 a) environment;      b) the environment;      c) an environment;      d) one environment;
4. This job is much ... than the last one!  
 a) hard;      b) hardest;      c) harder;      d) more hard;
5. Molly denied ... my camera.  
 a) to lose;      b) for losing;      c) losing;      d) on losing;
6. If the shop had ... yesterday, I would have bought that book.  
 a) be open;      b) to be open;      c) been open;      d) being open;
7. Would you mind ... the door?  
 a) shutting;      b) to shut;      c) to have shut;      d) to close;
8. In our house, I do the cleaning and my husband ... the cooking.  
 a) makes;      b) making;      c) does;      d) to do;
9. You need not ... today  
 a) to work;      b) work;      c) working;      d) to have worked;
10. My sister can't stand a girl ... a fool of herself.  
 a) to make;      b) making;      c) make;      d) to making;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word:

1. I filled the bucket ... with water.  
 a) out;      b) on;      c) in;      d) up;

2. I read about the accident ... the Internet.  
 a) on;                    b) in;                    c) to;                    d) at;
3. Just put the statue ... the corner of the room for now.  
 a) on;                    b) in;                    c) at;                    d) over;
4. Did you write to Irene ... her visit this summer?  
 a) for;                    b) of;                    c) on;                    d) about;
5. We have to work much longer each day than ... my old job.  
 a) on;                    b) for;                    c) in;                    d) at;
6. Jack doesn't want to be called ....  
 a) up;                    b) on;                    c) off;                    d) back;
7. Can you get some coffee from the shops, I am afraid we have run ....  
 a) out;                    b) in;                    c) on;                    d) off;
8. She's indecisive and can never make ... her mind.  
 a) out;                    b) up;                    c) of;                    d) on;
9. Thieves made ... with over twenty thousand pounds.  
 a) in;                    b) off;                    c) of;                    d) for;
10. He refused to take what he had said ... even though he knew he was wrong.  
 a) off;                    b) back;                    c) in;                    d) out off;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

A little wave was (1) \_\_\_\_ along in the ocean, having a grand old time. He's enjoying the wind and the fresh air – until he (2) \_\_\_\_ the other waves in front of him, (3) \_\_\_\_ against the shore. My God (4) \_\_\_\_ is terrible, the wave says. Look what's going to (5) \_\_\_\_ to me! My dad never has sugar in coffee or tea but he does sometimes like to add artificial (6) \_\_\_\_\_. I don't know how anyone could eat eyeballs. That's (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Jenny stood (8) \_\_\_\_ in the kitchen, hoping that her soufflé would rise. Did you know that tomatoes (9) \_\_\_\_ from South America? Donald is so (10) \_\_\_\_ in the kitchen. I think he should be a professional chef.

1. a) bob;                    b) bobbed;                    c) bobbing;                    d) bobby;
2. a) notify;                    b) notices;                    c) noticeable;                    d) noticeably;
3. a) crashing;                    b) crash;                    c) crashed;                    d) scrash-land;
4. a) terrible;                    b) terrific;                    c) terribly;                    d) terrify;
5. a) happening;                    b) happens;                    c) happened;                    d) happen;
6. a) sweet;                    b) sweetness;                    c) sweeten;                    d) sweetener;
7. a) disgust;                    b) disgusts;                    c) disgusted;                    d) disgusting;
8. a) hope;                    b) hoping;                    c) hopeless;                    d) hopelessly;

9. a) original;      b) origin;              c) originate;              d) origins;  
 10. a) create;      b) creation;              c) creative;              d) creatively;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer:**

Both ways of learning seem (1) \_\_\_\_\_ equally valid, but a combination of the two may be the best solution. In (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to learn effectively, students have to remember (3) \_\_\_\_\_ risks sometimes. But they also have to feel comfortable and secure with what they're doing so (4) \_\_\_\_\_ not to become demotivated. All students should at least think about (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the way that they approach learning. I watched her (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and walk slowly out of the room. I heard the phone (7) \_\_\_\_\_ twice and then stop. Tim saw Jill (8) \_\_\_\_\_ outside the butcher's as he was driving to work. Jane stopped to watch the river (9) \_\_\_\_\_ down the mountainside. Listen to the wind (10) \_\_\_\_\_ though the trees.

1. a) that;              b) to be;              c) as;              d) being;  
 2. a) desire;              b) demand;              c) need;              d) order;  
 3. a) to take;              b) taking;              c) to have taken;              d) having taken;  
 4. a) that;              b) much;              c) as;              d) many;  
 5. a) to question;              b) questioning;              c) question;              d) to be questioned;  
 6. a) get up;              b) to get up;              c) getting up;              d) got up;  
 7. a) to ring;              b) ring;              c) ringing;              d) have ringing;  
 8. a) stand;              b) to stand;              c) standing;              d) stood;  
 9. a) flow;              b) to flow;              c) flowing;              d) flowed;  
 10. a) blowing;              b) will blow;              c) to blow;              d) blown;

**V. Choose the correct word:**

1. The ability to keep calm is one of her many ....  
 a) benefit;              b) advantage;              c) strength;              d) merit;
2. Do this exercise with your knees ....  
 a) bent;              b) twisted;              c) deformed;              d) crooked;
3. Choose a ... diet and stick to it.  
 a) best;              b) wise;              c) desirable;              d) sensible;
4. They were charged with ... and sentenced to death.  
 a) betrayal;              b) treason;              c) infidelity;              d) disloyalty;
5. Women's groups claim that the laws are ....  
 a) biased;              b) prejudiced;              c) partisan;              d) discriminatory;
6. The waiter brought the ... to their table.  
 a) bill;              b) account;              c) invoice;              d) check;



7. She's organizing the theatre's 25<sup>th</sup> ... celebrations.  
 a) birthday;      b) anniversary;      c) commemoration;      d) jubilee;
8. With a ... of luck, we'll be there by 12..  
 a) bit;      b) piece;      c) scrap;      d) grain;
9. After the operation you may find it difficult to ... and swallow.  
 a) bite;      b) chew;      c) munch;      d) nibble;
10. This plant is ignored by livestock because of the ... taste.  
 a) bitter;      b) pungent;      c) sour;      d) acrid;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 25 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. We're tired of waiting and we ... got anything to do.  
 a) haven't;      b) hadn't;      c) shouldn't;      d) wouldn't have;
2. ... you ever ... him?  
 a) Have... met;      b) Has... met;      c) had met;      d) did ... meet;
3. ... you ... football till 2015?  
 a) Will ... have been playing; b) Will ... have been play; c ) Will ... playing; d) Will ... been playing;
4. I called Jim too late, he ....  
 a) has already left; b) had already left;      c) have already left;      d) is already left;
5. ... it ... before he arrived at home?.  
 a) Have raining;      b) Has been raining; c) Had ... been raining; d) Have ... rained;
6. Homework ... by Mary.  
 a) was prepare;      b) were prepared;      c) was prepared;      d) are prepared;
7. They ... work all day and don't get tired.  
 a) can;      b) would;      c) could;      d) should;
8. They landed two hours ago so they ... be here soon.  
 a) can;      b) would;      c) could;      d) should;
9. ... you take care of my kid for only 10 minutes, if you please?  
 a) Can;      b) Would;      c) Shall;      d) Should;
10. ... you need any help, feel free to contact administrator.  
 a) Can;      b) Would;      c) Could;      d) Should;

**Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. I think he must be deaf, the Radio was ... very loud.  
a) off;                      b) out;                      c) in;                      d) on;
2. Members broke ... and formed their own group.  
a) in;                      b) into;                      c) away;                      d) down;
3. That recipe calls ... cocoa, not water.  
a) back;                      b) for;                      c) up;                      d) off;
4. It'll be quicker to ... the field.  
a) back;                      b) across;                      c) down;                      d) off;
5. The dollar is ... one cent against the euro.  
a) down;                      b) up;                      c) out;                      d) for;
6. What are the children ...? Go and see.  
a) up to;                      b) up;                      c) to;                      d) from;
7. You need someone who knows what's going ... in the world of fashion.  
a) down;                      b) on;                      c) away;                      d) off;
8. The article treats this question ... great detail.  
a) in;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) out;
9. With only five minutes to go and needing a goal to win, we went ... broke.  
a) at;                      b) for;                      c) away;                      d) through;
10. We forgot ... defending and just attacked again and again – and we got the goal!  
a) for;                      b) at;                      c) about;                      d) off;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The media said Trump was for going on a wild goose (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to find (2) \_\_\_\_\_ of (3) \_\_\_\_\_. The (4) \_\_\_\_\_ wild goose chase describes a (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (6) \_\_\_\_\_ for something (7) \_\_\_\_\_. It was first used by Shakespeare in Romeo and Juliet.

Another (8) \_\_\_\_\_ story was British man Pedro Godinho who was (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (10) \_\_\_\_\_ .

1. a) chase;                      b) chased;                      c) chasing;                      d) chases;
2. a) evidential;                      b) evidently;                      c) evident;                      d) evidence;
3. a) wiretapping;                      b) wiretaps;                      c) wiretapped;                      d) wiretappings;
4. a) expression;                      b) expressions;                      c) expressive;                      d) expressively;
5. a) hopefully;                      b) hopelessness;                      c) hopelessly;                      d) hopeless;
6. a) search;                      b) searching;                      c) searched;                      d) searches;
7. a) attainable;                      b) unattainable;                      c) attainment;                      d) attain;
8. a) recension;                      b) recency;                      c) recently;                      d) recent;

9. a) found;                      b) founder;                      c) foundation;                      d) foundations;  
 10. a) injured;                      b) injury;                      c) injuries;                      d) injures;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

In a recent press release, Reed Exhibitions announced that the New York Comic Con (1) \_\_\_\_ space with the New York Anime Festival in 2010. Although no specific reasons (2) \_\_\_\_, this decision could be the result of the (3) \_\_\_\_ economy and the continued decline in anime sales. Both shows will maintain separate "space" but share the general floor show and - here's the best part: attendees (4) \_\_\_\_ both shows for the price of one.

The 2009 New York Comic Con (5) \_\_\_\_ place in February. Why does the toucan (6) \_\_\_\_ such an enormous beak? The answer, we learned in August, may be that it uses it (7) \_\_\_\_ body temperature. Infrared measurement (8) \_\_\_\_ just before sleep shows that the bird's long beak — which can grow to (9) \_\_\_\_ of its body size -- gets hotter, (10) \_\_\_\_ the bird uses it in the pre-sleep cooling process. At other times, as the external heat rises, so too does the heat of the toucan's beak, while its core body heat stays the same.

1. a) would share;                      b) will share;                      c) share;                      d) sharing;  
 2. a) were cited;                      b) cited;                      c) cite;                      d) citing;  
 3. a) struggling;                      b) struggled;                      c) struggle;                      d) to struggle;  
 4. a) are enjoying;                      b) enjoy;                      c) will enjoy;                      d) enjoying;  
 5. a) has taken;                      b) took;                      c) is taking;                      d) was taken;  
 6. a) has;                      b) had;                      c) having;                      d) have;  
 7. a) regulate;                      b) to regulate;                      c) regulated;                      d) regulates;  
 8. a) taken;                      b) to take;                      c) take;                      d) took;  
 9. a) third;                      b) a three;                      c) a third;                      d) three;  
 10. a) suggested;                      b) suggest;                      c) suggesting;                      d) to suggest;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. They seemed to be ... of our presence there.  
 a) bitter;                      b) sour;                      c) resentful;                      d) acrimonious;  
 2. ... is the word most widely used and generally accepted in Britain.  
 a) black;                      b) African American; c) coloured;                      d) mixed race;  
 3. The government has been ... for not taking the problem seriously.  
 a) blamed;                      b) criticized;                      c) assaulted;                      d) assailed;  
 4. The two men remained ... throughout the trial.  
 a) blank;                      b) expressionless;                      c) impassive;                      d) flat;  
 5. Alcohol significantly ... the action of the drug.  
 a) blocks;                      b) handicaps;                      c) inhibits;                      d) hampers;

6. We've all been ... of selfishness at some time in our lives.  
 a) guilty;                    b) responsible;                    c) to blame;                    d) at fault;
7. The system should reward good classroom ....  
 a) education;                    b) training;                    c) study;                    d) teaching;
8. The wall was made from massive ... of stone.  
 a) piece;                    b) lump;                    c) block;                    d) loaf;
9. The samples are kept in ... plastic bags .  
 a) blocked;                    b) sealed;                    c) clogged;                    d) stopped;
10. An ugly new building ... the view from the window.  
 a) obstacles;                    b) obstructs;                    c) barricades;                    d) shuts;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 26 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Everything ... to a standstill.  
 a) have come;                    b) have been coming;                    c) had come;                    d) will have been coming;
2. When I grow up, ... an inventor.  
 a) I'm being;                    b) I'm going to be;                    c) I will have been;                    d) I will be being;
3. Shirley will ... her research for the next few weeks.  
 a) have done;                    b) be doing;                    c) have been doing;                    d) have been done;.
4. Next year, Sam will ... patients at this hospital for twenty-five years.  
 a) have been treating;                    b) treat;                    c) be treating;                    d) be going to treat;
5. "What is it?" "We won't know until ... at it under a microscope".  
 a) we're going to look;                    b) we'll have looked;                    c) we'll be looking;                    d) we're looked;
6. You won't get any radio reception while ... through the tunnel.  
 a) you're driven;                    b) you'll drive;                    c) you're driving;                    d) you'll be driving;
7. "I'm going to set up the equipment in a minute". "... give you a hand?"  
 a) Shall I;                    b) Will I;                    c) Would I;                    d) Do I;
8. Everyone expects Jonson to ... Smith in today's final.  
 a) beat;                    b) score;                    c) win;                    d) champion;
9. The ... in the stadium all cheered the athletes.  
 a) viewers;                    b) witnesses;                    c) spectators;                    d) onlookers;
10. I got a new baseball ... yesterday.  
 a) stick;                    b) club;                    c) racket;                    d) bat;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- I don't think people should be allowed to perform experiments ... animals.  
a) for;                      b) over;                      c) on;                      d) to;
- There was an explosion in technology ... the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century.  
a) in;                      b) at;                      c) through;                      d) on;
- You should treat older people ... respect.  
a) at;                      b) with;                      c) on;                      d) by;
- The distance from the Earth to the Sun is, ... average, about 149 million kilometres.  
a) by;                      b) on;                      c) from;                      d) in;
- It is amazing that creatures survive ... the bottom of the ocean.  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) to;
- The novelty of her new job soon wore ....  
a) over;                      b) away;                      c) of;                      d) off;
- Researchers have come ... the conclusion that your personality is affected by your genes.  
a) to;                      b) on;                      c) with;                      d) at;
- Do you mind if I just make a quick phone call ... here?  
a) of;                      b) out;                      c) on;                      d) from;
- Many lives were saved ... the introduction of antibiotics.  
a) into;                      b) at;                      c) with;                      d) in;
- The cause ... the nuclear accident is still unknown.  
a) on;                      b) of;                      c) with;                      d) for;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

He (Pedro Godingo) was found injured in a car park after being (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in a (2) \_\_\_\_\_ attack. He (3) \_\_\_\_\_ died in a hospital of his (4) \_\_\_\_\_. His friends described him as having "a heart of gold." This expression is often used to describe a person's good (5) \_\_\_\_\_ and their caring manner. Shakespeare used it to describe Henry V.

We even hear Shakespeare's words used to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ social problems. A local (7) \_\_\_\_\_ in the UK said people should stop giving (8) \_\_\_\_\_ money. At first (9) \_\_\_\_\_, it sounds (10) \_\_\_\_\_ not to give money to people with no food or home.

- a) stab;                      b) stabbed;                      c) stabbing;                      d) stabs;
- a) sensible;                      b) sensibility;                      c) senseless;                      d) sense;
- a) later;                      b) late;                      c) latest;                      d) lately;
- a) wounding;                      b) wounded;                      c) wound;                      d) wounds;

- |                    |                |               |                 |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 5. a) natural;     | b) nature;     | c) naturally; | d) naturalize;  |
| 6. a) describe;    | b) describes;  | c) described; | d) description; |
| 7. a) politicians; | b) politician; | c) politics;  | d) political;   |
| 8. a) beg;         | b) beggar;     | c) beggars;   | d) begging;     |
| 9. a) glance;      | b) glances;    | c) glanced;   | d) glancing;    |
| 10. a) cruelty;    | b) cruel;      | c) crueller;  | d) cruellest;   |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

If this theory about parallel universes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ correct, it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ that we're living in more than one universe at the same time. But if that (3) \_\_\_\_\_ true – if was doing different things in different universes – (4) \_\_\_\_\_ about it. And if I (5) \_\_\_\_\_ about it, how could it be me doing these things? If I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the lottery last year in a parallel universe, and decided to sail round the world, how is that “me”? It doesn't make sense!

And another thing. If I do something, it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ consequences. For example, if I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ study, I might not pass my exams. I can't start thinking about different universes where the consequences are different. If just (9) \_\_\_\_\_ about the universe I actually live in, then I'm sure (10) \_\_\_\_\_ okay!

- |                      |                    |                     |                  |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) will be;       | b) is;             | c) would have been; | d) has been;     |
| 2. a) has meant;     | b) meant;          | c) had meant;       | d) means;        |
| 3. a) will be;       | b) was being;      | c) were;            | d) had been;     |
| 4. a) I'd know;      | b) I'll know;      | c) I have known;    | d) I know;       |
| 5. a) wouldn't know; | b) don't know;     | c) won't know;      | d) didn't know;  |
| 6. a) had won;       | b) was winning;    | c) have won;        | d) win;          |
| 7. a) would have;    | b) would have had; | c) will have;       | d) had had;      |
| 8. a) won't;         | b) haven't;        | c) don't;           | d) hadn't;       |
| 9. a) think;         | b) to think;       | c) am thinking;     | d) have thought; |
| 10. a) I'd be;       | b) I've been;      | c) I'd have been;   | d) I'll be;      |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- I don't want to ..., but I can actually speak six languages.
 

a) boast;	b) swagger;	c) gloat;	d) show off;
-----------	-------------	-----------	--------------
- Raw materials and labour come by ..., rail or road.
 

a) boat;	b) ship;	c) vessel;	d) yacht;
----------	----------	------------	-----------
- I'm watching my ....
 

a) body;	b) skeleton;	c) figure;	d) physique;
----------	--------------	------------	--------------
- The family of the missing girl has been called in by the police to identify the ....
 

a) body;	b) corpse;	c) carcass;	d) remains;
----------	------------	-------------	-------------

5. All of the missiles missed their....  
 a) aims;                      b) targets;                      c) goals;                      d) purposes;
6. Honesty is essential if there is to be a good ... between patient and therapist..  
 a) bond;                      b) rapport;                      c) empathy;                      d) affinity;
7. Let's have a look at the TV guide and see what's on.  
 a) book;                      b) publication;                      c) novel;                      d) guide;
8. Thousands of illegal ... cross the border every day.  
 a) border;                      b) boundary;                      c) line;                      d) frontier;
9. Predicting the weather is a ... business for farmers.  
 a) dangerous;                      b) hazardous;                      c) risky;                      d) unsafe;
10. The journey soon became ....  
 a) boring;                      b) dull;                      c) tedious;                      d) repetitive;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 27 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Oh if she could ... her life over again!  
 a) have;                      b) have had ;                      c) have been;                      d) be;
2. What ...your best experience since you left home?  
 a) has been;                      b) was;                      c) were;                      d) had been;
3. My mother never ... me help her with the cooking when I read for the exams.  
 a) gives;                      b) allows;                      c) enables;                      d) lets;
4. We'd be lost if we ... a map with us.  
 a) hasn't;                      b) didn't have;                      c) have;                      d) has;
5. How did you ... about the changes to the schedule?  
 a) know;                      b) knew;                      c) have;                      d) known;
6. It's a great idea, but ... it will work?  
 a) are you think;                      b) do you think;                      c) you think;                      d) you do think;
7. My sister ... part in ice-skating competitions almost every weekend.  
 a) takes;                      b) is taking;                      c) taken;                      d) took;
8. Tony, ... got time to call Mrs. Roberts?  
 a) do you have;                      b) you have;                      c) are you;                      d) have you;

9. He has ... got home, and is having a rest now.

- a) ever;                      b) since;                      c) yet;                      d) just;

10. Unfortunately, Victor ... a day off very often.

- a) doesn't get;              b) isn't got;                      c) hasn't got;                      d) hasn't been getting;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. If you can't finish the job, I'm happy to take ... from you.

- a) at;                      b) up;                      c) over;                      d) away;

2. Everything is clean! Now can we just chill ... for a minute.

- a) out;                      b) away;                      c) on;                      d) up;

3. My job also gives me the discipline necessary ... writing.

- a) in;                      b) for;                      c) on;                      d) of;

4. I see it as a step ... the right direction.

- a) in;                      b) out;                      c) after;                      d) up;

5. More than 25,000 people are expected to take part ... the city marathon this year.

- a) up;                      b) down;                      c) into;                      d) in;

6. Did Dorothy tell you ... the meeting on Friday?

- a) for;                      b) about;                      c) on;                      d) of;

7. A good diet is necessary ... a healthy life.

- a) in;                      b) of;                      c) for;                      d) at;

8. My mum will call me every weekend ... fail.

- a) by;                      b) on;                      c) with;                      d) without;

9. Do we need to buy the tickets ... advance?

- a) at;                      b) in;                      c) on;                      d) with;

10. Don't pay any attention ... it!

- a) on;                      b) to;                      c) at;                      d) for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

One (1) \_\_\_\_\_ politician in the UK said people should stop giving (2) \_\_\_\_\_ money. At first (3) \_\_\_\_\_, it (4) \_\_\_\_\_ cruel not to give money to people with no (5) \_\_\_\_\_ or (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

He also said that it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (8) \_\_\_\_\_ beggars who would use the money for (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) locally;              b) local;                      c) localize;                      d) locality;  
2. a) beggars;              b) beggar;                      c) begging;                      d) begged;



- |                    |                   |                |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 3. a) glancing;    | b) glanced;       | c) glances;    | d) glance;        |
| 4. a) soundproof;  | b) soundness;     | c) sounds;     | d) sound;         |
| 5. a) foodie;      | b) food;          | c) foods;      | d) foodstuff;     |
| 6. a) homely;      | b) homeland;      | c) homecoming; | d) home;          |
| 7. a) encouraging; | b) encouragement; | c) encourage;  | d) encourages;    |
| 8. a) bogus;       | b) boggy;         | c) boggle;     | d) bogey;         |
| 9. a) alcoholic;   | b) alcohol;       | c) alcoholism; | d) non-alcoholic; |
| 10. a) drugged;    | b) drugging;      | c) drugs;      | d) drug;          |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Easter Island is a small triangle of rock situated in the Pacific Ocean. It's about 2,000 miles (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the nearest city. Easter Island is (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for its statues. Hundreds of these huge, stone faces can be (3) \_\_\_\_\_ all over the island. Who made them? How (4) \_\_\_\_\_ they move these giant pieces of rock? What happened (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the people who lived there? Studies show that people (6) \_\_\_\_\_ arrived on the island about 1600 years ago. They had a very advanced culture. They made many objects and they had their (7) \_\_\_\_\_ written language. However, the number of people on the island grew and grew (8) \_\_\_\_\_ it reached about 10,000 people. Soon there were too many people and there wasn't (9) \_\_\_\_\_ food to eat. A terrible war started and (10) \_\_\_\_\_ of the statues were broken.

- |                 |                 |              |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) for;      | b) from;        | c) on;       | d) by;          |
| 2. a) imported; | b) interesting; | c) famous;   | d) fascinating; |
| 3. a) locked;   | b) located;     | c) found;    | d) situated;    |
| 4. a) have;     | b) were;        | c) had;      | d) did;         |
| 5. a) to;       | b) with;        | c) about;    | d) for;         |
| 6. a) once;     | b) first;       | c) just;     | d) already;     |
| 7. a) only;     | b) own;         | c) clever;   | d) self;        |
| 8. a) so;       | b) until;       | c) although; | d) because;     |
| 9. a) many;     | b) some;        | c) to;       | d) enough;      |
| 10. a) many;    | b) few;         | c) lot;      | d) enough;      |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. Put the top back on the ....

- |            |         |         |             |
|------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| a) bottle; | b) pot; | c) jug; | d) pitcher; |
|------------|---------|---------|-------------|

2. The explosion shook the ... of the houses nearby.

- |            |          |                |          |
|------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| a) bottom; | b) base; | c) foundation; | d) foot; |
|------------|----------|----------------|----------|

3. The spider was found hiding in a ... of bananas.

- |         |            |          |           |
|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| a) box; | b) basket; | c) case; | d) crate; |
|---------|------------|----------|-----------|

4. Our main aim is to encourage ... loyalty.  
 a) brand;                      b) model;                      c) make;                      d) label;
5. I hope people will be ... enough to speak out against this injustice.  
 a) brave;                      b) courageous;                      c) heroic;                      d) gallant;
6. Her lips were dry and ....  
 a) broken;                      b) cracked;                      c) fractured;                      d) snapped;
7. The washing machine has ... again.  
 a) broken up;                      b) broken off;                      c) broken down;                      d) broken;
8. The directive ... fundamental human rights.  
 a) encroaches;                      b) breaches;                      c) infringes;                      d) violates;
9. The newspaper ... the allegations the next day.  
 a) withdrew;                      b) retracted;                      c) recanted;                      d) backtracked;
10. She recited the whole poem in one ....  
 a) breath;                      b) gasp;                      c) gulp;                      d) sniff;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 28 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Holidays abroad ... increasingly popular.  
 a) have been becoming;    b) become;                      c) are becoming;                      d) has become;
2. I ... to all the local newspapers and TV stations to complain.  
 a) have already written;    b) have already been writing;    c) already write;                      d) already writing;
3. ... TV for the last four hours? Turn it off and get some exercise!  
 a) Do you watch;                      b) Watched you;                      c) Have you been watching;    d) Are you watching;
4. Jessica has ... left, I'm afraid.  
 a) already;                      b) so far;                      c) yet;                      d) still;
5. Eric, ... hockey competitively or just for fun?  
 a) do you usually play;    b) are you usually playing;    c) have you usually been playing;    d) have you usually played;
6. Actually, I ... a cup of tea first thing every morning.  
 a) have drunk;                      b) have been drinking;                      c) do drink;                      d) am drinking;

7. Dan ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
 a) sleeps;                    b) has slept;                    c) does sleep;                    d) is sleeping;
8. ... to Ipswich before?  
 a) Do you ever go;    b) Are you ever going;    c) Have you ever been;    d) Have you ever been going;
9. Unfortunately, Simone ... a day off very often.  
 a) doesn't get;    b) isn't getting;    c) hasn't got;                    d) hasn't been getting;
10. That's the first time ... an answer right today!  
 a) I have got;    b) I have been getting;    c) I get;                    d) I am getting;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. Randy always tried to cheer everyone ... on rainy days.  
 a) on;                    b) after;                    c) up;                    d) in;
2. Do you know who discovered the fact that sound travels ... waves?  
 a) into;                    b) over;                    c) on;                    d) in;
3. I'm thinking ... getting a fax machine.  
 a) of;                    b) about;                    c) after;                    d) at;
4. The leaves and stem are covered ... fine hairs.  
 a) with;                    b) in;                    c) above;                    d) over;
5. The custody battle dragged ... for many months.  
 a) down;                    b) up;                    c) in;                    d) on;
6. The cause ... the outbreak of the disease is still unknown.  
 a) at;                    b) of;                    c) over;                    d) along;
7. Ten million text messages are sent ... average every minute.  
 a) to;                    b) in;                    c) on;                    d) from;
8. Margo wanted to throw ... the old sofa, but her husband couldn't part with it.  
 a) out;                    b) up;                    c) off;                    d) down;
9. Lilly likes to work ... early in the morning so that she's fit for work.  
 a) on;                    b) over;                    c) at;                    d) out;
10. He started to look back ... his life and then decided to take another trip.  
 a) down;                    b) in;                    c) on;                    d) of;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The politician said, "We have to be cruel to be (1) \_\_\_\_." This (2) \_\_\_\_ was first used by Shakespeare in *Hamlet*. It is now used to describe how acting (3) \_\_\_\_ to someone in the short-term will help them in the long-term.

Shakespeare was a master at understanding and (4) \_\_\_\_ expressing what makes us (5) \_\_\_\_\_. And for this (6) \_\_\_\_\_, his (7) \_\_\_\_\_ has (8) \_\_\_\_\_ across (9) \_\_\_\_\_. In modern films, books, songs, news headlines, and (10) \_\_\_\_\_ across the world, Shakespeare's English is everywhere.

- |                     |                    |                    |                   |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) kindness;     | b) kindly;         | c) kind;           | d) kind-hearted;  |
| 2. a) phrase;       | b) phrases;        | c) phraseological; | d) phraseology;   |
| 3. a) harshly;      | b) harsh;          | c) harshness;      | d) harslet;       |
| 4. a) creative;     | b) creatively;     | c) creativity;     | d) creator;       |
| 5. a) humanitarian; | b) humane;         | c) humanly;        | d) human;         |
| 6. a) reasonably;   | b) unreasonable;   | c) reason;         | d) reasonable;    |
| 7. a) influence;    | b) influenced;     | c) influential;    | d) influences;    |
| 8. a) stretch;      | b) stretched;      | c) stretches;      | d) stretching;    |
| 9. a) centenary;    | b) century;        | c) centuries;      | d) centennial;    |
| 10. a) converse;    | b) conversational; | c) conversation;   | d) conversations; |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

If this theory about parallel universes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ correct, it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ that we're living in more than one universe at the same time. But if that (3) \_\_\_\_\_ true – if I was doing different things in different universes – (4) \_\_\_\_\_ about it. And if I (5) \_\_\_\_\_ about it, how could it be me doing these things? If I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the lottery last year in a parallel universe, and decided to sail round the world, how is that 'me'? It doesn't make sense.

And another thing. If I do something, it (7) \_\_\_\_\_ consequences. For example, if I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ study, I might not pass my exams. I can't start thinking about different universes where the consequences are different. If I just (9) \_\_\_\_\_ about the universe I actually live in, then I'm sure (10) \_\_\_\_\_ okay!

- |                       |                     |                   |                     |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) will be;        | b) has been;        | c) was being;     | d) were;            |
| 2. a) I'd know;       | b) I know;          | c) I'll know;     | d) I have known;    |
| 3. a) would have;     | b) will have;       | c) had had;       | d) would have; had; |
| 4. a) won't;          | b) hadn't;          | c) haven't;       | d) don't;           |
| 5. a) think;          | b) to think;        | c) am thinking;   | d) have thought;    |
| 6. a) won't know;     | b) didn't know;     | c) wouldn't know; | d) don't know;      |
| 7. a) will be;        | b) would have been; | c) has been;      | d) is;              |
| 8. a) has meant;      | b) had meant;       | c) means;         | d) meant;           |
| 9. a) was winning;    | b) had won;         | c) have won;      | d) win;             |
| 10. a) I'd have been; | b) I'll be;         | c) I'd be;        | d) I've been;       |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. The government are investigating ... to high-ranking officials.

- |           |          |             |              |
|-----------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| a) bribe; | b) bait; | c) pay-off; | d) kickback; |
|-----------|----------|-------------|--------------|

2. It was a ... work, superb, thoroughly done.  
a) bright;            b) brilliant;            c) vivid;            d) vibrant;
3. The young clerk ... his lips as if he was to object.  
a) brooded;            b) pursed;            c) sulked;            d) moped;
4. She ... the crumbs into the wastebasket.  
a) brushed;            b) scrubbed;            c) swept;            d) dusted;
5. Police had to ... barriers to keep the crowds back.  
a) raise;            b) construe;            c) assemble;            d) erect;
6. The Blue Mosque at Isfahan is the most beautiful ... I have ever seen.  
a) building;            b) property;            c) premises;            d) complex;
7. A few of the men had run out of ....  
a) bullet;            b) ammunition;            c) shell;            d) shot;
8. Thousands of people were ... into leaving their homes.  
a) persecuted;            b) terrorized;            c) domineered;            d) subjugated;
9. She spent the day catching up on the vast mound of ... that had built up.  
a) bureaucracy;            b) paperwork;            c) red tape;            d) rules and regulations;
10. A welcoming fire was ... in the fireplace.  
a) burning;            b) ablaze;            c) smouldering;            d) flaming;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 29 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Mike ... to work at the moment.  
a) drives;            b) is driving;            c) have driven;            d) has been driving;
2. I ... twelve countries of Europe.  
a) was in;            b) `ve been in;            c) `ve been to;            d) was to;
3. I couldn't ... the job in time.  
a) to be finished;            b) to finish;            c) finish;            d) to be finishing;
4. I felt tears ... down my face.  
a) fall;            b) to fall;            c) to be falling;            d) to have fallen;
5. The concert is about ....  
a) start;            b) to start;            c) to be started;            d) to have started;

6. He was very unhappy in boarding school and ... twice.  
 a) ran after;      b) ran away;      c) ran for;      d) ran in;
7. The dollar ... one cent against the euro.  
 a) is down;      b) is up;      c) is out;      d) for;
8. I think he must be deaf, the TV ... very loud.  
 a) was off;      b) was out;      c) was in;      d) was on;
9. Sofia has been promoted. This ... a celebration!  
 a) calls up;      b) calls in;      c) calls for;      d) calls out;
10. He ... with the flu.  
 a) came down;      b) came at;      c) came on;      d) came over;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. What time did the party break ... last night?  
 a) off;      b) up;      c) through;      d) to;
2. Never give ...! You can do it!  
 a) up to;      b) over;      c) out;      d) in;
3. Please give my regards ... your parents.  
 a) to;      b) for;      c) over;      d) after;
4. We ran ... a big bill in the hotel eating in the bar.  
 a) along;      b) away;      c) up;      d) down;
5. Dan called ... Naomi while he was in town.  
 a) on;      b) in;      c) over;      d) up;
6. Don't eat that yoghurt, I think it is .... It's been in the fridge for ages.  
 a) over;      b) off;      c) through;      d) up to;
7. The essay suddenly switches ... a formal to an informal register.  
 a) with;      b) from;      c) over;      d) off;
8. The plans must comply ... EU regulations.  
 a) with;      b) for;      c) to;      d) into;
9. The book is written ... clear, comprehensive language.  
 a) at;      b) in;      c) on;      d) with;
10. The horror of war is ... comprehension.  
 a) before;      b) beyond;      c) after;      d) without;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

According to the United Nations, there are 19.5 million (1) \_\_\_\_\_ around the world. Most of them are (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and in need of (3) \_\_\_\_\_. What most people don't (4) \_\_\_\_\_ about are the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ who can (6) \_\_\_\_\_ buy their way into a new life abroad. In the US, for example, foreigners who (7) \_\_\_\_\_ \$500,000 in a US (8) \_\_\_\_\_ can get a (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (10) \_\_\_\_\_ visa.

- |                       |                 |                  |                  |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) refugee;        | b) refugees;    | c) refuge;       | d) refuges;      |
| 2. a) poorest;        | b) poorer;      | c) poor;         | d) poorly;       |
| 3. a) supporter;      | b) supporting;  | c) support;      | d) supportive;   |
| 4. a) hear;           | b) heard;       | c) hears;        | d) hearing;      |
| 5. a) ultra-richness; | b) ultra-rich;  | c) ultra-riches; | d) ultra-richly; |
| 6. a) easily;         | b) easy;        | c) easier;       | d) easiest;      |
| 7. a) investor;       | b) invest;      | c) invested;     | d) investing;    |
| 8. a) businesswoman;  | b) businessman; | c) business;     | d) businesslike; |
| 9. a) permanent;      | b) permanently; | c) permanence;   | d) perm;         |
| 10. a) residences;    | b) residency;   | c) resident;     | d) residential;  |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Charles Dickens was born in Portsmouth in 1812 and died in London in 1870. He is buried in Poets' Corner in Westminster Abbey. Dickens spent (1) \_\_\_\_\_ his life in London and often used to walk (2) \_\_\_\_\_ ten and twenty miles all over the city when he was (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to sleep and was thinking about the plot of a new novel. While (4) \_\_\_\_\_, he used to observe the sights, sounds and smells of London (5) \_\_\_\_\_ order to write (6) \_\_\_\_\_ them. He was a storyteller and his novels (7) \_\_\_\_\_ by the Bible, 18<sup>th</sup> c. novelists and essayists and (8) \_\_\_\_\_ novels. London was the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ of most of his works. (10) \_\_\_\_\_ are often the most important characters in Dickens's novels.

- |                   |               |                     |                          |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. a) more of;    | b) most;      | c) the most of;     | d) most of;              |
| 2. a) for;        | b) between;   | c) through;         | d) among;                |
| 3. a) enabled;    | b) enabling;  | c) disable;         | d) unable;               |
| 4. a) walking;    | b) walk;      | c) was walking;     | d) walked;               |
| 5. a) in;         | b) at;        | c) to;              | d) the;                  |
| 6. a) on;         | b) with;      | c) about;           | d) for;                  |
| 7. a) influenced; | b) influence; | c) were influenced; | d) have been influenced; |
| 8. a) French;     | b) Gothic;    | c) German;          | d) Italian;              |
| 9. a) scenery;    | b) scene;     | c) stage;           | d) setting;              |
| 10. a) Children;  | b) Merchants; | c) Traders;         | d) Workers ;             |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. I can smell something ... in the kitchen.  
a) burn;                      b) char;                      c) scald;                      d) cremate;
2. This matter is their ....  
a) business;                      b) concern;                      c) preserve;                      d) affair;
3. The parents were ... in campaigning against cuts to the education budget.  
a) busied;                      b) activated;                      c) engaged;                      d) activized;
4. Her life was too ... to find time for hobbies.  
a) busy;                      b) hectic;                      c) full;                      d) eventful;
5. The co-pilot was at the ... when the plane landed.  
a) button;                      b) switch;                      c) control;                      d) wheel;
6. My ... is stuck.  
a) button;                      b) pin;                      c) buckle;                      d) zip;
7. Did you ... a present for your mother?  
a) buy;                      b) get;                      c) purchase;                      d) acquire;
8. Bees ... lazily among the flowers.  
a) buzzed;                      b) whirred;                      c) whistled;                      d) hummed;
9. Use the formula to ... the volume of the container.  
a) calculate;                      b) compute;                      c) quantify;                      d) figure;
10. They ... their first daughter after her grandmother.  
a) called;                      b) nominated;                      c) termed;                      d) entitled;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 30 (A)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Last summer I ...to the beach almost every day.  
a) went;                      b) was going;                      c) have been;                      d) have been going;
2. If I find your passport, I ... you at once.  
a) will telephone;                      b) am telephoning;                      c) telephone;                      d) telephoned;
3. I ... a letter at this time.  
a) to write;                      b) am still writing;                      c) wrote;                      d) have written;
4. Who ... exam by 7 o'clock?  
a) take;                      b) will take;                      c) will have taken;                      d) took;



5. Unless it ... considerably altered, the offer will not be accepted.  
 a) is;                                      b) will be;                                      c) won't be;                                      d) was;
6. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
 a) to do;                                      b) doing;                                      c) did;                                      d) was doing;
7. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!  
 a) have got;                                      b) was getting;                                      c) have got;                                      d) got;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
 a) to jump;                                      b) jumped;                                      c) was jumping;                                      d) jumping;
9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
 a) to work;                                      b) works;                                      c) was working;                                      d) worked;
10. I'm afraid I ... really badly in the English test tomorrow.  
 a) to do;                                      b) do;                                      c) am doing;                                      d) am going to do;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. In this dictionary 'sth' is the abbreviation ... 'something'.  
 a) for;                                      b) off;                                      c) out;                                      d) over;
2. The Queen abdicated ... favour of her son.  
 a) across;                                      b) up;                                      c) off;                                      d) in;
3. He has been abducted ... a terrorist group.  
 a) in;                                      b) on;                                      c) by;                                      d) of;
4. Sleep aids recovery ... illness.  
 a) for;                                      b) from;                                      c) against;                                      d) of;
5. It is ... the law to buy cigarettes before you are sixteen.  
 a) off;                                      b) back;                                      c) away;                                      d) against;
6. She left school ... the age of sixteen.  
 a) in;                                      b) of;                                      c) on;                                      d) at;
7. Her sons will look ... her mother in her old age.  
 a) after;                                      b) down;                                      c) for;                                      d) off;
8. We had to wait ... ages at the hospital.  
 a) out;                                      b) off;                                      c) for;                                      d) up for;
9. The doctor said she died ... old age.  
 a) of;                                      b) off;                                      c) into;                                      d) out of;
10. It is ages ... I've done any exercise.  
 a) before;                                      b) since;                                      c) till;                                      d) until;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The country of St. Kitts and Nevis has taken its one more (1) \_\_\_\_ step further. This (2) \_\_\_\_ country has (3) \_\_\_\_ oceans, jungles, and mountains, but it doesn't have much else. In the (4) \_\_\_\_ 90's, the (5) \_\_\_\_ of St. Kitts and Nevis was in (6) \_\_\_\_\_. Wendell Lawrence found a (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Lawrence worked for the (8) \_\_\_\_ ministry at a time when the (9) \_\_\_\_ was in massive (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                   |                    |                  |                 |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) naturally;  | b) naturalisation; | c) naturalist;   | d) naturalise;  |
| 2. a) isle;       | b) isles;          | c) islands;      | d) island;      |
| 3. a) beautician; | b) beautifully;    | c) beautiful;    | d) beauty;      |
| 4. a) later;      | b) latest;         | c) late;         | d) lately;      |
| 5. a) economise;  | b) economist;      | c) economies;    | d) economy;     |
| 6. a) trouble;    | b) troubles;       | c) troublemaker; | d) troublesome; |
| 7. a) solve;      | b) soluble;        | c) solution;     | d) solutions;   |
| 8. a) finance;    | b) finances;       | c) financed;     | d) financial;   |
| 9. a) governor;   | b) governmental;   | c) governments;  | d) government;  |
| 10. a) debt;      | b) debts;          | c) debtor;       | d) debtors;     |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Some (1) \_\_\_\_ become known for their intelligence and avoid being caught for years. Others are just so stupid that it seems (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Take, for instance, one (3) \_\_\_\_\_, who decided that he was feeling a little tired half-way through burgling a house. Seeing the (4) \_\_\_\_ bed, he decided to take a nap. It may seem (5) \_\_\_\_\_, but he was still asleep when the owners got home! They \_\_\_\_\_ (6) called the police, who came to arrest Sleeping Beauty right away! Another \_\_\_\_\_ (7) story is that of the man who stole a \_\_\_\_\_ (8) camera. He managed to steal the camera \_\_\_\_\_ (9), but left the tape behind. It was used as \_\_\_\_\_ (10) in the court because, of course, it showed him taking the camera!

- |                     |                   |                 |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) crime;        | b) criminal;      | c) criminals;   | d) crimed;        |
| 2. a) ridiculous;   | b) ridiculousity; | c) to ridicule; | d) ridicule;      |
| 3. a) rob;          | b) robbed;        | c) robbed;      | d) robber;        |
| 4. a) comfortable;  | b) discomfort;    | c) comfort;     | d) discomforting; |
| 5. a) unbelievable; | b) believe;       | c) to believe;  | d) belief;        |
| 6. a) speedily;     | b) meditatively;  | c) immediately; | d) directly;      |
| 7. a) fun;          | b) humorous;      | c) laughing;    | d) laughter;      |
| 8. a) security;     | b) obscurity;     | c) secure;      | d) reliable;      |
| 9. a) machinery;    | b) machining;     | c) facility;    | d) equipment;     |
| 10. a) proof;       | b) account;       | c) witnessing;  | d) evidence;      |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. She picked up the receiver, paused a moment, and then the number.  
a) called;            b) rang;            c) phoned;            d) dialed;
2. I thought I heard someone .... me.  
a) call;            b) shout;            c) to exclaim;            d) blurt;
3. The move was widely seen as an attempt to ... critics of the regime.  
a) calm;            b) soothe;            c) appease;            d) placate;
4. Keep .... We'll sort this out.  
a) calm;            b) patient;            c) cool;            d) relaxed;
5. She led the ... for parliamentary reform.  
a) campaign;            b) battle;            c) struggle;            d) drive;
6. She gradually ... her way to the top of the company.  
a) campaigned;            b) fought;            c) lobbied;            d) laboured;
7. The committee does not have the power to ... the ban.  
a) cancel;            b) lift;            c) revoke;            d) repeal;
8. You will automatically be registered as a(n) ... into the Prize Draw.  
a) candidate;            b) nominee;            c) applicant;            d) entrant;
9. They parked the bus and walked the ... of the way.  
a) rest;            b) remains;            c) remain;            d) remnant;
10. Grandpa's becoming quite .... She may forget things or pay no attention to them.  
a) careless;            b) negligent;            c) inattentive;            d) absent-minded;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 1 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Our next door neighbour ... his car every Sunday.  
a) is washing;                      b) washes;                      c) has washed;                      d) is washed;
2. Why does the toucan ... such an enormous beak?  
a) has;                                  b) had;                                  c) have;                                  d) having;
3. He is so selfish! It's not easy to get ... with him.  
a) on;                                      b) away;                                  c) at;                                      d) over;
4. Dogs are ... to wolves, which not only have a large neo-cortex, but live in large groups.  
a) descended;                      b) related;                      c) connected;                      d) evolved;
5. I like the way Paul ... jokes, he does it very well.  
a) says;                                  b) speaks;                                  c) talks;                                  d) tells;
6. I think you're right. He ... by us at least twenty times.  
a) have walked;                      b) has walked;                      c) have been walking;                      d) has been walking;
7. She ... this work before you return.  
a) will have finished;                      b) will finished;                      c) will have;                      d) will have been finished;
8. I ordered the book last week. I don't know if it has arrived ....  
a) already;                                  b) still;                                  c) always;                                  d) yet;
9. I can't find my dictionary. .... I borrow yours please?  
a) can;                                      b) might;                                  c) could;                                  d) should;
10. I thought that you ... be late.  
a) will have;                                  b) will;                                      c) would;                                  d) would have;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. The idea of slavery is abhorrent ... us nowadays.  
a) with;                                  b) for;                                      c) about;                                  d) to;
2. The lake abounds ... fish.  
a) on;                                      b) from;                                  c) with;                                  d) to;
3. The film is ... to start.  
a) about;                                  b) back;                                  c) in;                                      d) around;

4. He seems to think he's ... helping with the cleaning.  
 a) above;            b) off;                c) out;                d) over;
5. They found it difficult to get used ... living abroad.  
 a) away;            b) to;                c) off;                d) up;
6. She often goes abroad ... business.  
 a) for;              b) on;                c) with;              d) in;
7. He absconded ... all the company's money.  
 a) at;                b) by;                c) with;              d) in;
8. Frequent absences due to illness meant he was ... with his work.  
 a) before;            b) behind;            c) at;                d) by;
9. I have to make all the decisions ... my boss's absence.  
 a) since;            b) at;                c) in;                d) on;
10. Spending on the Health Service has increased ... absolute terms.  
 a) down;            b) on;                c) off;                d) in;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

She says we have (1) \_\_\_\_\_ how to (2) \_\_\_\_\_ use our (3) \_\_\_\_\_. And this is the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ so many of us (5) \_\_\_\_\_ from neck (6) \_\_\_\_\_, back pain, and other (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (8) \_\_\_\_\_.

Gokhale says that many people slump over too much into the shape of a C. Other people push their stomachs and chests forward while their (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and butts are pulled back. When looked at from the side their spine is shaped like an S. While the C shape might feel more (10) \_\_\_\_\_ and the S shape feels tenser, she says that both are unnatural and a recipe for back pain.

1. a) forgot;            b) forgotten;            c) forget;            d) forgetful;
2. a) naturalist;        b) nature;              c) natural;            d) naturally;
3. a) bodies;            b) body;                c) bodybuilding;     d) bodyguard;
4. a) reason;            b) reasons;            c) reasonable;        d) reasonably;
5. a) suffered;        b) suffering;            c) suffer;              d) sufferer;
6. a) pained;            b) painful;              c) pains;              d) pain;
7. a) repetition;        b) repetitive;            c) repeat;            d) repetitious;
8. a) injuries;            b) injury;              c) injured;            d) injure;
9. a) backer;            b) back;                c) background;        d) backbone;
10. a) relax;            b) relaxation;            c) relaxed;            d) relaxing;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Oh, let me tell you about our trip. (1) \_\_\_\_\_ you know that Sara (2) \_\_\_\_\_ afraid of flying? We (3) \_\_\_\_\_ arranged with her family to go to France for a few days. I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ always wanted

to see Paris and would love to live there one day. Well, we (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to the airport and Sara appeared nervous. I asked her if she (6) \_\_\_\_\_ okay and she said she was fine, so we continued on our way. We went through passport control and I (7) \_\_\_\_\_ see that Sara wasn't keen on going any further. Just then, a voice announced: 'We regret to inform passengers that Flight 114 France (8) \_\_\_\_\_ cancelled.' That was our flight! Sarah said she (9) \_\_\_\_\_ glad because she was too frightened to fly anyway! So, we all went home. That (10) \_\_\_\_\_ was the end of that trip!

- |                  |              |              |                |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. a) Have;      | b) Has;      | c) Did;      | d) Should;     |
| 2. a) would be;  | b) is;       | c) was;      | d) will be;    |
| 3. a) had;       | b) has;      | c) have had; | d) will have;  |
| 4. a) had;       | b) have;     | c) has;      | d) would have; |
| 5. a) would get; | b) will get; | c) get;      | d) got;        |
| 6. a) will be;   | b) would be; | c) was;      | d) has been;   |
| 7. a) should;    | b) was;      | c) would;    | d) could;      |
| 8. a) was;       | b) is;       | c) had been; | d) has been;   |
| 9. a) was;       | b) would be; | c) will be;  | d) should be;  |
| 10. a) was;      | b) were;     | c) will be;  | d) shall be;   |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- The road was closed both to passengers and ....  
a) cargo;      b) goods;      c) load;      d) freight;
- He tried to hide in a container ....  
a) carriage;      b) car;      c) truck;      d) wagon;
- An ox ... made its way through the village.  
a) carriage;      b) cart;      c) wagon;      d) stagecoach;
- We'll ....this sort out.  
a) convey;      b) bear;      c) lug;      d) tote;
- She led the ... for parliamentary reform.  
a) campaign;      b) congress;      c) strife;      d) conduct;
- He did not receive a fair ....  
a) case;      b) trial;      c) hearing;      d) appeal;
- Where can I ... my traveller's cheques?  
a) cash;      b) exchange;      c) change;      d) clear;
- The ... is rectangular in shape, with a tower at each corner.  
a) castle;      b) tower;      c) fort;      d) fortress;
- She seemed just too ... about the whole thing.  
a) casual;      b) offhand;      c) complacent;      d) relaxed;

10. Her mother appeared, looking very ... . What's good if one is strict?

- a) stern;                      b) grimly;                      c) seriously;                      d) steely;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 2 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space

1. "Whose is this plane ticket on the floor?" "Oh, it ... to me. Thank you."

- a) is belonging;      b) belongs;                      c) has belonged;                      d) belonged;

2. There ... some books on the shelves.

- a) isn't;                      b) are;                      c) aren't;                      d) is;

3. When I was a teenager I ... a lot. But I don't do it now.

- a) smoke;                      b) was smoking;                      c) used to smoke;                      d) smoked;

4. She ... us tomorrow.

- a) will call;                      b) calls;                      c) call;                      d) called;

5. Oh, we don't have any bread at home. I ... go and buy some.

- a) 'll be going to;      b) would have;                      c) will;                      d) will have;

6. I am busy at the moment. I ... an important e-mail.

- a) am writing;                      b) writing;                      c) write;                      d) wrote;

7. ... you ever ... to Turkey?

- a) Has ... been;      b) Have ... be to;                      c) Have ... been;                      d) Have been to;

8. Next month I will go on holiday. When I ... on holiday, I ... to Paris.

- a) went, will fly;      b) go, would fly;                      c) go, will fly;                      d) gone, will fly;

9. She thanked me for ... her a lift.

- a) gave;                      b) to give;                      c) giving;                      d) gives;

10. He ... too much.

- a) talk;                      b) talking;                      c) talks;                      d) is talking;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. ... the absence of a doctor, try to help the injured person yourself.

- a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) between;

2. He was absent ... work because of illness.

- a) from;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) of;

3. The driver was absolved ... any blame for the train crash.

- a) at;                      b) of;                      c) in;                      d) under;

4. Over the years many villages have been absorbed ... the city.  
 a) on;                                      b) in;                                      c) at;                                      d) into;
5. He was absorbed ... his work and didn't hear me come in.  
 a) at;                                      b) in;                                      c) on;                                      d) with;
6. Two people voted in favour, two voted ... and one abstained.  
 a) between;                                      b) for;                                      c) among;                                      d) against;
7. The doctor advised total abstinence ... alcohol.  
 a) from;                                      b) of;                                      c) on;                                      d) against;
8. Abstract is a short piece of writing that tells you the main contents ... a book, speech, etc.  
 a) in;                                      b) of;                                      c) for;                                      d) at;
9. The other driver leaned out of the car and hurled abuse ... me.  
 a) at;                                      b) on;                                      c) after;                                      d) into;
10. The politician was accused ... abusing his position in order to become rich.  
 a) for;                                      b) of;                                      c) with;                                      d) by;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

Gokhale says that many indigenous cultures do not suffer from back (1) \_\_\_\_ at all and it is because of the (2) \_\_\_\_ of their spine, which is (3) \_\_\_\_ from the (4) \_\_\_\_ and (5) \_\_\_\_ at the (6) \_\_\_\_\_. When looked at from the side, it is shaped like the letter J.

She (7) \_\_\_\_ started her research into posture after having back pain herself as a young mother. She described her pain as excruciating. She couldn't sleep at night and couldn't even pick up her baby. After getting (8) \_\_\_\_, she got some (9) \_\_\_\_, but the pain returned. After hearing she would need surgery again, she knew the answer was not (10) \_\_\_\_ medicine. She needed to think outside the box.

1. a) painless;                                      b) painful;                                      c) pain;                                      d) pains;
2. a) shape;                                      b) shapes;                                      c) shaped;                                      d) shapeless;
3. a) straightforward;                                      b) straighten;                                      c) straight;                                      d) straights;
4. a) topped;                                      b) top;                                      c) topping;                                      d) topmost;
5. a) curve;                                      b) curves;                                      c) curved;                                      d) curvilinear;
6. a) bottom;                                      b) bottoms;                                      c) bottomless;                                      d) rock-bottom;
7. a) original;                                      b) originality;                                      c) originate;                                      d) originally;
8. a) surgical;                                      b) surgeries;                                      c) surgery;                                      d) surgically;
9. a) relief;                                      b) relieve;                                      c) relieved;                                      d) relieves;
10. a) conventions;                                      b) convention;                                      c) conventionally;                                      d) conventional;



#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer

What (1) \_\_\_\_ the phrase ‘the great British seaside’ bring to mind? Most people, if asked to respond (2) \_\_\_\_ the top of their heads, associate (3) \_\_\_\_ on holiday to places such as Blackpool or Torquay with poor weather, old, faded attractions and a low standard of accommodation. These days, when people are more likely to go abroad to (4) \_\_\_\_ the sights, traditional British seaside towns (5) \_\_\_\_ suffering from an image problem. Now, finally, some of the resorts (6) \_\_\_\_ decided to bring their images up to date in the hope that a change of direction (7) \_\_\_\_ bring back the tourists. Many will need a lot of convincing, but those that (8) \_\_\_\_ come will find that today’s Blackpool (9) \_\_\_\_ quite a bit from the picture postcard past.

After years of neglect, Blackpool (10) \_\_\_\_ to work hard to catch up with foreign destinations.

- |                     |                  |               |                    |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1) a) would;        | b) should;       | c) does;      | d) did;            |
| 2) a) off;          | b) away;         | c) on;        | d) from;           |
| 3) a) have gone;    | b) gone;         | c) going;     | d) having gone;    |
| 4) a) seeing;       | b) see;          | c) have seen; | d) will have seen; |
| 5) a) are;          | b) were;         | c) would be;  | d) will be;        |
| 6) a) would have;   | b) will have;    | c) had;       | d) have;           |
| 7) a) should;       | b) will;         | c) would;     | d) shall;          |
| 8) a) should;       | b) does;         | c) did;       | d) do;             |
| 9) a) will differ;  | b) would differ; | c) differed;  | d) differs;        |
| 10) a) should have; | b) would have;   | c) has;       | d) had;            |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. We have created a special ... for part-time students.  
a) category;                      b) quality;                      c) trait;                      d) feature;
2. A phone call to the manager ... the result she wanted.  
a) made;                      b) produced;                      c) created;                      d) induced;
- 3.) New members of the cult have to undergo a secret initiation ....  
a) procedure;                      b) ritual;                      c) rite;                      d) service;
4. The climbers face ... death if the rescue attempt is unsuccessful.  
a) certain;                      b) bound;                      c) confident;                      d) definite;
5. The end of the Cold War marked the collapse of many old political... .  
a) certainties;                      b) sureness;                      c) firmaments;                      d) sureties;
6. She showed her ... of insurance.  
a) certificate;                      b) documentation;                      c) treaties;                      d) credentials;
7. He became renowned as writer through his .....output.  
a) breeding;                      b) prolific;                      c) fecund;                      d) fertile;

8. Money is not at ....  
 a) problem;      b) difficulty;      c) issue;      d) challenge;
9. These results mark a dramatic ... in public opinion.  
 a) transit      b) shift;      c) variation;      d) transition;
10. I made a couple of minor ... to the opening paragraph.  
 a) arrangements;      b) remakes;      c) transitions;      d) changes;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 3 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. "I'm really tired of travelling so much." "I thought you ... a bit quiet."  
 a) were seeming;      b) seemed;      c) have been seeming;      d) have seemed;
2. I ... twelve countries of Europe.  
 a) was in;      b) 've been in;      c) 've been to;      d) was to;
3. I couldn't ... the job in time.  
 a) to be finished;      b) to finish;      c) finish;      d) to be finishing;
4. I felt tears ... down my face. No more welled up. It was over.  
 a) fall;      b) to fall;      c) to be falling;      d) to have fallen;
5. The concert is about ....  
 a) start;      b) to start;      c) to be started;      d) to have started;
6. He was very unhappy in boarding school and ... twice.  
 a) ran after;      b) ran away;      c) ran for;      d) ran in;
7. The dollar ... one cent against the euro.  
 a) is down;      b) is up;      c) is out;      d) for;
8. I think he must be deaf, the TV ... very loud.  
 a) was off;      b) was out;      c) was in;      d) was on;
9. Sofia has been promoted. This ... a celebration!  
 a) calls up;      b) calls in;      c) calls for;      d) calls out;
10. He ....with the flu.  
 a) came down;      b) came at;      c) came on;      d) came over;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. The academic year begins ... September.  
 a) off;      b) in;      c) through;      d) on;

2. Queen Victoria acceded ... the throne in 1837.  
a) up;                      b) over;                      c) out;                      d) to;
3. The driver slowed down for the bend, then accelerated ....  
a) away;                      b) from;                      c) for;                      d) up;
4. The government plans to accelerate the pace ... the reform.  
a) along;                      b) with;                      c) of;                      d) down;
5. He speaks ... a strong Scottish accent.  
a) with;                      b) in;                      c) over;                      d) up;
6. In all our products the accent is ... quality.  
a) over;                      b) on;                      c) through;                      d) up to;
7. In the word 'because' the accent falls ... the second syllable.  
a) into;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) up;
8. Do I have to pay ... cash or will you accept a cheque?  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) at;                      d) by;
9. The University has accepted me ... the course.  
a) for;                      b) on to;                      c) at;                      d) to;
10. He quickly gained acceptance ... the group.  
a) at;                      b) in;                      c) of;                      d) with

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

After reading (1) \_\_\_\_\_ studies showing that traditional cultures didn't have these (2) \_\_\_\_\_ problems, she decided to study them first hand. She (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the world (4) \_\_\_\_\_ villages from Africa to Equador, studying how people stood, sat, moved and worked. Despite having very physically (5) \_\_\_\_\_ lives, they were mostly pain-free.

Gokhale has written a book and made videos teaching proper standing and sitting (6) \_\_\_\_\_. And in Silicon Valley, she has become a posture guru to tech company (7) \_\_\_\_\_. She has taught the CEO of Youtube and given classes at tech companies like Facebook and Google. While many medical professionals in California send their patients to Gokhale for posture (8) \_\_\_\_\_, not everyone is (9) \_\_\_\_\_. One California doctor believes that it may not be the J shape of the spine that is (10) \_\_\_\_\_ people from indigenous cultures and students of Gokhale to have less pain.

1. a) medically;    b) medical;                      c) medication;                      d) medicinal;
2. a) modernity;    b) modernisation;                      c) modern;                      d) modernise;
3. a) traveller;    b) travel;                      c) travelled;                      d) travels;
4. a) exploring;    b) explore;                      c) explorer;                      d) exploratory;

- |                   |                |                |                  |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 5. a) demanded;   | b) demanding;  | c) demands;    | d) demand;       |
| 6. a) techniques; | b) technique;  | c) technology; | d) technicality; |
| 7. a) executive;  | b) executives; | c) execution;  | d) executioner;  |
| 8. a) coaches;    | b) coach;      | c) coaching;   | d) coached;      |
| 9. a) convinced;  | b) convince;   | c) convinces;  | d) convincing;   |
| 10. a) cause;     | b) causing;    | c) caused;     | d) causes;       |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Childhood (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to be quite different from what it is today. Young people (2) \_\_\_\_\_ use to have so much leisure time. Today's children (3) \_\_\_\_\_ complain about their schoolwork, but our great-grandparents (4) \_\_\_\_\_ go out to work at a very young age. They (5) \_\_\_\_\_ often left school by the time they were fourteen and found a job. This meant that they (6) \_\_\_\_\_ little free time for hobbies or leisure activities, especially when they (7) \_\_\_\_\_ been working hard all day. Of course, they got used to (8) \_\_\_\_\_ long hours eventually, but it meant that they (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to grow up very quickly. Today, we are used to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ some free time to do things we enjoy, a luxury people in the past rarely had.

- |                   |                |               |              |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. a) would use;  | b) using;      | c) uses;      | d) used;     |
| 2. a) doesn't;    | b) didn't;     | c) shouldn't; | d) wouldn't; |
| 3. a) will;       | b) could;      | c) might;     | d) may;      |
| 4. a) would;      | b) should;     | c) will;      | d) shall;    |
| 5. a) had;        | b) have;       | c) has;       | d) have had; |
| 6. a) having;     | b) have;       | c) had;       | d) has;      |
| 7. a) shall have; | b) would have; | c) had;       | d) has;      |
| 8. a) worked;     | b) working;    | c) work;      | d) works;    |
| 9. a) shall have; | b) will have;  | c) has;       | d) had;      |
| 10. a) having;    | b) had;        | c) has;       | d) have had; |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- The ... allows users to share files.
 

a) channel;	b) station;	c) network;	d) frequency;
-------------	-------------	-------------	---------------
- The protesters set off smoke bombs to create ... and panic. No one knew what was happening.
 

a) disorder;	b) confusion;	c) mess;	d) commotion;
--------------	---------------	----------	---------------
- The government cannot avoid the ... of homelessness any longer.
 

a) chapter;	b) issue;	c) part;	d) episode;
-------------	-----------	----------	-------------
- There is sufficient evidence against him to support a(n) ... for murder.
 

a) charge;	b) accusation;	c) indictment;	d) impeachment;
------------	----------------	----------------	-----------------

5. He ... \$2000 for the car, but the offer wasn't negotiable.  
 a) charged;                      b) fined;                      c) asked;                      d) levied;
6. She's hoping the charitable ... , running the hospice, will soon pay for her operation.  
 a) mission;                      b) cause;                      c) hospital;                      d) trust;
7. We need someone with lots of ... to head the project. Much depends on who it will be.  
 a) knowledge;                      b) personality;                      c) character;                      d) competence;
8. This film will ... many a spectator over the world. It's so thrilling.  
 a) captivate;                      b) charm;                      c) capture;                      d) entrance;
9. ...behaviour and remarks are believed to be unkind.  
 a) Cheap;                      b) Costly;                      c) Inexpensive;                      d) Affordable;
10. He was .... out of some money some days ago.  
 a) cheated;                      b) smarted;                      c) hustled;                      d) swindled;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 4 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the spaces:

1. "You look thoughtful" " I ... about our holiday last year."  
 a) just think;                      b) had just thought;                      c) had been thinking;                      d) am just thinking;
2. Do you think Curtis ... the car race tomorrow?  
 a) will win;                      b) wins;                      c) is winning;                      d) won;
3. Which is more important – money or ... ?  
 a) environment;                      b) the environment;                      c) an environment;                      d) one environment;
4. This job is much ... than the last one!  
 a) hard;                      b) hardest;                      c) harder;                      d) more hard;
5. Molly denied ... my camera.  
 a) to lose;                      b) for losing;                      c) losing;                      d) on losing;
6. If the shop had.... yesterday, I would have bought that book.  
 a) be open;                      b) to be open;                      c) been open;                      d) being open;
7. Would you mind ... the door?  
 a) shutting;                      b) to shut;                      c) to have shutted;                      d) to close;
8. The cook...this delicious cake a few hours ago.  
 a) has made;                      b) was making;                      c) made;                      d) did;

9. You need not ... today

- a) to work;      b) work;      c) working;      d) to have worked;

10. My sister can't stand watching the girl ... a fool of herself

- a) to make;      b) be making;      c) make;      d) to making;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word:**

1. Do you have access ... a personal computer?

- a) out;      b) on;      c) in;      d) to;

2. Click ... the icon to access a file.

- a) on;      b) in;      c) to;      d) at;

3. The island is only accessible ... boat.

- a) on;      b) by;      c) at;      d) with;

4. Computers have given people greater accessibility ... information.

- a) over;      b) of;      c) on;      d) to;

5. This TV programme aims to make history more accessible ... children.

- a) over;      b) by;      c) to;      d) within;

6. I knocked the vase ... by accident as I was cleaning.

- a) over;      b) on;      c) of;      d) back;

7. Police do not know if the explosion was accidental or caused ... a bomb.

- a) by;      b) with;      c) on;      d) off;

8. As I turned around, I accidentally hit him ... the face.

- a) against;      b) in;      c) out;      d) at;

9. During the conference, you will be accommodated ... a nearby hotel.

- a) off;      b) in;      c) with;      d) at;

10. My boss is very accommodating when I need time ... work.

- a) out of;      b) off;      c) in;      d) of;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

This time of year thousands of (1) \_\_\_\_ Santas put on their Santa outfits and get to work (2) \_\_\_\_ holiday (3) \_\_\_\_\_. They work in shopping (4) \_\_\_\_\_ and at (5) \_\_\_\_\_ events, keeping the Santa Claus (6) \_\_\_\_\_ alive for their young (7) \_\_\_\_\_.

Eric Schmitt-Matzen is the president of his own company, but during the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ season, he's also a part-time Santa. Weighing 310 pounds with a plush white beard, he's a (9) \_\_\_\_\_

ringer for Santa. He recently got a special (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to visit a dying five-year-old boy in the hospital who was worried he would miss Christmas.

- |                   |                     |                   |                   |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) profession; | b) professionalism; | c) professional;  | d) professionals; |
| 2. a) spread;     | b) spreading;       | c) spreads;       | d) spreadsheet;   |
| 3. a) cheer;      | b) cheers;          | c) cheered;       | d) cheerful;      |
| 4. a) malls;      | b) mall;            | c) malleable;     | d) malleability;  |
| 5. a) privatise;  | b) privately;       | c) privacy;       | d) private;       |
| 6. a) fantasy;    | b) fantasies;       | c) fantastically; | d) fantastic;     |
| 7. a) fans;       | b) fan;             | c) fanning;       | d) fanned;        |
| 8. a) holidays;   | b) holiday;         | c) holidaymaker;  | d) holidaymakers; |
| 9. a) deaden;     | b) dead;            | c) deadline;      | d) deadly;        |
| 10. a) request;   | b) requests;        | c) requested;     | d) require;       |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer:**

Jane lay awake. She had (1) \_\_\_\_\_ preparing for the next day for a long time and now she (2) \_\_\_\_\_ sleep. Her team (3) \_\_\_\_\_ playing against the local champions at water polo in the final and Jane was the captain. She (4) \_\_\_\_\_ feeling the pressure.

She turned over and remembered how she (5) \_\_\_\_\_ learned to swim. Her father had taught her. They (6) \_\_\_\_\_ go to the local pool every day after school and her father (7) \_\_\_\_\_ to show her what to do. She hadn't liked the water at first, but she soon (8) \_\_\_\_\_ used to it. She learned quickly and joined the water polo team. She had (9) \_\_\_\_\_ their youngest member!

She quickly got used to scoring goals and (10) \_\_\_\_\_ under pressure.

- |                  |               |             |                 |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) have been; | b) been;      | c) be;      | d) being;       |
| 2. a) wouldn't;  | b) shouldn't; | c) needn't; | d) couldn't;    |
| 3. a) were;      | b) being;     | c) is;      | d) having been; |
| 4. a) has been;  | b) had been;  | c) was;     | d) were;        |
| 5. a) had;       | b) has;       | c) have;    | d) having;      |
| 6. a) shall;     | b) should;    | c) would;   | d) will;        |
| 7. a) uses;      | b) used;      | c) using;   | d) have used;   |
| 8. a) gets;      | b) have got;  | c) got;     | d) get;         |
| 9. a) has been;  | b) was;       | c) been;    | d) being;       |
| 10. a) being;    | b) be;        | c) is;      | d) was;         |

**V. Choose the correct word:**

1. She ... him into handing over all his savings.

- |             |             |              |              |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| a) cheated; | b) chatted; | c) deceived; | d) betrayed; |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|

2. ... your work before handing it in.  
 a) Check;            b) Examine;            c) Inspect;            d) Audit;
3. Please ... that your password was entered correctly.  
 a) check;            b) assure;            c) verify;            d) check yourself;
4. She felt ... and full of energy.  
 a) merry;            b) bright;            c) cheery;            d) jolly;
5. He's a spoilt little ...!  
 a) child;            b) baby;            c) kid;            d) brat;
6. She had a very happy, carefree .....  
 a) childhood;            b) adulthood;            c) maturity;            d) puberty;
7. Although she was older than her husband, she was emotionally quite ....  
 a) undeveloped;            b) immature;            c) underdeveloped;            d) childlike;
8. We aim to help students make a more informed career ....  
 a) choice;            b) pick;            c) nomination;            d) election;
9. What is your ... song?  
 a) choice;            b) favourite;            c) preference;            d) selection;
10. She had to ... between giving up her job or hiring a nanny!  
 a) choose;            b) select;            c) pick;            d) decide;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 5 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. "You went to Chile, didn't you?" "No, but I ... to Peru, which is right next door."  
 a) had gone;            b) did go;            c) was gone;            d) was going;
2. What ....your best experience since you left home?  
 a) has been;            b) was;            c) were;            d) had been;
3. My mother never...me help her with the cooking when I was still living with her.  
 a) gave;            b) allowed;            c) enabled;            d) let;
4. We'd be lost if we ... a map with us.  
 a) hasn't;            b) didn't have;            c) have;            d) has;
5. How did you ... about the changes to the schedule?  
 a) know;            b) knew;            c) have;            d) known;



6. It's a great idea, but ... it will work?  
 a) are you think;    b) do you think;    c) you think;    d) you do think;
7. My sister ... part in ice-skating competitions almost every weekend.  
 a) takes;    b) is taking;    c) taken;    d) took;
8. Tony, ... got time to call Mrs. Roberts?  
 a) do you have;    b) you have;    c) are you;    d) have you;
9. He has only ... got home.  
 a) ever;    b) since    c) yet;    d) just;
10. Unfortunately, Victor ... a day off very often.  
 a) doesn't get;    b) isn't;    c) hasn't got;    d) hasn't been getting;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. She accompanied him ... the guitar.  
 a) with;    b) up;    c) on;    d) at;
2. I managed to accomplish my goal of writing twenty emails ... an evening.  
 a) in;    b) on;    c) at;    d) up;
3. He wasn't sacked from his job – he left ... his own accord.  
 a) in;    b) of;    c) for;    d) on;
4. Everything went ... according to plan.  
 a) off;    b) out;    c) after;    d) up;
5. Our flight was delayed ... account of bad weather.  
 a) up;    b) down;    c) into;    d) on;
6. We'll take your comments ... account.  
 a) on;    b) into;    c) in;    d) with;
7. She is too young to be held accountable ... what she did.  
 a) in;    b) off;    c) of;    d) for;
8. I accused her ... cheating.  
 a) on;    b) with;    c) for;    d) of;
9. It took a while for my eyes to get accustomed ... the dark room.  
 a) at;    b) to;    c) for;    d) on;
10. I went for a walk to get acquainted ... my new neighbourhood.  
 a) at;    b) with;    c) for;    d) to;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Morris Villarroel is a professor of (1) \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ in Madrid, Spain. He is also a life-logger. For the past six years, he has (3) \_\_\_\_ the minutia of his day-to-day life. He uses paper, camera, video and a (4) \_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_ to meticulously record his life. Everything from what time he (6) \_\_\_\_ up, to what (7) \_\_\_\_ he (8) \_\_\_\_, to whether he ate one (9) \_\_\_\_ piece of bread or two for breakfast is recorded.

He said it all began in 2010 when he turned 40. "I was looking back on my life and (9) \_\_\_\_ what did I have to show? I wanted for the next 40 years to have a greater (10) \_\_\_\_ of what I had actually done during those years."

- |                   |                   |                     |                     |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) animals;    | b) animal;        | c) animate;         | d) inanimate;       |
| 2. a) physiology; | b) physiological; | c) physiologically; | d) physiotherapist; |
| 3. a) recording;  | b) records;       | c) record;          | d) recorded;        |
| 4. a) unfit;      | b) fitting;       | c) fitness;         | d) fitted;          |
| 5. a) trackers;   | b) tracker;       | c) tracks;          | d) soundtrack;      |
| 6. a) woke;       | b) waken;         | c) wake;            | d) wakes;           |
| 7. a) clothed;    | b) clothe;        | c) cloth;           | d) clothes;         |
| 8. a) wears;      | b) wear;          | c) wearing;         | d) weary;           |
| 9. a) wondered;   | b) wondering;     | c) wonder;          | d) wonderful;       |
| 10. a) senseless; | b) senses;        | c) sense;           | d) sensed;          |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

I used to wear glasses when I was at school, and so I (1) \_\_\_\_ sport very difficult. I wanted to be (2) \_\_\_\_ in school sports competitions, and I loved the idea of teams (3) \_\_\_\_ against each other, but (4) \_\_\_\_ on the rugby team, for example, meant having to take off my glasses, and that meant that I (5) \_\_\_\_ see! And it's difficult to catch a ball when you can't see it! So, I (6) \_\_\_\_ very good and the captains always (7) \_\_\_\_ sure that I wasn't on their team. This meant I (8) \_\_\_\_ free to (9) \_\_\_\_ other activities, like being on the debating team, and actually I preferred to do things I was good at (10) \_\_\_\_ rather than have everyone laugh at me.

- |                      |               |                |                    |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) finding;       | b) found;     | c) founded;    | d) find;           |
| 2. a) involves;      | b) involving; | c) involved;   | d) should involve; |
| 3. a) would compete; | b) competes;  | c) competing;  | d) compete;        |
| 4. a) was;           | b) were;      | c) be;         | d) being;          |
| 5. a) shan't;        | b) can't;     | c) shouldn't;  | d) couldn't;       |
| 6. a) weren't;       | b) wasn't;    | c) just;       | d) already;        |
| 7. a) make;          | b) made;      | c) shall make; | d) would make;     |

8. a) were;            b) was;            c) is;            d) should;
9. a) doing;            b) did;            c) does;            d) do;
10. a) doing;            b) do;            c) did;            d) should do;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. The procession moved into the village ....  
a) church;            b) temple;            c) cathedral;            d) abbey;
2. She walked the horse round in a ....  
a) circle;            b) ring;            c) disc;            d) hoop;
3. She was not a ... of the island, but had lived there for many years.  
a) citizen;            b) voter;            c) taxpayer;            d) native;
4. The ... of Boston is one of America's most historic cities.  
a) city;            b) town;            c) municipality;            d) metropolis;
5. He has resigned amid corruption ....  
a) accusations;            b) allegations;            c) assertion;            d) contention;
6. They ... for the right to strike.  
a) claim;            b) argue;            c) insist;            d) affirm;
7. We urge as many people as possible to enrol on our management training ....  
a) class;            b) procedure;            c) programme;            d) curriculum;
8. The company organizes a management ....  
a) class;            b) session;            c) lesson;            d) seminar;
9. The whole ... was told to stay behind after classes.  
a) class;            b) grade;            c) year;            d) stream;
10. We need to improve the ... of women and girls in these societies.  
a) post;            b) level;            c) rank;            d) status;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 6 (B)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

1. I ... my literature homework by the time you come home.  
a) have finished;            b) have been finishing;            c) will have finished;            d) will have been finishing;
2. When I grow up, ... an inventor.  
a) I'm being;            b) I'm going to be;            c) I will have been;            d) I will be being.

3. Shirley will ... her research for the next few weeks.  
 a) have done;      b) be doing;      c) have been doing;      d) have been done .
4. Next year, Sam will ... patients at this hospital for twenty-five years.  
 a) have been treating;      b) treat;      c) be treating;      d) be going to treat.
5. "What is it?" "We won't know until ... at it under a microscope."  
 a) we're going to look;      b) we'll have looked;      c) we'll be looking;      d) we're looked;
6. You won't get any radio reception while ... through the tunnel.  
 a) you're driven;      b) you'll drive;      c) you're driving;      d) you'll be; driving;
7. "I'm going to set up the equipment in a minute." "... give you a hand?"  
 a) Shall I;      b) Will I;      c) Would I;      d) Do I;
8. Everyone expects Jonson to ... Smith in today's final.  
 a) beat;      b) score;      c) win;      d) champion;
9. The ... in the stadium all cheered the athletes.  
 a) overseers;      b) witnesses;      c) spectators;      d) onlookers;
10. I got a new baseball ... yesterday.  
 a) stick;      b) club;      c) racket;      d) bat;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. He's acquired a reputation ... being difficult to work with.  
 a) by;      b) over;      c) for;      d) to;
2. The jury acquitted her ... murder.  
 a) in;      b) of;      c) through;      d) on;
3. His parents went ... an acrimonious divorce.  
 a) off;      b) through;      c) over;      d) along;
4. TEFL is an acronym ... Teaching English as a Foreign Language.  
 a) on;      b) for;      c) from;      d) in;
5. A smile spread ... his face.  
 a) over;      b) on;      c) across;      d) to;
6. I can't climb ... that wall.  
 a) on;      b) across;      c) by;      d) over;
7. The house across the road from us is ... sale.  
 a) for;      b) on;      c) in;      d) at;
8. ... a typical act of generosity they refused to accept any money.  
 a) For;      b) To;      c) On;      d) In;

9. She seems very happy but she's just putting ... an act.

- a) into;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) in;

10. She caught him in the act of looking ... the papers on her desk.

- a) on;                      b) through;                      c) along;                      d) at;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Over the past 6 years he has taken over a million (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Over the past year (2) \_\_\_\_\_, Morris has taken 1,200 photos a day and (3) \_\_\_\_\_ up a total of 37 logbooks recording everything. He wears a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ that automatically takes one photo every 30 seconds. He says his wife and kids are (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of his (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_, but he does take his camera off during (8) \_\_\_\_\_ moments.

Wearable cameras, like the one Morris uses, (9) \_\_\_\_\_ take photos twice a minute. As you can (10) \_\_\_\_\_, users often end up taking lots of meaningless photos like the steering wheel of their car.

1. a) photograph;    b) photographs;    c) photocopy;    d) photocopier;  
2. a) loner;    b) lonely;    c) alone;    d) loneliness;  
3. a) filled;    b) fill;    c) filling;    d) fills;  
4. a) cameramen;    b) cameraman;    c) cameras;    d) camera;  
5. a) support;    b) supportive;    c) supporter;    d) supported;  
6. a) strange;    b) strangely;    c) strangeness;    d) stranger;  
7. a) habits;    b) habit;    c) habitable;    d) uninhabitable;  
8. a) privates;    b) privately;    c) private;    d) privatisation;  
9. a) automatically;    b) automatic;    c) automation;    d) automobile;  
10. a) imagining;    b) imagine;    c) imaginative;    d) imagination;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Ages, eras and wars (1) \_\_\_\_\_ always be defined after they are over, or at least well after they (2) \_\_\_\_\_ started. In the year 1914, for example, no one (3) \_\_\_\_\_: 'Tomorrow (4) \_\_\_\_\_ going to go and fight in the First World War: 'Why not? Because it wasn't generally called the First World War until the Second World War had started. Similarly, no one ever said: 'Next year (5) \_\_\_\_\_ be the start of the Industrial Revolution. 'The era now known as the Industrial Revolution only started being called that once it was well under way.'

By the time we (6) \_\_\_\_\_ old, we will all (7) \_\_\_\_\_ experienced enormous technological advances. We might even (8) \_\_\_\_\_ walking round with computer chips implanted in our bodies, or perhaps computer chip technology will have (9) \_\_\_\_\_ replaced by even more advanced technology. There's talk at the moment that human skin itself (10) \_\_\_\_\_ make an excellent electronic circuit board.

- |                   |           |            |             |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1. a) would;      | b) will;  | c) should; | d) shall;   |
| 2. a) has;        | b) have;  | c) had;    | d) having;  |
| 3. a) will say;   | b) says;  | c) said;   | d) saying;  |
| 4. a) I'm;        | b) I'd;   | c) I've;   | d) I'll;    |
| 5. a) should;     | b) would; | c) shall;  | d) will;    |
| 6. a) are;        | b) was;   | c) were;   | d) is;      |
| 7. a) would have; | b) had;   | c) have;   | d) had had; |
| 8. a) was;        | b) are;   | c) be;     | d) were;    |
| 9. a) been;       | b) being; | c) had;    | d) be;      |
| 10. a) would;     | b) could; | c) should; | d) might;   |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. The books in the library are ... according to subject.
 

a) classified;	b) filed;	c) sorted;	d) classed;
----------------	-----------	------------	-------------
2. ... the fruit thoroughly before eating.
 

a) Clean;	b) Wash;	c) Clear;	d) Cleanse;
-----------	----------	-----------	-------------
- 3.) ... and rinse the pasta.
 

a) Clear;	b) Empty;	c) Drain;	d) Unload;
-----------	-----------	-----------	------------
4. It is not ... what they want us to do.
 

a) clear;	b) obvious;	c) apparent;	d) evident;
-----------	-------------	--------------	-------------
5. Teachers should encourage students to write in ... English.
 

a) explicit;	b) plain;	c) express;	d) accessible;
--------------	-----------	-------------	----------------
6. The sky was a pale ... blue.
 

a) transparent;	b) translucent;	c) colourless;	d) claivoyant;
-----------------	-----------------	----------------	----------------
7. He slowly ... the steps.
 

a) rose;	b) raised;	c) lifted;	d) mounted;
----------	------------	------------	-------------
8. The coins ... into the slot in the machine.
 

a) clinked;	b) beeped;	c) rang;	d) jingled;
-------------	------------	----------	-------------
9. She ... her passport and money in the safe.
 

a) closed;	b) shut;	c) locked;	d) slammed;
------------	----------	------------	-------------
10. Thousands of buildings ...in the earthquake.
 

a) collapsed;	b) demolished;	c) folded;	d) flopped;
---------------	----------------	------------	-------------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 7 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. We ... lived next to the gym for a couple of months before I decided to join.  
a) have;                      b) has;                      c) is;                      d) had;
2. I'd travel the world if I...rich.  
a) am;                      b) became;                      c) become;                      d) were;
3. The computer is said to...invented hundreds of years ago.  
a) have been;                      b) has;                      c) were;                      d) had;
4. Andrea and Silvio's friendship...when they were students.  
a) start;                      b) starting;                      c) started;                      d) to start;
5. Nobody went to school because it...such a lovely day.  
a) were;                      b) was;                      c) be;                      d) to be;
6. Mr Connors ... two houses and a villa in the south of France.  
a) owned;                      b) was owning;                      c) were owning;                      d) owning;
7. I ... my homework as soon as I got home from school.  
a) to do;                      b) doing;                      c) did;                      d) was doing;
8. A car came round the corner and I ... out of the way.  
a) to jump;                      b) jumped;                      c) was jumping;                      d) jumping;
9. When my dad met my mum, he ... as a bus driver.  
a) to work;                      b) works;                      c) was working;                      d) worked;
10. I ... up at six o'clock every morning last week!  
a) have got;                      b) was getting;                      c) have got;                      d) got;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. They should be judged ... their actions, not by what they say.  
a) by;                      b) on;                      c) with;                      d) at;
2. He is going to take legal action ... the hospital.  
a) for;                      b) after;                      c) against;                      d) up;
3. The bus was adapted ... disabled people.  
a) in;                      b) for;                      c) at;                      d) of;
4. He was quick to adapt himself ... the new system.  
a) to;                      b) down;                      c) in;                      d) on;

5. He was sitting ... the top of the stairs.

- a) up;                                      b) down;                                      c) at;                                      d) on;

6. They've got a new addition ... the family.

- a) to;                                      b) off;                                      c) into;                                      d) out;

7. She speaks five foreign languages ... addition to English.

- a) out;                                      b) in;                                      c) for;                                      d) up for;

8. They set ... an ad hoc committee to discuss the matter.

- a) out;                                      b) off;                                      c) for;                                      d) up;

9. A scream came ... the adjoining room.

- a) from;                                      b) down;                                      c) for;                                      d) off;

10. The trial was adjourned ... the following week.

- a) out;                                      b) off;                                      c) until;                                      d) for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

One researcher is working on a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for a life-logging camera. It will be a wearable camera that is (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ rate (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Instead of (6) \_\_\_\_\_ photos every 30 seconds, it will only take photos when the person's heart (7) \_\_\_\_\_ rises.

While (8) \_\_\_\_\_ wearable life-logging cameras may never become (9) \_\_\_\_\_, these days almost everyone has a camera in their phone and the (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to record our lives is strong.

1. a) unique;                                      b) unisex;                                      c) unison;                                      d) union;  
2. a) twist;                                      b) twisted;                                      c) twisting;                                      d) twists;  
3. a) connected;                                      b) connect;                                      c) connects;                                      d) connector;  
4. a) hearten;                                      b) heart;                                      c) dishearten;                                      d) heartfelt;  
5. a) monitored;                                      b) monitoring;                                      c) monitors;                                      d) monitor;  
6. a) randomly;                                      b) random;                                      c) random-access;                                      d) randy;  
7. a) rating;                                      b) rates;                                      c) rate;                                      d) ratification;  
8. a) wearable;                                      b) weary;                                      c) wearily;                                      d) weariness;  
9. a) main;                                      b) mainstream;                                      c) stream;                                      d) mainland;  
10. a) compulsive;                                      b) compel;                                      c) compulsion;                                      d) compulsory;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

The editor (1) \_\_\_\_\_ an e-mail to every journalist on the news desk (2) \_\_\_\_\_ that there would be an emergency editorial meeting at one o'clock. I (3) \_\_\_\_\_ heard about the problems the paper was facing and I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from one of my colleagues that the paper might be going to close. Whatever it was, it was likely (5) \_\_\_\_\_ bad news. At the meeting, the editor told us (6)



\_\_\_\_\_ not to tell anyone else yet, but the paper had been (7) \_\_\_\_\_ by Ronald Murdock. He said he had only been informed (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the decision that morning. We were all so surprised by the news that nobody knew what to say. I made a comment to a colleague that it was time to start (9) \_\_\_\_\_ a new job. The editor heard this, and finally managed to persuade us not (10) \_\_\_\_\_ until we had seen what changes would be made.

- |                        |                    |                 |                   |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) sending;         | b) sent;           | c) will send;   | d) would send;    |
| 2. a) announcing;      | b) shall announce; | c) announces;   | d) announced;     |
| 3. a) had;             | b) has;            | c) will have;   | d) would have;    |
| 4. a) shall have;      | b) hearing;        | c) hear;        | d) heard;         |
| 5. a) being;           | b) to be;          | c) being;       | d) having been;   |
| 6. a) hysterical;      | b) hysterically;   | c) hysteric;    | d) hysterics;     |
| 7. a) taken over;      | b) taking over;    | c) taken up;    | d) taking on;     |
| 8. a) late;            | b) belated;        | c) belatedly;   | d) currently      |
| 9. a) to look;         | b) to look after;  | c) looking for; | d) looking after; |
| 10. a) to be quitting; | b) quit;           | c) having quit; | d) to quit;       |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- What was the last item of the... you bought?  
a) clothes;                      b) clothing;                      c) garment;                      d) dress;
- The hills were shrouded in ....  
a) cloud;                      b) smog;                      c) mist;                      d) obscurity;
- It was a dark, ... winter night.  
a) frosty;                      b) misty;                      c) grey;                      d) foggy;
- He was a slim man, with ... skin and clear blue eyes.  
a) coarse;                      b) rough;                      c) spiky;                      d) leathery;
- We could see tourists sunbathing on the ....  
a) coast;                      b) beach;                      c) seaside;                      d) coastline;
- She threw a heavy woollen ... over the shoulders.  
a) coat;                      b) jacket;                      c) cloak;                      d) waistcoat;
- The stream was icy ....  
a) cold;                      b) cool;                      c) cutting;                      d) chill;
- His legs ... under him when he got out of bed.  
a) collapsed;                      b) crumbled;                      c) disengaged;                      d) disintegrated;
- I think I must have a... after that, because I don't remember anything more.  
a) drop-out                      b) faint;                      c) drop;                      d) collapse;
- Detectives have spent months ... evidence.  
a) assembling;                      b) gathering;                      c) cumulating;                      d) accruing;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 8 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Taxi drivers ... stopping at the train station because of the road works.  
a) hasn't been;    b) hadn't been;    c) aren't;    d) 'm not;
2. I ... to all the local newspapers and TV stations to complain.  
a) have already written; b) have already been writing; c) already write;d) already writing;
3. ... TV for the last four hours? Turn it off and get some exercise!  
a) Do you watch;    b) Watched you; c) Have you been watching; d) Are you watching;
4. Jessica has ... left, I'm afraid.  
a) already;    b) so far;    c) yet;    d) still;
5. Eric, ... hockey competitively or just for fun?  
a) do you usually play;    b) are you usually playing; c) have you usually been playing;  
d) have you usually played;
6. Actually, I ... a cup of tea first thing every morning but then I switch to coffee.  
a) have drunk;    b) have been drinking; c) do drink;    d) am drinking
7. Dan ... in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  
a) sleeps;    b) has slept;    c) does sleep;    d) is sleeping
8. ... to Ipswich before?  
a) Do you ever go; b) Are you ever going; c) Have you ever been;    d) Have you ever been going
9. Unfortunately, Simone ... a day off very often.  
a) doesn't get; b) isn't getting;    c) hasn't got;    d) hasn't been getting
10. That's the first time ... an answer right today!  
a) I have got; b) I have been getting;    c) I get;    d) I am getting;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. She found it hard to adjust ... working at night.  
a) on;    b) after;    c) to;    d) up;
2. A lot of the teachers' time is taken ... by administration.  
a) in;    b) off;    c) for;    d) up;
3. She dealt ... the problem admirably.  
a) with;    b) by;    c) on;    d) at;
4. I have great admiration ... what he's done.  
a) at;    b) for;    c) with;    d) to;

5. Everyone admired the way he dealt ... the problem.

- a) down;                      b) up;                      c) in;                      d) with;

6. I've always admired her ... being such a wonderful mother.

- a) in;                      b) for;                      c) at;                      d) on;

7. We stopped ... the top of the hill to admire the view.

- a) to;                      b) of;                      c) at;                      d) on;

8. Admissions to British universities have increased ... 15% this year.

- a) by;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) down;

9. The museum charges half-price admission ... Mondays.

- a) in;                      b) over;                      c) at;                      d) on;

10. The journalist tried to gain admittance ... to the minister's office.

- a) down;                      b) in;                      c) to;                      d) off;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

At (1) \_\_\_\_\_ concerts and (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_, a sea of hands (4) \_\_\_\_\_ cell phones over their heads is a(n) (5) \_\_\_\_\_ sight. Seeing (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and other moments of natural (7) \_\_\_\_\_ also (8) \_\_\_\_\_ the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to preserve the moment.

These days even taking pictures of food and posting them on social media has become (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) alive;                      b) lively;                      c) live;                      d) liveliness;  
2. a) tourist;                      b) touristic;                      c) tourists;                      d) tourism;  
3. a) attractions;                      b) attraction;                      c) attractive;                      d) unattractive;  
4. a) hold;                      b) holding;                      c) holds;                      d) holder;  
5. a) uncommon;                      b) commonest;                      c) commonly;                      d) common;  
6. a) sunshine;                      b) sunrise;                      c) sunsets;                      d) sunset;  
7. a) beauty;                      b) beauties;                      c) beautiful;                      d) beautifully;  
8. a) triggering;                      b) trigger;                      c) triggered;                      d) triggers;  
9. a) desiring;                      b) desired;                      c) desire;                      d) desires;  
10. a) trend;                      b) trendier;                      c) trendiest;                      d) trendy;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

I'm an only child. People often say to me: 'Wouldn't you be a lot happier if you (1) \_\_\_\_\_ brothers and sisters?' but I don't see it like that. It's true that if I (2) \_\_\_\_\_ a brother or sister, I (3) \_\_\_\_\_ someone closer to my own age to talk and play with at home, but I don't think that's very important (4) \_\_\_\_\_ you (5) \_\_\_\_\_ close friends, which I do. If my parents (6) \_\_\_\_\_ more children,

they wouldn't be able to spend so much time with me. And we have great fun together! Also, if I (7) \_\_\_\_ a brother or sister, (8) \_\_\_\_ I to share a bedroom with them. That might be fun, but what (9) \_\_\_\_ happen if I wanted to play my CDs and he or she had to study? No – I don't want a brother or sister, unless it (10) \_\_\_\_, of course. In that case, I'll think it's the best thing in the world!

- |                     |                    |                |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) will have;    | b) has;            | c) was having; | d) had;            |
| 2. a) had;          | b) would have;     | c) will have;  | d) should have;    |
| 3. a) had;          | b) would have;     | c) had had;    | d) would have had; |
| 4. a) will provide; | b) should provide; | c) providing;  | d) provided;       |
| 5. a) have;         | b) had;            | c) have had;   | d) would have;     |
| 6. a) should have;  | b) had;            | c) has;        | d) will have;      |
| 7. a) will have;    | b) would have had; | c) has had;    | d) had;            |
| 8. a) has had;      | b) have had;       | c) 'd have;    | d) had;            |
| 9. a) should;       | b) would;          | c) will;       | d) shall;          |
| 10. a) happen;      | b) happens;        | c) happening;  | d) has happened;   |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- Her paintings capture the subtle ... of the countryside in autumn.  
a) colour;                      b) shade;                      c) hue;                      d) tint;
- The hills were shrouded in ....  
a) vapour;                      b) mist;                      c) drizzle;                      d) spray
- It was a small but ... garden.  
a) coloured;                      b) colourful;                      c) flamboyant;                      d) lurid;
- This charming hotel is a delightful ... of the old and the new.  
a) combination;                      b) mixture;                      c) blend;                      d) composite;
- The two companies have ... to achieve greater efficiency.  
a) combined;                      b) integrated;                      c) merged;                      d) associated;
- She ... to work wearing a very smart suit.  
a) came;                      b) approached;                      c) drew;                      d) arrived;
- The day of wedding finally ....  
a) came;                      b) arrived;                      c) approached;                      d) neared;
- We stopped in a ... little café for a cup of tea..  
a) comfortable;                      b) cosy;                      c) snug;                      d) homely;
- She ... that it was getting late.  
a) noticed;                      b) noted;                      c) remarked;                      d) observed;
- She received a ... to write a play for the festival.  
a) committee;                      b) council;                      c) commission;                      d) board;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 9 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- Remember to go to the training, ... you?  
a) shan't;                      b) wouldn't;                      c) won't;                      d) will;
- I'm not going with you, I ... this film twice.  
a) saw;                      b) seeing;                      c) had seen;                      d) have seen;
- I'd like to take ... cookery lessons.  
a) on;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) at;
- The service was so bad that I really felt I had to ... a formal complaint.  
a) do;                      b) make;                      c) get;                      d) put;
- I ... my teacher.  
a) likes;                      b) like;                      c) would like;                      d) am liking;
- They've ... a new Porsche to New York.  
a) drive;                      b) driven;                      c) drive;                      d) drove;
- Is ... a safe in your office? Yes, behind the picture.  
a) its;                      b) it;                      c) there;                      d) their;
- His mother looks ... his children.  
a) after;                      b) for;                      c) from;                      d) at;
- Nowadays many processes ....  
a) computerize;                      b) are computerized;                      c) has been computerized;                      d) computerized;
- The car skidded and I thought we ... crash.  
a) will;                      b) were going to;                      c) would be;                      d) would;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- She was admonished ... arriving late at work.  
a) on;                      b) for;                      c) out;                      d) at;
- We set ... work without further ado.  
a) down;                      b) on;                      c) to;                      d) at;
- What approach did you adopt when dealing ... the problem?  
a) at;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) with;
- This film is suitable ... both adults and children.  
a) over;                      b) to;                      c) for;                      d) from;

5. She asked ... an advance on her salary.  
 a) for;                    b) on;                    c) to;                    d) in;
6. You should book tickets for the concert well ... advance.  
 a) in;                    b) on;                    c) at;                    d) off;
7. There are good opportunities ... advancement if you have the right skills.  
 a) out;                    b) for;                    c) in;                    d) over;
8. Her experience gave her an advantage ... the other applicants.  
 a) over;                    b) on;                    c) at;                    d) among;
9. Living abroad means he has the advantage of being fluent ... two languages  
 a) in                    b) over;                    c) up;                    d) on;
10. Some runners try to gain an unfair advantage ... taking drugs.  
 a) for;                    b) by;                    c) in;                    d) at;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

And of course, (1) \_\_\_\_\_, weddings and kids sporting events bring out the amateur photographer in most people.

Of course, not all (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is (3) \_\_\_\_\_. And (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to have photos to help us (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the past isn't always a (6) \_\_\_\_\_ thing, but it can (7) \_\_\_\_\_ out of hand. The (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to capture the moment can sometimes (9) \_\_\_\_\_ us to miss the moment. What do you think? Is recording our lives causing us to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ out on living our lives?

1. a) birth;                    b) birthday;                    c) birthdays;                    d) birthplace;
2. a) photography; b) photograph;                    c) photographs;                    d) photo;
3. a) healthily;                    b) health;                    c) healthy;                    d) unhealthy;
4. a) wanting;                    b) want;                    c) wants;                    d) wanted;
5. a) remembers;                    b) remember;                    c) remembered;                    d) remembering;
6. a) baddie;                    b) baddy;                    c) bad;                    d) baddies;
7. a) getting ;                    b) got;                    c) get;                    d) gets;
8. a) desire;                    b) desired;                    c) desiring;                    d) desires;
9. a) causing;                    b) cause;                    c) caused;                    d) causes;
10. a) miss;                    b) missed;                    c) misses;                    d) missing;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Some of us (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to be infinitely kind, while others seem to (2) \_\_\_\_\_ down on everyone around them. Some of us never forget an argument, while others (3) \_\_\_\_\_ up and forgive easily. As we (4) \_\_\_\_\_ up, our personality develops and we find that we (5) \_\_\_\_\_ on with certain people

more than others. Who we are seems to have a large genetic element, but is also influenced by those who (6) \_\_\_\_ us up. If we (7) \_\_\_\_ up to our parents or other family members, we may want to be like them. On the other hand, if our parents seem to (8) \_\_\_\_ us down all the time and we (9) \_\_\_\_ out with them a lot, then perhaps we (10) \_\_\_\_ develop quite different personalities.

- |               |                |                 |                |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. a) seems;  | b) shall seem; | c) will seem;   | d) seem;       |
| 2. a) looks;  | b) look;       | c) would look;  | d) looking;    |
| 3. a) make;   | b) have made;  | c) had made;    | d) will make;  |
| 4. a) grows;  | b) grew;       | c) grow;        | d) had grown;  |
| 5. a) get;    | b) will get;   | c) would get;   | d) shall get;  |
| 6. a) brings; | b) bringing;   | c) bring;       | d) will bring; |
| 7. a) looks;  | b) will look;  | c) shall look;  | d) look;       |
| 8. a) put;    | b) have put;   | c) putting;     | d) had put;    |
| 9. a) fell;   | b) fall;       | c) have fallen; | d) had fallen; |
| 10. a) will;  | b) would;      | c) shall;       | d) should;     |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- They finished in the ... first place.
 

a) common;	b) public;	c) joint;	d) collective;
------------	------------	-----------	----------------
- He carefully avoided eye ....
 

a) communication;	b) contact;	c) dealings;	d) correspondence;
-------------------	-------------	--------------	--------------------
- There needs to be more support for the elderly in the ....
 

a) community;	b) society;	c) population;	d) the public;
---------------	-------------	----------------	----------------
- She got a job with the city's oldest and most prestigious law ....
 

a) syndicate;	b) firm;	c) business;	d) operation;
---------------	----------	--------------	---------------
- New information is ... against existing data in the computer.
 

a) compared;	b) contrasted;	c) juxtaposed;	d) matched
--------------	----------------	----------------	------------
- Few trees can ... with our native rowan for ease of cultivation.
 

a) compare;	b) match;	c) rival;	d) equal;
-------------	-----------	-----------	-----------
- Nothing can ... for the death of a loved one.
 

a) compensate;	b) offset;	c) counter;	d) balance;
----------------	------------	-------------	-------------
- The employer has a duty to pay full ... for injuries received at work.
 

a) compensation;	b) refund;	c) rebate;	d) award;
------------------	------------	------------	-----------
- You will be ... for any loss or damage caused by our company.
 

a) repaid;	b) paid back;	c) reimbursed;	d) refunded;
------------	---------------	----------------	--------------
- A red blood cell count and blood pressure were ... recorded.
 

a) routinely;	b) often;	c) frequently;	d) occasionally;
---------------	-----------	----------------	------------------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 10 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If you don't work hard now, you risk ... your exams.  
a) to be failed;                      b) been failing;                      c) failing;                      d) be failing;
2. I'd like to say that if more people ... by bicycle, the atmosphere would be better.  
a) will travel;                      b) travelled;                      c) to travel;                      d) travel;
3. If I lived near my school, I ... there by bicycle or even on foot.  
a) went;                      b) going;                      c) would to go;                      d) would go;
4. If we ... a good rest, we will be full of energy and we can do everything better.  
a) take;                      b) taken;                      c) took;                      d) will take;
5. If we ... any free time during the term, we can organize a school excursion.  
a) having;                      b) have;                      c) will have;                      d) had;
6. If I ... a computer, I would have to spend all day in front of it.  
a) bought;                      b) buy;                      c) will buy;                      d) have buy;
7. I've joined a gym ... myself fitter.  
a) got;                      b) to get;                      c) getting;                      d) get;
8. I think she ... a really happy person because she's always smiling and laughing.  
a) be;                      b) has been;                      c) been;                      d) must be;
9. We've decided ... the race early in the morning before it gets too hot.  
a) hold;                      b) to hold;                      c) held;                      d) been  
holding;
10. I decided to ... the afternoon in the park;  
a) spent;                      b) have been spending;                      c) spend;                      d) have spent;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Our journey ... the jungle was quite an adventure!  
a) along;                      b) on;                      c) through;                      d) up;
2. I'm not an adventurous cook – I like to stick ... recipes I know.  
a) to;                      b) away;                      c) in;                      d) off;
3. The magazine gets a lot of money ... advertising.  
a) of;                      b) from;                      c) out;                      d) in;
4. The newspaper article advised ... eating too much meat.  
a) away;                      b) off;                      c) around;                      d) against;



5. She advises the Government ... economic affairs.  
 a) on;                                      b) to;                                      c) up to;                                      d) over;
6. The columns are there ... purely aesthetic reasons.  
 a) in;                                      b) for;                                      c) around;                                      d) on;
7. The whole community was affected ... the tragedy.  
 a) off;                                      b) by;                                      c) through;                                      d) on;
8. Smoking can have a bad effect ... your health.  
 a) of;                                      b) at;                                      c) on;                                      d) in;
9. Our local club is affiliated ... the national association.  
 a) to;                                      b) at;                                      c) off;                                      d) for;
10. He had always had an affinity ... wild and lonely places.  
 a) up to;                                      b) at;                                      c) by;                                      d) for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

While on (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in one of the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_, a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_\_ was taking a morning (6) \_\_\_\_\_ along the beach after breakfast. He arrived at a (7) \_\_\_\_\_ just as a small boat was (8) \_\_\_\_\_. Inside the vessel was a young (9) \_\_\_\_\_ with two (10) \_\_\_\_\_ caught tuna fish.

1. a) vacation;                                      b) vacate;                                      c) vacantly;                                      d) vacant;
2. a) Southern;                                      b) Southerner;                                      c) South;                                      d) southwards;
3. a) island;                                      b) isle;                                      c) isles;                                      d) islands;
4. a) wealth;                                      b) wealthiest;                                      c) wealthier;                                      d) wealthy;
5. a) businesswomen;                                      b) businesswoman;                                      c) businessmen;                                      d) businessman;
6. a) stroll;                                      b) stroller;                                      c) strolling;                                      d) strolls;
7. a) pier;                                      b) piers;                                      c) pierce;                                      d) piercer;
8. a) docked;                                      b) docks;                                      c) dock;                                      d) docking;
9. a) fishermen;                                      b) fisherman;                                      c) fishing;                                      d) fishmonger;
10. a) freshness;                                      b) freshly;                                      c) freshen;                                      d) fresher;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Tasha climbed onto a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ bus which was going to take her to a nearby village. The (2) \_\_\_\_\_ seats looked quite (3) \_\_\_\_\_, so she decided to stand, even though a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ passenger offered her a seat. As the bus moved through the countryside, it filled with women dressed in bright, (5) \_\_\_\_\_ clothes on their way to market to do their weekly shopping. 'This is an (6) \_\_\_\_\_ experience', thought Tasha, who was beginning to feel optimistic about her journey. More passengers climbed aboard laughing and chatting, and the noise became (6) \_\_\_\_\_. Gradually, the bus grew hotter and Tasha began to feel a little (7) \_\_\_\_\_ that she might not get to the door when

the bus reached her stop. Fortunately, though, a (8) \_\_\_\_\_ passenger saw her problem and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to the other passengers to let her (10) \_\_\_\_\_ and suddenly everyone made room for her to get off.

- |                      |                    |                       |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) crowded;       | b) crowding;       | c) crowd;             | d) most crowded;   |
| 2. a) wood;          | b) wooden;         | c) wooding;           | d) unwooded;       |
| 3. a) comfortable;   | b) comfortably;    | c) uncomfortable;     | d) uncomfortably;  |
| 4. a) unthoughtful;  | b) thoughtful;     | c) more thoughtful;   | d) thoughtfulness; |
| 5. a) colourful;     | b) colourfully;    | c) colourfulness;     | d) uncolourful;    |
| 6. a) unforgettably; | b) forgettable;    | c) unforgettably;     | d) unforgettable;  |
| 7. a) nervous;       | b) nervously;      | c) nervousness;       | d) nervosity       |
| 8. a) considerably;  | b) inconsiderable; | c) most considerable; | d) considerate;    |
| 9. a) shouts;        | b) was shouting;   | c) shouted;           | d) has shouted;    |
| 10. a) pass;         | b) be passing;     | c) to pass;           | d) to have passed. |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- Colleges will have to ... to attract the best students.
 

a) compete;	b) fight;	c) battle;	d) contest;
-------------	-----------	------------	-------------
- The rival TV companies are in a ... to bring out the first film drama of her life.
 

a) competition;	b) race;	c) contest;	d) rivalry;
-----------------	----------	-------------	-------------
- He's always ... to me about how badly he's treated at work.
 

a) repining;	b) protesting;	c) objecting;	d) grumbling;
--------------	----------------	---------------	---------------
- We were in ... agreement.
 

a) complete;	b) outright;	c) whole;	d) sheer;
--------------	--------------	-----------	-----------
- This is where the story gets ....
 

a) composite;	b) complicated;	c) elaborate;	d) intricate;
---------------	-----------------	---------------	---------------
- The issue is ... by the fact that a vital document is missing.
 

a) befogged;	b) blurred;	c) bedimmed;	d) beclouded;
--------------	-------------	--------------	---------------
- He spoke with studied ....
 

a) composure;	b) poise;	c) calm;	d) cool;
---------------	-----------	----------	----------
- In any relationship, you have to make a....
 

a) compromise;	b) concession;	c) trade-off;	d) sop;
----------------	----------------	---------------	---------
- There is growing ... that fighting will begin again.
 

a) concern;	b) worry;	c) anxiety;	d) apprehension;
-------------	-----------	-------------	------------------
- A red blood cell count and blood pressure were ... recorded.
 

a) often;	b) frequently;	c) routinely;	d) occasionally;
-----------	----------------	---------------	------------------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 11 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I don't want to ... too much time on this project.  
a) spend;                      b) have been spending;                      c) have spent;                      d) spent;
2. I think she ... a really happy person because she's always smiling and laughing.  
a) be;                      b) must be;                      c) has been;                      d) been;
3. We've decided ... the race early in the morning before it gets too hot.  
a) to hold;                      b) hold;                      c) held;                      d) been holding;
4. I've joined a gym ... myself fitter.  
a) got;                      b) get;                      c) getting;                      d) to get;
5. If you train too hard, you risk ... yourself before the race.  
a) been injure;                      b) to be injured;                      c) injuring;                      d) been injuring;
6. If I lived near my school, I ... there by bicycle or even on foot.  
a) would go;                      b) going;                      c) went;                      d) would to go;
7. If we ... any free time during the term, we can organize a school excursion.  
a) will have;                      b) having;                      c) have;                      d) had;
8. If I ... a computer, I would have to spend all day in front of it.  
a) buy;                      b) have bought;                      c) will buy;                      d) bought;
9. If we ... a good rest, we will be full of energy and we can do everything better.  
a) took;                      b) take;                      c) taken;                      d) will take;
10. I'd like to say that if more people ... by bicycle, the atmosphere would be better.  
a) will travel;                      b) travelled;                      c) travel;                      d) to travel;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. He had been afflicted ... a serious illness since childhood.  
a) off;                      b) with;                      c) on;                      d) through;
2. They arrived ... the station after the train had left.  
a) off;                      b) into;                      c) on;                      d) at;
3. The police were ... him.  
a) after;                      b) before;                      c) at;                      d) of;
4. People often react ... this kind of situation with fear or aggression.  
a) to;                      b) by;                      c) at;                      d) up to;

5. Can we agree ... a price?

- a) to;                                      b) of;                                      c) on;                                      d) up;

6. She nodded her head ... agreement.

- a) in;                                      b) on;                                      c) with;                                      d) by;

7. The oil tanker ran aground ... the Spanish coast.

- a) out;                                      b) on;                                      c) around;                                      d) off;

8. Look straight ahead and don't turn ...!

- a) out;                                      b) round;                                      c) away;                                      d) in;

9. Sleep aids recovery ... illness.

- a) in;                                      b) of;                                      c) from;                                      d) up;

10. She picked ... the gun, took aim and fired.

- a) up;                                      b) off;                                      c) on;                                      d) over;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The businessman (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the fisherman on the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ of the fish, asking how long it had taken him (3) \_\_\_\_\_ them. The fisherman said, "Oh, not so long." Then the businessman asked why didn't he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ out longer and catch more fish, to which the fisherman (5) \_\_\_\_\_ that two fish were enough to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his family's (7) \_\_\_\_\_ for the day. "So what do you do with the rest of your day?"

The fisherman said, "Well, I sleep in, I fish a little in the morning, then eat lunch with my (8) \_\_\_\_\_ wife, take a nice long (9) \_\_\_\_\_ in the afternoon, and then (10) \_\_\_\_\_ down into the village each evening to drink wine with my friends and have a few laughs."

1. a) complimented;                      b) compliment;                      c) compliments;                      d) complimentary;
2. a) qualities;                              b) quality;                              c) qualitative;                      d) qualify;
3. a) catching;                              b) caught;                              c) to catch;                              d) catchy;
4. a) staying;                              b) stay;                              c) stayed;                              d) stays;
5. a) replied;                              b) reply;                              c) replies;                              d) replying;
6. a) supportive;                              b) supports;                              c) supporting;                              d) support;
7. a) needs;                              b) need;                              c) needed;                              d) needless;
8. a) lovelier;                              b) loveliness;                              c) love;                              d) lovely;
9. a) original;                              b) origin;                              c) nap;                              d) origins;
10. a) wander;                              b) wandering;                              c) wanders;                              d) wand;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Hell, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Jean-Paul Sartre, is other people, and whether you agree or not, we all (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to learn to live together. We (3) \_\_\_\_\_ not always approve of other people's behaviour, but we do have to live with it. It is impossible to force other people to behave exactly how we (4)

\_\_\_\_\_ they (5) \_\_\_\_\_ behave. Of course, the law bans all kinds of behaviour and if you (6) \_\_\_\_\_ convince enough people, you (7) \_\_\_\_\_ be able to get the government to pass a new law. Mostly, though, you have to let people live their own lives, in the same way you (8) \_\_\_\_\_ them to allow you to live your life. You don't have to pretend that you like how some other people live, but (9) \_\_\_\_\_ them be themselves (10) \_\_\_\_\_ often the only chance.

- |                      |              |                    |                |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. a) said;          | b) says;     | c) was saying;     | d) had said;   |
| 2. a) have;          | b) had;      | c) has;            | d) are having; |
| 3. a) should;        | b) could;    | c) may;            | d) can;        |
| 4. a) is thinking;   | b) thinks;   | c) thought;        | d) think;      |
| 5. a) shall;         | b) will;     | c) would;          | d) should;     |
| 6. a) can;           | b) could;    | c) will;           | d) would;      |
| 7. a) could;         | b) can;      | c) might;          | d) may;        |
| 8. a) was expecting; | b) expected; | c) were expecting; | d) expect;     |
| 9. a) let;           | b) letting;  | c) lets;           | d) is letting; |
| 10. a) had been;     | b) is;       | c) has been;       | d) were;       |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- Much of the meaning can be ... from the context.
 

a) included;	b) incurred;	c) figured;	d) inferred;
--------------	--------------	-------------	--------------
- They are hoping for a ... in their favour from the European Court of Justice..
 

a) conclusion;	b) finding;	c) judgement;	d) ruling;
----------------	-------------	---------------	------------
- The results of the test were not ....
 

a) conclusive;	b) undeniable;	c) indisputable;	d) unquestionable;
----------------	----------------	------------------	--------------------
- What is the minimum entrance ... for this programme?
 

a) condition;	b) requirement;	c) terms;	d) provision;
---------------	-----------------	-----------	---------------
- There was an air of easy ... and calm about him.
 

a) confidence;	b) self-confidence;	c) assertiveness;	d) assurance;
----------------	---------------------	-------------------	---------------
- The results ... the findings of our earlier research.
 

a) confirm;	b) support;	c) substantiate;	d) validate;
-------------	-------------	------------------	--------------
- Too many young people are unable to write or spell well, as employers will ....
 

a) confirm;	b) verify;	c) certify;	d) testify;
-------------	------------	-------------	-------------
- Good, that's ..., then.
 

a) confirmed;	b) settled;	c) determined;	d) clinched;
---------------	-------------	----------------	--------------
- The story tells of a classic ... between love and duty.
 

a) conflict;	b) contradiction;	c) clash;	d) collision;
--------------	-------------------	-----------	---------------
- The two stories ... each other.
 

a) conflict;	b) contrast;	c) contradict;	d) clash;
--------------	--------------	----------------	-----------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 12 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- The advertising campaign is aimed ... young people.  
a) for;                                      b) at;                                      c) in;                                      d) on;
- This radio station is ... the air 24 hours a day.  
a) by;                                      b) into;                                      c) off;                                      d) on;
- Put the sheets ... the washing line to air.  
a) on;                                      b) over;                                      c) across;                                      d) at;
- The airbag protects the people sitting ... the front.  
a) off;                                      b) on;                                      c) at;                                      d) in;
- It was an airlift of food and medical supplies ... the besieged city.  
a) by;                                      b) at;                                      c) to;                                      d) from;
- She jumped ... in alarm.  
a) off;                                      b) up;                                      c) down;                                      d) back;
- The burglars set ... the alarm when they broke the window.  
a) off;                                      b) into;                                      c) up;                                      d) on;
- The Prime Minister's new policies ... defence have alienated many of his supporters.  
a) by;                                      b) on;                                      c) in;                                      d) at;
- The book is popular ... adults and children alike.  
a) on;                                      b) with;                                      c) along;                                      d) by;
- The journey should take about two hours, allowing ... heavy traffic.  
a) for;                                      b) of;                                      c) about;                                      d) off;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- Eating too much chocolate really isn't good ... you.  
a) to;                                      b) for;                                      c) at;                                      d) with;
- What is the government doing about the fact that dozens of local businesses keep closing ... every month?  
a) up;                                      b) out;                                      c) in;                                      d) down;
- But you promised to help me with this job – you can't back ... now!  
a) out;                                      b) on;                                      c) down;                                      d) up;
- How did you come ... that painting?  
a) on;                                      b) into;                                      c) up;                                      d) by;

5. At the age of sixteen Peter suddenly came ... a fortune.  
 a) in;                                      b) out;                                      c) into;                                      d) off;
6. Tom was asking ... you and I told him you were fine.  
 a) about;                                      b) after;                                      c) at;                                      d) on;
7. All guests must check ... by noon.  
 a) in;                                      b) off;                                      c) out;                                      d) at;
8. I'll be amazed if this stupid plan comes ....  
 a) of;                                      b) off;                                      c) into;                                      d) down;
9. If you give me your passport, I'll go to the desk to check ....  
 a) out;                                      b) in;                                      c) off;                                      d) down;
10. The manager said that the situation called ... some difficult decisions.  
 a) for;                                      b) of;                                      c) at;                                      d) in;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The businessman (1) \_\_\_\_\_ his head and (2) \_\_\_\_\_ at the fisherman. He said, "Look, let me help you. You're doing this all (3) \_\_\_\_\_. What you should be doing is (4) \_\_\_\_\_ more time (5) \_\_\_\_\_ each day. Then you can (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ fish you (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for a profit, which you can use to buy a bigger boat. And with the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ from the bigger boat, you could buy several more big boats and start operating a whole fleet of fishing boats. Then you can sell your fish to a (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) shaking;                                      b) shook;                                      c) shake;                                      d) shaken;
2. a) scoffing;                                      b) scoff;                                      c) scoffed;                                      d) scoffer;
3. a) wrongly;                                      b) wrongful;                                      c) wrong;                                      d) wronged;
4. a) spendthrift;                                      b) spends;                                      c) spent;                                      d) spending;
5. a) fishing;                                      b) fishy;                                      c) fishier;                                      d) fishiest;
6. a) sells;                                      b) sell;                                      c) best-seller;                                      d) best-selling;
7. a) extras;                                      b) extra;                                      c) extra-curricular;                                      d) extradition;
8. a) caught;                                      b) catch;                                      c) catching;                                      d) catchy;
9. a) proceeded;                                      b) proceed;                                      c) proceedings;                                      d) proceeds;
10. a) middleman;                                      b) middlemen;                                      c) middling;                                      d) middlings;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

There are (1) \_\_\_\_\_ different kinds of computer game. Casual games are quick and easy to play. People can pick up and play the game (2) \_\_\_\_\_ they have a spare minute or two. You can find (3) \_\_\_\_\_ on your mobile phone, on your computer and even on your television. They include popular games (4) \_\_\_\_\_ Solitaire and Tetris. (5) \_\_\_\_\_ type of game is serious games. These

games are designed to teach players something useful. One of the (6) \_\_\_\_\_ running serious games is the Microsoft Flight Simulator. It was made in 1982, and since then many pilots (7) \_\_\_\_\_ it to learn to fly planes. Other games teach police and fire fighters what to do in a(n) (8) \_\_\_\_\_. Language learning software does not typically fall into this (9) \_\_\_\_\_, however. These are educational games. In recent years, an (10) \_\_\_\_\_ number of games have been created to improve the player's skills and knowledge.

- |                  |                 |                |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) lots;      | b) many;        | c) much;       | d) most;        |
| 2. a) whenever;  | b) during;      | c) while;      | d) since;       |
| 3. a) their;     | b) it;          | c) its;        | d) them;        |
| 4. a) example;   | b) as;          | c) like;       | d) such;        |
| 5. a) another;   | b) other;       | c) different;  | d) such;        |
| 6. a) oldest;    | b) popular;     | c) greater;    | d) longest;     |
| 7. a) are using; | b) use;         | c) used;       | d) have used;   |
| 8. a) emergency; | b) security     | c) safety;     | d) disadvantage |
| 9. a) game;      | b) group;       | c) system;     | d) way;         |
| 10. a) increase; | b) increasingly | c) increasing; | d) increases;   |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- A ... has broken out over education.  
a) confrontation; b) row; c) showdown; d) clash;
- Scientists are ... as to why so many young people are affected.  
a) eluded; b) dazed; c) mystified; d) baffled;
- He was depressed and in a ... state of mind.  
a) confused; b) puzzled; c) bewildered; d) dazed;
- ... words and phrases jumped out at him.  
a) Confused; b) Discursive; c) Disjointed; d) Rambling;
- The complexity of these 'simplest' forms of life is ....  
a) confusing; b) incomprehensible; c) puzzling; d) bewildering;
- A faulty ... caused the machine to stop.  
a) connection; b) junction; c) seam; d) joint;
- The event had been planned with ... attention to detail.  
a) conscientious; b) meticulous; c) painstaking; d) diligent;
- They were ... in their political outlook.  
a) conservative; b) conventional; c) traditionalist; d) conformist;
- It was a carefully ... decision.  
a) considered; b) thought; c) wondered; d) granted;
- After much ..., we have decided to award the title to Springfield College.  
a) consideration; b) thought; c) look; d) deliberation;



## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 13 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If you ... faith in something, you believe in something you cannot prove.  
a) have;                      b) had;                      c) have had;                      d) will have;
2. If you ... a birthday party, you'll get loads of cool presents!  
a) will have;                      b) are having;                      c) have;                      d) had;
3. If you ... till half past six, we'll have dinner at about eight.  
a) to write;                      b) 're working;                      c) worked;                      d) have worked;
4. If you ... properly, you won't have any problems in the test next week.  
a) revise;                      b) will revise;                      c) have revised;                      d) revised;
5. If you ... into Alex at the concert, you'll be able to get a lift home.  
a) should bump;                      b) will bump;                      c) were bumping;                      d) bump;
6. If you ... to have a birthday party, tell me!  
a) are to decide;                      b) decided;                      c) decide;                      d) should decide;
7. If you ... a beard, you would look just like Charles Dickens!  
a) have;                      b) are having;                      c) have had;                      d) had;
8. If you ... to Rio, would you get there much quicker?  
a) fly;                      b) were flying;                      c) be flying;                      d) have flown
9. If I ... you, I would think very carefully about my future.  
a) will be;                      b) am;                      c) were;                      d) was;
10. I ... about my holiday.  
a) 'll be thinking;                      b) think;                      c) was thinking;                      d) 'm thinking;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I walked slowly ... the road.  
a) along;                      b) opposite;                      c) across;                      d) in front;
2. She seemed to alternate ... hating him and loving him.  
a) across;                      b) off;                      c) among;                      d) between;
3. Although she was tired, she stayed ... late watching TV.  
a) in;                      b) up;                      c) at;                      d) of;
4. You need to carry oxygen when you are climbing ... high altitudes.  
a) into;                      b) at;                      c) on;                      d) up;

5. I was amazed ... the change in his attitude.

- a) off;                                      b) with;                                      c) on;                                      d) by;

6. ... my amazement, he remembered me.

- a) At;                                      b) In;                                      c) For;                                      d) To;

7. Tina was asking ... you and I told her you were fine.

- a) after;                                      b) about;                                      c) for;                                      d) with;

8. I think you are right to demand an apology. Don't back ... now.

- a) down;                                      b) off;                                      c) for;                                      d) up for;

9. You promised you would come with me. You can't back ... now!

- a) out;                                      b) down;                                      c) into;                                      d) up;

10. Our boss might let you have the morning off but I wouldn't bank ... it.

- a) out;                                      b) on;                                      c) for;                                      d) up for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

And then you can open your own (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Then you can control the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_, (4) \_\_\_\_\_, and (5) \_\_\_\_\_. From there you can move to New York or Hong Kong, (6) \_\_\_\_\_ your operations around the (7) \_\_\_\_\_. The fisherman (8) \_\_\_\_\_ about this for a (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and then asked how long it would take. "About 20 years," the businessman (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) can;                                      b) cannery;                                      c) canneries;                                      d) cans;  
2. a) entity;                                      b) entirety;                                      c) entirely;                                      d) entire;  
3. a) catching;                                      b) caught;                                      c) catch;                                      d) catchy;  
4. a) processes;                                      b) process;                                      c) processing;                                      d) processed;  
5. a) distributes;                                      b) distributed;                                      c) distributor;                                      d) distribution;  
6. a) expanding;                                      b) expand;                                      c) expansion;                                      d) expands;  
7. a) globetrotter;                                      b) global;                                      c) globe;                                      d) globes;  
8. a) thought;                                      b) thoughtfully;                                      c) thoughts;                                      d) thoughtful;  
9. a) momentarily;                                      b) momentary;                                      c) moments;                                      d) moment;  
10. a) replied;                                      b) reply;                                      c) replies;                                      d) replying;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Many people dream of (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in a foreign country. It can be an amazing experience for those who (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the courage to leave their family and friends and (3) \_\_\_\_\_ down in a new place. However, there's one potential problem you should be aware of: culture shock. Culture shock is the feeling we get from living in a place that is so different to where we (4) \_\_\_\_\_ up that we are not sure how to deal with. Societies are organised in many different ways, and we can often be (5) \_\_\_\_\_ aback by some of the things we find in foreign countries. Customs and

traditions (6) \_\_\_\_\_ be very different and that can sometimes make it difficult to act on with local people and to (7) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. They (8) \_\_\_\_\_ not approve of things you do or (9) \_\_\_\_\_ object to things you say. You might even be banned from doing things in another country that (10) \_\_\_\_\_ perfectly legal in your own.

- |                   |                  |                     |                     |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) lived;      | b) live;         | c) living;          | d) has been living; |
| 2. a) have;       | b) having;       | c) have had;        | d) will have;       |
| 3. a) settles;    | b) settling;     | c) settled;         | d) settle;          |
| 4. a) have grown; | b) grew;         | c) grow;            | d) will grow;       |
| 5. a) taken;      | b) having taken; | c) have been taken; | d) took;            |
| 6. a) shall;      | b) should;       | c) can;             | d) could;           |
| 7. a) making;     | b) make;         | c) made;            | d) will make;       |
| 8. a) might;      | b) can;          | c) could;           | d) would;           |
| 9. a) could;      | b) can;          | c) may;             | d) might;           |
| 10. a) are;       | b) were          | c) will be;         | d) would be;        |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- The young heroine steps into a web of ... in the academic world.
 

a) conspiracy;	b) scheme;	c) plot;	d) intrigue;
----------------	------------	----------	--------------
- She looked at him with barely disguised ..., as one beneath consideration.
 

a) contempt;	b) despicable;	c) disdain;	d) despisal;
--------------	----------------	-------------	--------------
- You're ... of everything I do. You keep laughing at.
 

a) contemptuous;	b) scathing;	c) mocking;	d) disdain;
------------------	--------------	-------------	-------------
- It was against this ... of racial tension that the civil war began.
 

a) context;	b) background;	c) backdrop;	d) setting;
-------------	----------------	--------------	-------------
- The rain will ... into the evening.
 

a) continue;	b) take;	c) last;	d) go on;
--------------	----------	----------	-----------
- ... smiling!.
 

a) Continue;	b) Keep;	c) Proceed;	d) Pursue;
--------------	----------	-------------	------------
- The doctors struggled to ... his heart.
 

a) continue;	b) renew;	c) resume;	d) restart;
--------------	-----------	------------	-------------
- ... heavy rain held up work on the bridge for more than a week.
 

a) Continuous;	b) Relentless;	c) Continual;	d) Persistent;
----------------	----------------	---------------	----------------
- These clauses form part of the ... between buyer and seller.
 

a) contract;	b) treaty;	c) accord;	d) convention;
--------------	------------	------------	----------------

10. She now has ... over the people who used to be her bosses.

- a) control;            b) power;            c) rule;            d) authority;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 14 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If I ... you, I'd have a party at the weekend.

- a) have been;        b) am;            c) was;            d) has been;

2. If we ... older, we could go on holiday on our own.

- a) were;            b) are;            c) had been;        d) would be;

3. If I ... drive, I'd buy a car.

- a) will;            b) should;        c) could;            d) can;

4. If you ... a fake beard, no one would have known who you were!

- a) will wear;        b) had worn;        c) are wearing;     d) wear;

5. If she ... her new glasses, she would have noticed them.

- a) 'd been wearing; b) were wearing;    c) was wearing;     d) has been wearing;

6. If I ... to my parents, I wouldn't be in so much trouble now.

- a) will listen;        b) was listening;    c) had listened;     d) am listening;

7. If I ... a mobile, I would have called you last night.

- a) have;            b) am having;        c) had had;            d) will have;

8. ... the situation worsen, the United Nations is prepared to send in a peacekeeping force.

- a) Had;            b) Should;            c) Would;            d) Has;

9. ... the situation to worsen, the UN would be prepared to send in a peacekeeping force.

- a) Should;            b) Would;            c) Be;            d) Were;

10. ... the situation worsened, the UN would have been prepared to send in a peacekeeping force.

- a) Had;            b) Would;            c) Were;            d) Has;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Talks between the two countries have completely broken ....

- a) in;            b) down;            c) out;            d) up;

2. Reports are coming in that five prisoners have broken ... of Pentonwood Prison.

- a) out;            b) after;            c) for;            d) up;

3. It seems that the fire broke ... in the kitchen.  
 a) in;                      b) on;                      c) out;                      d) of;
4. The date of the meeting has been brought ... by two weeks.  
 a) forward;              b) out;                      c) after;                      d) up;
5. The photographs brought ... memories of his childhood.  
 a) up;                      b) back;                      c) into;                      d) on;
6. The government have brought ... a new law on dangerous dogs.  
 a) at;                      b) in;                      c) up;                      d) on;
7. Her headaches are brought ... by stress.  
 a) up;                      b) on;                      c) from;                      d) in;
8. When is the company bringing ... its next new model?  
 a) for;                      b) off;                      c) out;                      d) up for;
9. Both Sarah's parents died when she was young and she was brought ... by her grandmother.  
 a) by;                      b) into;                      c) up;                      d) along;
10. I intend to bring the matter ... at the next meeting.  
 a) out;                      b) up;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

“And then what?” asked the fisherman. The businessman (1) \_\_\_\_\_. “That’s the best (2) \_\_\_\_\_. At just the right time, you can (3) \_\_\_\_\_ an IPO (Initial Public Offering), the first time a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from a (5) \_\_\_\_\_ company is (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to the (7) \_\_\_\_\_, sell your (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to the public, and make millions.

You’ll be (9) \_\_\_\_\_!” “Rich, huh? And then what?” The businessman replied, “And then you can retire and move to a small village near the coast, where you can sleep in, fish a little in the morning, eat lunch with your lovely wife, take a nice long nap in the afternoon, and then go into the village to drink wine with your friends and have a few (10) \_\_\_\_\_.”

1. a) laughs;              b) laughing;              c) laugh;                      d) laughed;
2. a) parts;              b) part;                      c) partial;                      d) partially;
3. a) announcer;      b) announcement;      c) announced;              d) announce;
4. a) stock;              b) stocks;                      c) stockbroker;              d) stocking;
5. a) privately;      b) private;                      c) privatise;                      d) privatisation;
6. a) seller;              b) sells;                      c) sell;                      d) sold;
7. a) public;              b) publicly;                      c) publican;                      d) publication;
8. a) stockist;              b) stockbroker;              c) stocks;                      d) stock;
9. a) richness;              b) richest;                      c) rich;                      d) riches;
10. a) laughs;              b) laugh;                      c) laughing;                      d) laughed;

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

'Hello, and welcome to Crimestoppers, the show that (1) \_\_\_\_ you, the viewer, help the police. We (2) \_\_\_\_ had such a lot of letters this week that it's difficult to know where to begin. We (3) \_\_\_\_ start with the story of Mrs Pat Williams, of Cambridge. Last Friday, Pat decided to go into town with her baby daughter. It's too far to walk so they went to the bus stop. They waited such a long time that baby Caroline started to cry. Pat (4) \_\_\_\_ the baby up out of the pram and she was so busy she (5) \_\_\_\_ notice the man beside her until it was too late. He (6) \_\_\_\_ her handbag and ran off too quickly for her to catch him. It all (7) \_\_\_\_ so fast that there was nothing anyone could do. Police are appealing for witnesses. Maybe you were in the area. (8) \_\_\_\_ you think that what you saw is so unimportant that the police (9) \_\_\_\_ be interested? (10) \_\_\_\_ that no detail is too small to be useful to the police. Call us here at Crimestoppers now.'

- |                     |              |                  |                 |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) let;          | b) letting;  | c) lets;         | d) let's;       |
| 2. a) should have;  | b) has;      | c) have;         | d) had;         |
| 3. a) should;       | b) shall;    | c) would;        | d) will;        |
| 4. a) should pick;  | b) picks;    | c) pick;         | d) picked;      |
| 5. a) didn't;       | b) doesn't;  | c) don't;        | d) wouldn't;    |
| 6. a) grabbing;     | b) grabbed;  | c) was grabbing; | d) has grabbed; |
| 7. a) would happen; | b) happens;  | c) happened;     | d) happening;   |
| 8. a) Should be;    | b) Could be; | c) Maybe;        | d) Would be;    |
| 9. a) won't;        | b) shan't;   | c) couldn't;     | d) hadn't;      |
| 10. a) Remembered;  | b) Remember; | c) Remembering;  | d) Remembers;   |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- The government has announced new measures to ... immigration.  
a) limit;                      b) control;                      c) restrict;                      d) curb;
- It is ... whether this is a good way of solving the problem.  
a) suspicious;                      b) questionable;                      c) vague;                      d) hazy;
- My parents ... their love.  
a) convey;                      b) send;                      c) communicate;                      d) relay;
- I've heard rumours, but nothing ....  
a) pronounced;                      b) bound;                      c) sure;                      d) definite;
- The new studies provide ... evidence in support of these concepts.  
a) convincing;                      b) compelling;                      c) persuasive;                      d) strong;
- Can I ... you anything to eat or drink?  
a) cook;                      b) make;                      c) prepare;                      d) get;

7. The hotel restaurant is noted for its excellent ....
- a) cooking;          b) cuisine;          c) cookery;          d) baking;
8. They were ... by the icy wind.
- a) cooled;          b) chilled;          c) frozen;          d) refrigerated;
9. She just now took his keys and walked out with them,... as you please.
- a) cool;          b) brazen;          c) shameless;          d) presumptuous;
10. How do you ... without a car?
- a) cope;          b) manage;          c) get;          d) handle;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 15 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. We'd still be waiting if you ... turned up.
- a) haven't;          b) aren't;          c) wasn't;          d) hadn't;
2. If Carl ... come to the party, I'll be really upset.
- a) hadn't;          b) doesn't;          c) shouldn't;          d) won't;
3. If my neighbour ... prime minister, he'd give everyone a million euros.
- a) became;          b) become;          c) will become;          d) becomes;
4. If Helen ... here, I don't know what we'd do.
- a) won't be;          b) hadn't been;          c) wasn't;          d) weren't;
5. If Tarek ... enough money, he'd have bought a car.
- a) had;          b) has had;          c) had had;          d) has;
6. If Debbie ... to the UK, she wouldn't have met Will.
- a) hasn't gone;          b) didn't go;          c) hadn't gone;          d) won't go;
7. If the police ... the case thoroughly, they wouldn't have arrested Keren.
- a) investigate;          b) had investigated;          c) have investigated;          d) was investigating;
8. ... she not gone to university, she might not have started her own business.
- a) Had;          b) Has;          c) Was;          d) Should;
9. If this theory about parallel universes ... correct, it means that we're living in more than one universe at the same time.
- a) is;          b) was;          c) were;          d) be;
10. If I ... more time, I would learn another language.
- a) have;          b) shall have;          c) had;          d) should have;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I'll call ... you when it's time to go.

- a) for;                      b) on;                      c) up;                      d) into;

2. The crisis calls ... immediate action.

- a) from;                      b) for;                      c) on;                      d) in;

3 I hope they don't call the concert ... because of the bad weather.

- a) off;                      b) along;                      c) into;                      d) on;

4. She intends to carry ... studying after the course has finished.

- a) out;                      b) in;                      c) down;                      d) on;

5. The investigators have been carrying ... tests on the pieces of plane recovered after the accident.

- a) off;                      b) up for;                      c) out;                      d) on;

6. The idea has never really caught ... in her country.

- a) at;                      b) in;                      c) on;                      d) of;

7. She's sometimes a bit slow to catch ....

- a) on;                      b) up;                      c) in;                      d) at;

8. Sharon's missed so much school she'll have to work hard to catch ... with the rest of the class.

- a) out;                      b) up for;                      c) for ;                      d) up;

9. The police car chased ... the stolen van.

- a) up;                      b) for;                      c) out;                      d) after;

10. Give me your passport and I'll go to the desk to check ....

- a) up;                      b) out;                      c) in;                      d) after;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

(1) \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ by the way you (3) \_\_\_\_ is on the (4) \_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_ of medical technology. We all have a (6) \_\_\_\_ smell called an (7) \_\_\_\_\_. And it depends on our age, sex, (8) \_\_\_\_\_, and the food we eat.

Mat Olson is an experimental (9) \_\_\_\_ who studies smell. In one study, he looked at the feelings of (10) \_\_\_\_ people have to the smell of sickness.

1. a) Detecting;                      b) Detect;                      c) Detection;                      d) Detector;  
2. a) sicklier;                      b) sickly;                      c) sickness;                      d) sickliest;  
3. a) smelt;                      b) smelled;                      c) smells;                      d) smell;  
4. a) cutting;                      b) cutters;                      c) cut;                      d) cuttings;  
5. a) edge;                      b) edges;                      c) edged;                      d) edgeways;  
6. a) unisex;                      b) unique;                      c) unison;                      d) unit;



- |                   |                  |                |                   |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 7. a) odourprint; | b) odour;        | c) odourless;  | d) odours;        |
| 8. a) healthiest; | b) healthier;    | c) healthy;    | d) health;        |
| 9. a) psychology; | b) psychologist; | c) psychopath; | d) psychological; |
| 10. a) revulsion; | b) revolt;       | c) revolts;    | d) revolted;      |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Frank Turner, the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in a trial that has attracted national attention, was today convicted of murder. The police (2) \_\_\_\_\_ lasted for a year and during the trial over 100 hours of evidence (3) \_\_\_\_\_ heard. Turner's lawyers (4) \_\_\_\_\_ all argued that he was not in the area at the time, but (5) \_\_\_\_\_ not provide the necessary proof. Police (6) \_\_\_\_\_ Turner as a well-known thief who (7) \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for many robberies in the local region. This (8) \_\_\_\_\_ not Turner's first conviction. Seven years ago, he (9) \_\_\_\_\_ found guilty of forgery and served three years in prison. The judge (10) \_\_\_\_\_ expected to sentence Turner to a period of imprisonment later this week.

- |                      |                  |                       |                   |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) accuse;        | b) accused;      | c) had accused;       | d) has accused;   |
| 2. a) investigation; | b) investigates; | c) are investigating; | d) investigated;  |
| 3. a) had been;      | b) was;          | c) were;              | d) would be;      |
| 4. a) will have had; | b) has;          | c) had;               | d) have had;      |
| 5. a) should;        | b) could;        | c) can;               | d) would;         |
| 6. a) described;     | b) describes;    | c) was describing;    | d) has described; |
| 7. a) was all;       | b) all was;      | c) were;              | d) was;           |
| 8. a) had been;      | b) is;           | c) was;               | d) has been;      |
| 9. a) had been;      | b) has been;     | c) was;               | d) would be;      |
| 10. a) will be;      | b) was;          | c) is;                | d) would be;      |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- They are going to publish a ... of the interview.
 

a) copy;	b) transcript;	c) printout;	d) photocopy;
----------	----------------	--------------	---------------
- They have a working ... of a water mill.
 

a) copy;	b) model;	c) replica;	d) reproduction;
----------	-----------	-------------	------------------
- The ... letter had been sent to all the houses in the street.
 

a) copy;	b) reproduce;	c) photocopy;	d) duplicate;
----------	---------------	---------------	---------------
- The narrow lane was full of twists and ....
 

a) corners;	b) turns;	c) bends;	d) zigzags;
-------------	-----------	-----------	-------------
- I tried my best to ... the situation.
 

a) correct;	b) fix;	c) remedy;	d) redress;
-------------	---------	------------	-------------

6. She looked radiant as she walked down the ... on her father's arm.  
 a) corridor;      b) hall;      c) hallway;      d) aisle;
7. She always gets someone else to do the ... work for her.  
 a) corrupt;      b) fraudulent;      c) unscrupulous;      d) dirty;
8. The new district attorney has promised to fight police ....  
 a) corruption;      b) bribery;      c) extortion;      d) blackmail;
9. 'How much ... that dress?' 'Eighty dollars.'  
 a) costs;      b) is;      c) sells;      d) trades;
10. More ... on health was promised.  
 a) output;      b) spending;      c) consumption;      d) outlay;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 16 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. I ... learning English when I was five.  
 a) start;      b) started;      c) should start;      d) have started;
2. I ... it very easy in those days.  
 a) shan't find;      b) 've not found;      c) didn't find;      d) don't find;
3. When a schoolboy, I ... always trying to sing English songs.  
 a) am;      b) have been;      c) was;      d) will have been;
4. But I ... understand the words at first.  
 a) wouldn't;      b) shouldn't;      c) didn't;      d) couldn't;
5. I ... quite good at English now.  
 a) should be;      b) 'm;      c) was;      d) 'll be;
6. I ... a couple of novels in English.  
 a) am reading;      b) 've read;      c) had read;      d) was reading;
7. I ... have many problems in England I guess.  
 a) won't;      b) 'm not;      c) shouldn't;      d) shan't;
8. And I ... do my homework now.  
 a) am to;      b) can;      c) should;      d) must;
9. He ... swim well, no doubt about the ability.  
 a) will;      b) must;      c) can;      d) ought to;
10. You ... get up earlier, make it your duty.  
 a) should;      b) can;      c) must;      d) may;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- All guests must check ... by midday.  
a) off;                      b) out;                      c) through;                      d) to;
- Let's check ... that new website Bill was talking about.  
a) up to;                      b) over;                      c) in;                      d) out;
- We can go out for a walk if it clears ... later on.  
a) up;                      b) away;                      c) over;                      d) on;
- Health inspectors have closed the restaurant ....  
a) along;                      b) away;                      c) down;                      d) up;
- The end of the holidays always comes ... very quickly.  
a) round;                      b) in;                      c) over;                      d) up;
- They finally came ... to our way of thinking.  
a) over;                      b) round;                      c) through;                      d) up to;
- I came ... some old photographs while I was clearing out my desk.  
a) to;                      b) across;                      c) on;                      d) away;
- French vegetables are hard to come ... in the winter.  
a) by;                      b) with;                      c) over;                      d) from;
- I think I'm coming down ... flu.  
a) off;                      b) with;                      c) from;                      d) of;
- The police are asking witnesses to come ....  
a) on;                      b) forward;                      c) down;                      d) with;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

He took 8 (1) \_\_\_\_\_ and (2) \_\_\_\_\_ half of them with a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ that activated their (4) \_\_\_\_\_ system. The other half was given a placebo. Olsen then collected the scents of these 8 participants and had a (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of 40 people (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the smells. The scents of the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ people were rated as less (8) \_\_\_\_\_ than the scents of the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ people. This suggests that illness can be (10) \_\_\_\_\_ through smell.

- a) participation;                      b) participants;                      c) participant;                      d) participate;
- a) inject;                      b) injecting;                      c) injected;                      d) injection;
- a) compounds;                      b) compounding;                      c) compound;                      d) compounded;
- a) immune;                      b) immunity;                      c) immunise;                      d) immunisation;
- a) groups;                      b) group;                      c) grouping;                      d) grouped;
- a) rate;                      b) rated;                      c) rating;                      d) ratings;

- |                |                |               |                |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 7. a) sickens; | b) sick;       | c) sicken;    | d) sickening;  |
| 8. a) please;  | b) pleasantly; | c) pleasant;  | d) unpleasant; |
| 9. a) healthy; | b) healthily;  | c) unhealthy; | d) health;     |
| 10. a) detect; | b) detected;   | c) detection; | d) detective;  |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

Choosing to go to a gym regularly (1) \_\_\_\_\_ change your life for the better. Don't let it be a decision you regret!

Good gyms have a lot to offer. They (2) \_\_\_\_\_ provide exercise equipment that is just too expensive to buy and their trained staff are (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to provide quality health and fitness advice. But if you're planning to join a gym, you (4) \_\_\_\_\_ definitely ask to look round before you become a member. There are a number of things to bear in mind before choosing which gym to join. Before the law changed a few years ago, anyone (5) \_\_\_\_\_ set up a gym and even today gyms (6) \_\_\_\_\_ employ trained fitness instructors. Find out what qualifications the staff have. If they're untrained, it's best to go elsewhere.

You (7) \_\_\_\_\_ be put off by the gym's hard sell. Just because they want you to sign up – they want your money, after all – that doesn't mean you (8) \_\_\_\_\_ decide there and then. See a few gyms before you make your final decision. Ask yourself: What kind of equipment and facilities do they have? There's little point joining a gym and then thinking a few months later, 'I (9) \_\_\_\_\_ have chosen a gym with a pool' Do you (10) \_\_\_\_\_ book equipment in advance, or can you just turn up and use it?

- |                        |                    |                   |                    |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) have to;         | b) might;          | c) would;         | d) should;         |
| 2. a) may;             | b) can;            | c) shall;         | d) will;           |
| 3. a) enabled;         | b) enabling;       | c) disable;       | d) able;           |
| 4. a) should;          | b) would;          | c) could;         | d) might;          |
| 5. a) can;             | b) could;          | c) should;        | d) would;          |
| 6. a) doesn't have to; | b) didn't have to; | c) don't have to; | d) shan't have to; |
| 7. a) hadn't;          | b) shouldn't;      | c) mustn't;       | d) hasn't;         |
| 8. a) have to;         | b) shall have;     | c) had to;        | d) has to;         |
| 9. a) would;           | b) should;         | c) could;         | d) ought to;       |
| 10. a) have to;        | b) had to;         | c) has to;        | d) will have to;   |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. He went to a ... party as a pirate.

- |             |              |                 |                |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| a) costume; | b) disguise; | c) fancy dress; | d) camouflage; |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|

2. He has been ... all morning, convulsively expelling the air from the lungs.

- |              |              |             |            |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| a) coughing; | b) sneezing; | c) choking; | d) exhale; |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|

3. When we ... the cost of moving, we decided against it.  
a) counted;      b) added;      c) tallied;      d) totaled;
4. The action was opposed by several UN member .....s.  
a) country;      b) nation;      c) state;      d) land;
5. You can walk through miles and miles of unspoilt ....  
a) country;      b) landscape;      c) countryside;      d) terrain;
6. Canada is divided into ten ... and two territories.  
a) counties;      b) states;      c) districts;      d) provinces;
7. My great grandfather received the medal as an award for outstanding ... in World War I.  
a) courage;      b) bravery;      c) nerve;      d) guts;
8. They took their landlord to ... for breaking the contract.  
a) court;      b) tribunal;      c) courtroom;      d) courthouse;
9. The entrance leads through an arch and into an inner ... .  
a) courtyard;      b) yard;      c) square;      d) compound;
10. It's a good idea to put a dust ... over your computer at night.  
a) cover;      b) wrapper;      c) casing;      d) wrapping;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 17 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. If I ... the lottery, I'd give some of the money to each member of my family.  
a) win;      b) have won;      c) won;      d) will win;
2. "Did you have an argument with Francis?" "If you had been there, you ... the same."  
a) would have done; b) did;      c) had done;      d) will do;
3. If you see Teresa on Friday, ... her to give me a ring.  
a) tell;      b) tell to;      c) you would have told;      d) you will tell;
4. If I'd known you were coming, I ... a cake.  
a) would have baked; b) would bake;      c) will bake;      d) baked;
5. Remind Tony about the party in case he ....  
a) forgot;      b)'s forgotten;      c) had forgotten;      d) was forgetting;
6. "Did you have a message for Dan?" "Tell him I'll call him on Friday if you ... him."  
a) had seen;      b) saw;      c) will see;      d) see;

7. ... I have a look at those shoes in the window, please?  
 a) Must;                    b) Would;                    c) Should;                    d) Could;
8. We ... pay for tickets as Josie had won them in a competition.  
 a) mustn't;                    b) couldn't                    c) didn't have to;                    d) hadn't to;
9. You really ... make such a mountain out of a molehill!  
 a) can't;                    b) shouldn't;                    c) won't;                    d) mightn't;
10. You won't ... to connect to the Internet once you've got broadband as you're online twenty four hours a day.  
 a) need;                    b) must;                    c) ought;                    d) able;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. At the age of eighteen, Peter suddenly came ... a fortune.  
 a) into;                    b) around;                    c) after;                    d) at;
2. The deal seems unlikely to come ....  
 a) back;                    b) off;                    c) down;                    d) for;
3. Your English is coming ... nicely.  
 a) into;                    b) out;                    c) on;                    d) up;
4. That quiz show you wanted to watch comes ... in half an hour.  
 a) around;                    b) at;                    c) up;                    d) on;
5. I can't wait until the next book comes....  
 a) out;                    b) off;                    c) in;                    d) down ;
6. The end of the holidays always comes ... very quickly.  
 a) round;                    b) away;                    c) up;                    d) off;
7. Engineers have come ... with new ways of saving energy.  
 a) into;                    b) at;                    c) up;                    d) on;
8. Can I count ... you to help me?  
 a) on;                    b) of;                    c) for;                    d) with;
9. If you can't give up smoking, you could at least try to cut ....  
 a) across;                    b) down;                    c) up;                    d) with;
10. You should cut down ... fatty food.  
 a) on;                    b) at;                    c) with;                    d) off;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

Even more interesting, Olson found that (1) \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ things – like (3) \_\_\_\_ foods – (4) \_\_\_\_ the (5) \_\_\_\_ system of a (6) \_\_\_\_ person. This could be our body's way of (7) \_\_\_\_ us against a (8) \_\_\_\_ illness.

According to recent research, diseases have (9) \_\_\_\_ smells. For example, people with typhoid (10) \_\_\_\_ smell like baked bread.

- |                    |                |                   |                  |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) smelt;       | b) smell;      | c) smelling;      | d) smells;       |
| 2. a) unpleasant;  | b) pleasure;   | c) unpleasantly;  | d) pleasant;     |
| 3. a) rotted;      | b) rotting;    | c) rot;           | d) rotten;       |
| 4. a) activated;   | b) activate;   | c) activates;     | d) inactive;     |
| 5. a) immunity;    | b) immune;     | c) immunise;      | d) immunisation; |
| 6. a) healthier;   | b) healthily;  | c) health;        | d) healthy;      |
| 7. a) protect;     | b) protecting; | c) protected;     | d) protects;     |
| 8. a) perceived;   | b) perceive;   | c) perceives;     | d) perception;   |
| 9. a) distinction; | b) distinctly; | c) distinctively; | d) distinctive;  |
| 10. a) feverish;   | b) feverishly; | c) fever;         | d) fevers;       |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

The ancient Olympics were rather different from the modern Games. There were (1) \_\_\_\_ events, and only free men who (2) \_\_\_\_ Greek could compete, instead of athletes from any country. Also, the games were always held at Olympia instead of moving around to different sites every time. Like our Olympics, though, winning athletes were heroes who made their (3) \_\_\_\_ towns proud. One young Athenian nobleman defended his political reputation by (4) \_\_\_\_ how he entered seven chariots in the Olympic chariot-race. This high number of entries made both the aristocrat and Athens (5) \_\_\_\_ very wealthy and powerful. Ancient Greece. The sporting events at Olympia were the oldest and most important of the four national Greek athletic festivals. The games (6) \_\_\_\_ on an official basis every four years from 776 BC, but they probably (7) \_\_\_\_ much earlier. Greek myth credited the hero Herakles with (8) \_\_\_\_ the running races at Olympia to celebrate the completion of one of his twelve labours. Olympia was the most important sanctuary of the god Zeus, and the Games were held in his honour. The games were announced by heralds travelling to all the major Greek cities around the Mediterranean, and hostilities (9) \_\_\_\_ during the period around the Games to safeguard those travelling to and from Olympia. The games at Olympia (10) \_\_\_\_ with minor interruptions into early Christian times and were the inspiration for the modern Olympic Games, first staged in Athens in 1896.

- |                    |                     |                     |               |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. a) a the least; | b) little;          | c) the fewest;      | d) few;       |
| 2. a) a spoke;     | b) speak;           | c) speaking;        | d) speaks;    |
| 3. a) A home's;    | b) homes;           | c) homes';          | d) home;      |
| 4. a) a mentions;  | b) mentioned;       | c) mentioning;      | d) mention;   |
| 5. a) a looks;     | b) looked;          | c) look;            | d) looking;   |
| 6. a) had held;    | b) were being held; | c) had been held;   | d) were held; |
| 7. a) originating; | b) originated;      | c) have originated; | d) originate; |

8. a) devise;      b) devising;      c) having devised;      d) devised  
 9. a) were banned;      b) being banned;      c) to be banned;      d) having banned;  
 10. a) continuing;      b) being continued;      c) had continued;      d) continued;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. The wind blew in from the desert and ... everything with sand.  
 a) cover;      b) coat;      c) spread;      d) rub;
2. He won't go on his own – he's a complete.....!  
 a) daisy;      b) wimp;      c) darling;      d) weakling;
3. Most of the year the insects are hidden in a rock ....  
 a) crack;      b) fissure;      c) crevice;      d) cleft;
4. It's difficult working in such ... conditions.  
 a) cramped;      b) compact;      c) tight;      d) confined;
5. I was terrified that the plane would ....  
 a) crash;      b) slam;      c) collide;      d) smash;
6. I know it sounds ..., but it just might work.  
 a) crazy;      b) stupidly;      c) insanely;      d) foolishly;
7. The door ... open.  
 a) creaked;      b) scraped;      c) groaned;      d) squeaked;
8. She's very ... – she writes poetry and paints.  
 a) creative;      b) artistic;      c) innovative;      d) original;
9. She writes ... novels.  
 a) crime;      b) wrongdoing;      c) misconduct;      d) delinquency;
10. Many ... are never reported to the police.  
 a) crimes;      b) offences;      c) sins;      d) breaches;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 18 (B)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

1. I hope we ... find the cinema easily.  
 a) ought;      b) dare;      c) need;      d) can;
2. We couldn't find a hotel room so we ... sleep in the car. It was awful.  
 a) must;      b) should;      c) could;      d) had to;



3. We'd love to ... afford to go on a round-the world cruise.  
 a) can;                    b) will have to;            c) have to;                    d) be able to;
4. Fiona can't ... about the meeting. I reminded her this morning!  
 a) forget;                    b) have forgotten;            c) be forgetting;                    d) have been forgetting;
5. She could ... in the garage when we come round, which would explain why she didn't hear the bell.  
 a) work;                    b) have been working;            c) be working;                    d) have worked;
6. You'll ... tell the police that your house was broken into.  
 a) have to;                    b) must;                    c) had to;                    d) was working;
7. Choosing to go to a gym regularly ... change your life for the better.  
 a) must;                    b) would;                    c) will have to;                    d) should;
8. Good gyms ... provide exercise equipment that is just too expensive to buy. It's possible.  
 a) ought;                    b) need;                    c) can;                    d) must;
9. Their trained staff ... able to provide quality health and fitness advice.  
 a) is;                    b) are;                    c) was;                    d) ought;
10. But if you're planning to join a gym, you ... definitely ask to look round before you become a member.  
 a) should;                    b) would;                    c) might;                    d) will;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. I have to cut my essay ... to 2 000 words.  
 a) down;                    b) up;                    c) forward;                    d) out;
2. The farm was cut ... from the village by heavy snow.  
 a) on;                    b) out;                    c) off;                    d) down;
3. The electricity has been cut ....  
 a) on;                    b) off;                    c) up;                    d) away;
4. We were cut ... before I could give her my message.  
 a) away;                    b) across;                    c) off;                    d) on;
5. Suddenly it dawned ... her. 'Of course!' she said. 'You're Mike's brother!'  
 a) on;                    b) after;                    c) for;                    d) into;
6. Our firm deals ... customers all over the world.  
 a) over;                    b) off;                    c) up;                    d) with;
7. Let's wait until the storm dies ... before we go out.  
 a) across;                    b) up;                    c) down;                    d) off;

8. Most European countries have done away ... their royal families.

- a) on;                                      b) with;                                      c) in;                                      d) to;

9. They're doing ... the old cottage.

- a) up;                                      b) off;                                      c) out;                                      d) in;

10. If there isn't any coffee left, we'll just have to do ....

- a) without;                                      b) with;                                      c) away;                                      d) by;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

People with diabetes smell like rotten apples. George Preti is an (1) \_\_\_\_\_ chemist who studies (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and has a highly (3) \_\_\_\_\_ nose. He says he is able to (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the scent of diabetes. "I ride public transport a lot, and every now and then, I come across someone (5) \_\_\_\_\_ a strong (6) \_\_\_\_\_, and it's obvious."

The participants in Olsen's study rated sick people's smell as unpleasant. Yet they were not (7) \_\_\_\_\_ that they were smelling the scent of a sick person. Even a highly trained nose like Preti's has its (8) \_\_\_\_\_. But scientist Hossam Haick has taken smell (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to the next (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) inorganic;                                      b) organic;                                      c) organically;                                      d) organism;  
2. a) smell;                                      b) smelt;                                      c) smelly;                                      d) smells;  
3. a) trains;                                      b) train;                                      c) trained;                                      d) training;  
4. a) detect;                                      b) detected;                                      c) detection;                                      d) detective;  
5. a) emanates;                                      b) emanate;                                      c) emanating;                                      d) emanated;  
6. a) odoriferous;                                      b) odours;                                      c) odour;                                      d) odourless;  
7. a) unaware;                                      b) aware;                                      c) awareness;                                      d) weary;  
8. a) unlimited;                                      b) limited;                                      c) limitation;                                      d) limitations;  
9. a) diagnose;                                      b) diagnostic;                                      c) diagnosis;                                      d) diagnoses;  
10. a) levels;                                      b) level;                                      c) levelling;                                      d) levelled;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

On a clear night, you can see about 3,000 stars (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the sky without (2) \_\_\_\_\_ a telescope. (3) \_\_\_\_\_ star that astronomers (4) \_\_\_\_\_ is nearly 40 times (5) \_\_\_\_\_ than the sun. In about five billion years, the sun will swell up to a giant star. It may become large enough to swallow up Earth. Nowadays computer jobs are (6) \_\_\_\_\_ great demand and value. Computer (7) \_\_\_\_\_ skills can be called a big part of contemporary work. One of the most popular computer jobs (8) \_\_\_\_\_ with professional design include art (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and different kinds of project activity for forming (10) \_\_\_\_\_ views and pictures of real subjects and environment.

1. a) on;                                      b) in;                                      c) at;                                      d) above;

2. a) use;            b) used;            c) using;            d) uses;
3. a) The hot;        b) Hot ;            c) The hotter;      d) Hotter;
4. a) found;        b) has found;      c) have found;      d) finds;
5. a) hot;            b) hotter;          c) a hot;            d) the hot;
6. a) in;            b) of;              c) on;              d) at;
7. a) jobs;          b) jobs';          c) job;              d) job's;
8. a) connecting;    b) connected;      c) being connected; d) having been connected;
9. a) construction; b) construct;        c) constructive;     d) constructing;
10. a) acceptable;    b) accepting;        c) accept;            d) acceptably;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. When it comes to pollution, the chemical industry is a major ....  
a) criminal;        b) offender;        c) culprit;        d) sinner;
2. It is hoped that his resignation will end the latest political ... in the country.  
a) crisis;            b) emergency;      c) disaster;        d) tragedy;
3. The local elections will be a good ... of the government's popularity.  
a) criterion;        b) standard;        c) test;            d) measure;
4. She gave him a ... glance, of no acceptance.  
a) critical;        b) disapproving;    c) judgmental;    d) damning;
5. There was widespread ... of the invasion.  
a) criticism;        b) attack;            c) disapproval;    d) condemnation;
6. We'll go round past the stables and ... the fields.  
a) cross;            b) cut across;        c) take;            d) negotiate;
7. Thousands of people ... to the beach this weekend.  
a) crowd;            b) cluster;            c) flock;            d) huddle;
8. We pushed our way through the ....  
a) crowded;        b) flock;            c) horde;            d) throng;
9. I can't stand people who are ... to animals.  
a) cruel;            b) brutal;            c) savage;            d) vicious;
10. The ship held the record for the fastest Atlantic ....  
a) cruise;            b) voyage;            c) crossing;        d) passage;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 19 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- Before the law changed a few years ago, anyone ... set up a gym and even today gyms don't have to employ trained fitness instructors.  
a) can;                      b) might;                      c) could;                      d) may;
- You ... be put off by the gym's hard sell. May it not upset you!  
a) couldn't;                      b) mustn't;                      c) won't;                      d) mightn't;
- They want your money, after all – that doesn't mean you ... decide there and then.  
a) can't;                      b) have to;                      c) can;                      d) would;
- There's little point joining a gym and then thinking a few months later, "I ... have chosen a gym with a pool."  
a) ought to;                      b) must;                      c) have to;                      d) can't;
- "Do you ... book equipment in advance, or can you just turn up and use it?  
a) must;                      b) able;                      c) have to;                      d) allowed;
- It ... be very pleasant turning up to find there's no room in the changing room and there's a huge queue for each piece of equipment.  
a) won't have to;                      b) doesn't have to;                      c) ought;                      d) won't;
- It ... also be a good idea to talk to people who already go to that gym to find out their opinion.  
a) must;                      b) might;                      c) has to;                      d) ought to;
- I ... have joined a gym but in the end I decided to exercise at home.  
a) must;                      b) will;                      c) could;                      d) may;
- "I've been feeling under the weather recently." "You ... more exercise."  
a) should have got;                      b) would get;                      c) should get;                      d) would have got;
- "It was hard work getting back from the hospital with my leg in plaster." "You should ... me. I'd have picked you up."  
a) have called;                      b) call;                      c) be calling;                      d) have been calling;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- The architect started to draw ... the plans for the new house.  
a) up;                      b) back;                      c) on;                      d) down;
- I used to love dressing ... in my mum's clothes when I was a little girl.  
a) out;                      b) after;                      c) up;                      d) for;
- We were in the area so we thought we'd drop ... and see you.  
a) up;                      b) in;                      c) out;                      d) about;

4. Let's get the taxi driver to drop us ... outside the supermarket.  
 a) off;                                      b) away;                                      c) after;                                      d) up;
5. She dropped ... in front of the TV.  
 a) in;    b) off;    c) back;    d) up;
6. His parents were very disappointed when he dropped ... of university.  
 a) out;    b) on;    c) at;    d) up;
7. His answer was drowned ... by the music.  
 a) for;    b) out;    c) over;    d) up to;
8. You need to face ... your responsibilities.  
 a) up to;    b) on;    c) off;    d) to;
9. Romeo really fell ... Juliet when he first kissed her.  
 a) for;    b) up;    c) away;    d) over;
10. He makes excuses and she falls ... them every time.  
 a) for;    b) down;    c) over;    d) away;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

He (scientist Hossam Haick) has (1) \_\_\_\_ a (2) \_\_\_\_ that some people have called an electronic nose. "According to Smithsonian Magazine, scientists used the device to (3) \_\_\_\_ the (4) \_\_\_\_ of more than 1,400 people and (5) \_\_\_\_ it could diagnose 17 (6) \_\_\_\_ diseases — Parkinson's, lung cancer, kidney (7) \_\_\_\_, MS, Crohn's disease, ovarian cancer, and prostate cancer, just to name a few — with 86% (8) \_\_\_\_."

Dr. Haick created his device to detect lung cancer, and he says it is 90% accurate in detecting lung tumors. With diseases like cancer, early diagnosis and early treatment can mean the difference between life and death. And a device that can diagnose it so quickly could be a real game (9) \_\_\_\_ for (10).

1. a) creative;                                      b) create;                                      c) created;                                      d) creation;
2. a) deviously;                                      b) device;                                      c) devices;                                      d) devious;
3. a) sample;                                      b) samples;                                      c) sampled;                                      d) sampling;
4. a) breathing;                                      b) breaths;                                      c) breath;                                      d) breathe;
5. a) founder;                                      b) foundation;                                      c) founded;                                      d) found;
6. a) difference;                                      b) differentiate;                                      c) different;                                      d) differently;
7. a) failed;                                      b) fail;                                      c) failing;                                      d) failure;
8. a) inaccurate;                                      b) accuracy;                                      c) accurately;                                      d) inaccuracy;
9. a) changer;                                      b) change;                                      c) changed;                                      d) changes;
10. a) humanity;                                      b) human;                                      c) inhumanity;                                      d) humanities;

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

When I broke my arm a week ago, I guess it (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to have hurt. But it didn't! We were doing PE at school, and we were making a pyramid. We (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to stand on each other's shoulders. I was right at the top. We (3) \_\_\_\_\_ have been doing it properly because suddenly the pyramid collapsed and we fell. I landed on my arm.

Mr Jenkins (4) \_\_\_\_\_ have known immediately that I'd broken my arm because he sent someone to call an ambulance. 'Sit still, and don't move your arm at all until the ambulance comes,' he said. I (5) \_\_\_\_\_ still remember the feeling – my arm was numb, and looked very strange, but there was no pain at all. I remember thinking:

'It (6) \_\_\_\_\_ be broken. If it was broken, I'd be in agony.' I suppose not feeling any pain (7) \_\_\_\_\_ have been because I was in shock. The plaster (8) \_\_\_\_\_ come off in about three weeks but it (9) \_\_\_\_\_ have to stay on longer. It depends on whether the break has healed properly or not. The next three weeks may not be the best three weeks of my life – no basketball, no playing in the playground, no swimming – but I'm counting my blessing. It (10) \_\_\_\_\_ have been a lot worse!

- |                |              |               |                 |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) could;   | b) might;    | c) ought;     | d) should;      |
| 2. a) had;     | b) has;      | c) having;    | d) should have; |
| 3. a) didn't;  | b) wouldn't; | c) shouldn't; | d) can't;       |
| 4. a) can;     | b) must;     | c) could;     | d) should;      |
| 5. a) must;    | b) may;      | c) shall;     | d) can;         |
| 6. a) mayn't;  | b) can't;    | c) mustn't;   | d) shouldn't;   |
| 7. a) have to; | b) need;     | c) may;       | d) ought;       |
| 8. a) will;    | b) should;   | c) shall;     | d) ought;       |
| 9. a) could;   | b) would;    | c) should;    | d) will;        |
| 10. a) ought;  | b) should;   | c) could;     | d) would;       |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. A light breeze ... the water.

- a) crushed;                      b) rucked;                      c) ruffled;                      d) creased;

2. He started to ... uncontrollably.

- a) cry;                              b) sob;                              c) weep;                              d) whimper;

3. Her work is barely known in her ... country.

- a) cultural;                      b) national;                      c) ethnic;                      d) native;

4. The motto was inscribed on buildings throughout the Roman ....

- a) culture;                      b) society;                      c) community;                      d) world;

5. She's one of the party's ... political strategists.

- a) cunning;                      b) crafty;                      c) sly;                      d) sneaky;

6. There's a medicine ... in the bathroom.  
 a) cupboard;      b) closet;      c) wardrobe;      d) cabinet;
7. It is better to prevent rather than ... diseases.  
 a) cure;      b) heal;      c) resuscitate;      d) rehabilitate;
8. She is such a (n) ... girl, always asking questions.  
 a) curious;      b) intrigued;      c) investigative;      d) nosy;
9. The whole operation depends on a steady ... of electricity.  
 a) current;      b) flow;      c) circulation;      d) passage;
10. He fell over and ... really loudly.  
 a) oathed;      b) swore;      c) damned;      d) blasphemed;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 20 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. ... write with your left hand when you broke your arm?  
 a) Had you to;      b) Needed you to;      c) Did you have to;      d) Must you;
2. You ... have huge muscles to look good, you know!  
 a) don't have to;      b) mustn't;      c) can't;      d) shouldn't;
3. That ... be Ted at the door. He's in bed with chicken pox.  
 a) hasn't to;      b) oughtn't to;      c) can't;      d) mustn't;
4. You must ... thrilled when the doctor said it wasn't serious.  
 a) be;      b) have been;      c) be being;      d) have been being;
5. "Colin's got to stay in bed for eight weeks." "I'd hate ... do that."  
 a) to have to;      b) will have to;      c) must;      d) will;
6. They ... talking about a man who had married his housemaid.  
 a) will have been;      b) had been;      c) were;      d) would be;
7. She ... directly he criticized her.  
 a) is to know;      b) had known;      c) knew;      d) was knowing;
8. Then she ... do something quite obvious to defend herself.  
 a) will;      b) would;      c) should;      d) had to;
9. It ... the way their quarrels often began.  
 a) shall be;      b) will be;      c) has been;      d) was;
10. There were always people about she'd go on as if nothing ....  
 a) had happened;      b) was happening;      c) were happening;      d) happened;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Pamela hasn't spoken to her father since they fell ... eight years ago.  
a) in;                      b) out;                      c) up;                      d) down;
2. I'm not really ... to eating a huge meal.  
a) up;                      b) after;                      c) out;                      d) on;
3. Just fill ... this form and then hand it in at reception.  
a) at;                      b) on;                      c) in;                      d) off;
4. I've always wanted to find ... more about the ancient Egyptians.  
a) out;                      b) off;                      c) after;                      d) up;
5. I was flicking ... a magazine.  
a) up;                      b) through;                      c) into;                      d) on;
6. This rainy weather really gets me ....  
a) at;                      b) down;                      c) up;                      d) on;
7. I don't really get along ... my girlfriend's parents.  
a) on;                      b) with;                      c) from;                      d) in;
8. The man pointed at his shoulder, but I couldn't understand what he was getting ....  
a) out                      b) off                      c) at                      d) up for;
9. He lied but he got away ... it.  
a) on;                      b) into;                      c) with;                      d) along;
10. When did you get ... from holiday?  
a) out;                      b) back;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

The Olympics are a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to honour the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and fastest (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in the world, but we (4) \_\_\_\_\_ hear about the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ or the slowest. Shizo Kanakuri is the (6) \_\_\_\_\_. He (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the world record for the slowest time in the Olympic marathon. He finished the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ after 54 years, eight months, six days, 5 hours and 32 minutes.

Kanakuri was not a slow runner. On the (9) \_\_\_\_\_, before going to the 1912 Olympics, he had set a world record marathon time of just 2 hours, 32 minutes and 45 seconds. He was the (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to win the marathon at the Stockholm Olympics.

1. a) chancellor;                      b) chanced;                      c) chances;                      d) chance;
2. a) strong;                      b) strongest;                      c) stronger;                      d) strongly;
3. a) athletics;                      b) athletic;                      c) athlete;                      d) athletes;
4. a) rarely;                      b) raring;                      c) rarity;                      d) rarities;
5. a) weak;                      b) weakest;                      c) weakly;                      d) weaken;



- |                      |                   |                 |                 |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 6. a) excepting;     | b) exceptionally; | c) exceptional; | d) exception;   |
| 7. a) holds;         | b) hold;          | c) holding;     | d) holder;      |
| 8. a) racing;        | b) raced;         | c) races;       | d) race;        |
| 9. a) contradictory; | b) contralto;     | c) contrary;    | d) contraption; |
| 10. a) favourite;    | b) favourites;    | c) favouritism; | d) favourable;  |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

The development of writing (1) \_\_\_\_\_ a huge difference to the world and we might see it as the beginning of the (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Pieces of pottery with marks on that are probably numbers have been (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in China that date from around 4000 BC. Hieroglyphics and other forms of 'picture writing' developed in the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ around Mesopotamia (modern-day Iraq), where the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ Sumerian civilization was based, from around 3300 BC onwards. However, the first (6) \_\_\_\_\_ alphabet was used by the Phoenicians around 1050 BC. Their alphabet had 22 letters and it is (7) \_\_\_\_\_ that it lasted for 1000 years. The first two signs were called 'aleph' and 'beth,' which in Greek became 'alpha' and 'beta', which gave us the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ word 'alphabet'.

The modern European alphabet is based on the Greek and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to other European countries under the Romans. A number of changes took (10) \_\_\_\_\_ as time passed.

- |                  |                 |               |                |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. a) did;       | b) had;         | c) made;      | d) took;       |
| 2. a) programme; | b) bulletin;    | c) media;     | d) journalism; |
| 3. a) invented;  | b) discovered;  | c) displayed; | d) appeared;   |
| 4. a) distance;  | b) area;        | c) length;    | d) earth;      |
| 5. a) ancient;   | b) former;      | c) old-age;   | d) antique;    |
| 6. a) accurate;  | b) true         | c) correct;   | d) exact;      |
| 7. a) assessed;  | b) appreciated; | c) estimated; | d) marked;     |
| 8. a) updated;   | b) fashionable; | c) modern;    | d) trendy;     |
| 9. a) spread;    | b) rose;        | c) occurred;  | d) happened;   |
| 10. a) seat;     | b) place;       | c) part;      | d) position;   |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

1. Pull up the ... and let some light in.

- |             |           |           |            |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| a) curtain; | b) blind; | c) drape; | d) screen; |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|

2. The ... of the rainbow reached out across the valley..

- |           |         |          |               |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------------|
| a) curve; | b) arc; | c) loop; | d) curvature; |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------------|

3. The path ... down to the beach.

- |            |            |           |            |
|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| a) curved; | b) turned; | c) wound; | d) snaked; |
|------------|------------|-----------|------------|

4. The ... ceiling is supported by twelve columns.

- |            |           |             |             |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| a) curved; | b) round; | c) rounded; | d) vaulted; |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|

5. She's a well-known lawyer with many famous .....
- a) customers;      b) clients;      c) consumers;      d) buyers;
6. The worsening situation forced the company to ... from 39 employees to 7.
- a) cut;      b) slash;      c) rationalise;      d) downsize;
7. The climbers ... steps in the ice.
- a) cut;      b) chop;      c) slice;      d) carve;
8. ... the edges with a sharp knife.
- a) cut;      b) trim;      c) shave;      d) mow;
9. You need a powerful saw to ... through metal.
- a) cut;      b) slash;      c) slit;      d) split;
10. Have you seen today's national....?
- a) newsreel;      b) paper;      c) newsletter;      d) tabloid;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 21 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space

1. That was the worst part of her, which he ... again this morning talking to her.
- a) was feeling;      b) had felt;      c) has felt;      d) felt;
2. He came to dinner after most of the guests....
- a) is gone;      b) had gone;      c) was gone;      d) has gone;
3. He ... for her some rare flower, and she was a great botanist to appreciate.
- a) found;      b) was finding;      c) had found;      d) has found;
4. He sat down beside her, and ... speak.
- a) couldn't;      b) can't;      c) won't;      d) shan't;
5. She ... to a young man on her right.
- a) talks;      b) should talk;      c) was talking;      d) has been talking;
6. They ... about politics when I came.
- a) were talking;      b) talk;      c) would talk;      d) should talk;
7. All through dinner he tried to hear what they .....
- a) have said;      b) said;      c) were saying;      d) would say;
8. Afterwards Peter ... remember standing by her in the drawing room.
- a) might;      b) may;      c) could;      d) ought to;

9. She spoke as if they ... never met before.

- a) should have;      b) would have;      c) had;      d) have;

10. He ... anything to hurt her, after seeing her with Richard.

- a) should have done; b) have done;      c) would have done; d) will do;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I don't make a huge amount of money, but we get ....

- a) by;      b) on;      c) in;      d) between;

2. I get ... with all of my friends.

- a) on;      b) in;      c) at;      d) under;

3. I'm not sure what time it is, but it must be getting ... for midnight.

- a) at;      b) on;      c) in;      d) under;

4. Stop talking and get ... with your work!

- a) under;      b) in;      c) at;      d) on;

5. It took Peter a long time to get ... his illness.

- a) on;      b) over;      c) in;      d) under;

6. I've been meaning to reply to that letter for ages but I haven't got ... to it yet.

- a) between;      b) at;      c) on;      d) round;

7. She got ... her final exams easily.

- a) through;      b) at;      c) on;      d) between;

8. We've got ... to the last section of our grammar book.

- a) on;      b) up;      c) in;      d) under;

9. We are giving ... a free CD with this month's issue.

- a) away;      b) on;      c) at;      d) under;

10. She smiled politely and didn't give ... her real feelings.

- a) in;      b) away;      c) at;      d) under;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.

It was the first time for Japan or any Asian nation to (1) \_\_\_\_ in the Olympics. Kanakuri was one of just two athletes sent to (2) \_\_\_\_ his country.

Despite being the (3) \_\_\_\_, the (4) \_\_\_\_ were stacked against Kanakuri from the very beginning. He was fast, but an (5) \_\_\_\_ athlete of just 20 years of age. On (6) \_\_\_\_ of that, to get to Stockholm, he had an 18-day ship and train journey to (7) \_\_\_\_ with. Kanakuri ran around the ship and around each train station at every stop to get in some training time during the (8) \_\_\_\_ trip. When he finally (9) \_\_\_\_, both he and his teammate had trouble dealing with the local food.

His teammate became ill, and Kanakuri had to take care of him, further (10) \_\_\_\_ into his training time.

- |                    |                   |                    |                    |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a) participant; | b) participated;  | c) participate;    | d) participation;  |
| 2. a) represent;   | b) represented;   | c) representation; | d) representative; |
| 3. a) favour;      | b) favouritism;   | c) favourite;      | d) favourites;     |
| 4. a) odd;         | b) odds;          | c) oddment;        | d) oddness;        |
| 5. a) experienced; | b) inexperienced; | c) experience;     | d) inexperience;   |
| 6. a) top;         | b) tops;          | c) topping;        | d) topped;         |
| 7. a) dealer;      | b) dealing;       | c) dealt;          | d) deal;           |
| 8. a) exhausted;   | b) exhaustive;    | c) exhausting;     | d) exhaustion;     |
| 9. a) arrived;     | b) arrive;        | c) arrival;        | d) arrives;        |
| 10. a) cutback;    | b) cuts;          | c) cut;            | d) cutting;        |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer

Many people (1) \_\_\_\_ up at the night sky and become fascinated by the wonders of universe. If that (2) \_\_\_\_ like you, then perhaps it's time you got your own telescope. Astronomy (3) \_\_\_\_ be a great hobby and we've provided this simple guide for those of you thinking of (4) \_\_\_\_ it up.

Try a pair of binoculars. You (5) \_\_\_\_ still see a lot, as long as you don't expect to see so (6) \_\_\_\_ detail. Explore the Moon and the stars – and who knows? You (7) \_\_\_\_ discover a comet! Remember, though, that you (8) \_\_\_\_ never look at the Sun directly through binoculars or a telescope.

(9) \_\_\_\_ on what you want to do, you need to choose between a refracting and a reflecting telescope. A (10) \_\_\_\_ telescope (with two glass lenses) is a way of quickly learning your way around the heavens.

- |                      |                     |                |                 |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) were looking;  | b) looked;          | c) look;       | d) looks;       |
| 2. a) sounds;        | b) sounding;        | c) sounded;    | d) will sound;  |
| 3. a) would;         | b) should;          | c) can;        | d) could;       |
| 4. a) took;          | b) taking;          | c) takes;      | d) should take; |
| 5. a) can;           | b) could;           | c) may;        | d) might;       |
| 6. a) a little;      | b) little;          | c) many;       | d) much;        |
| 7. a) may;           | b) might;           | c) can;        | d) could;       |
| 8. a) will;          | b) shall;           | c) would;      | d) should;      |
| 9. a) Should depend; | b) Depends;         | c) Depended;   | d) Depending;   |
| 10. refracts;        | b) being refracted; | c) refracting; | d) refracted;   |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. Keep food chilled to prevent the spread of ... bacteria.  
a) harmful;      b) destructive;      c) negative;      d) damaging;
2. Hard work never ... anyone.  
a) damages;      b) hurts;      c) injures;      d) impairs;
3. Predicting the weather is a ... business for farmers.  
a) dangerous;      b) hazardous;      c) risky;      d) unsafe;
4. She said it as loudly as she ....  
a) dare;      b) risked;      c) ventured;      d) presumed;
5. It was ... outside and he couldn't see much.  
a) dark;      b) black;      c) shady;      d) shadowy;
6. The ... clouds in the sky meant that a storm was coming.  
a) dark;      b) rich;      c) deep;      d) warm;
7. A person's intelligence is based on both ... and environmental factors.  
a) natural;      b) genetic;      c) intuitive;      d) instinctive;
8. I thought I saw a figure standing in the ....  
a) night;      b) the dark;      c) shadow;      d) shade;
9. Have you read the latest ... of *The Guardian*?  
a) number;      b) issue;      c) paper;      d) item;
10. It is unforgettable when the day is ....  
a) dawning;      b) appearing;      c) initiating;      d) breaking;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 22 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. He ...replaced, and feels abandoned.  
a) is;      b) had been;      c) has been;      d) was;
2. He ... even to pretend to listen, I'm almost sure.  
a) had forgotten;      b) must have forgotten;      c) forgot;      d) must forget;
3. He ... them talking about fetching cloaks.  
a) had heard;      b) must have heard;      c) hear;      d) heard;
4. She heard him talking about ... cold on the water, though it was pretty hot.  
a) were being;      b) having been;      c) being;      d) having had been;

5. He ... her describe the Moon. She spoke as astronomer.  
 a) could hear;      b) must hear;      c) could have heard;      d) may hear;
6. He ... left alone. What could be done to change the situation?  
 a) is;      b) was;      c) will be;      d) shall be;
7. I wish you ....and fetch some chalk from the Dean's Office.  
 a) have gone;      b) go;      c) went;      d) would go;
8. He ... overcome by her generosity – her goodness, which delighted him.  
 a) has been;      b) will be;      c) was;      d) is;
9. His life-time project was accepted. He ... so happy in the whole of his life!  
 a) never felt;      b) had never felt;      c) would never feel;      d) has never felt;
10. She ... accepted him still, perhaps, if he had been less absurd.  
 a) would have;      b) had;      c) should have;      d) will have;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. I couldn't finish the crossword, so in the end I gave ... and had a look at the answers.  
 a) on;      b) in;      c) off;      d) up;
2. Cars give ... poisonous fumes.  
 a) out;      b) at;      c) off;      d) by;
3. I gave the piano ... about a year ago and started playing the guitar.  
 a) down;      b) off;      c) out;      d) up;
4. We are going ... to the coast this weekend.  
 a) away;      b) off;      c) down;      d) in;
5. Churchill went ... as a great war-time leader.  
 a) down;      b) into;      c) off;      d) up;
6. You should go ... the talent contest.  
 a) out;      b) on;      c) up;      d) in for;
7. I could never go ... windsurfing.  
 a) in for;      b) in;      c) to;      d) at;
8. Many people like to put their statues ... the back left corner as you come inside.  
 a) on;      b) in;      c) at;      d) to;
9. Did you write to Iryna ... her visit this summer?  
 a) for;      b) over;      c) on;      d) about;
10. We have to work much longer each day ... in my old job.  
 a) from;      b) that;      c) than;      d) then;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The day of the marathon was a (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Twenty-seven kilometers into the race, Kanakuri (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from overheat and was taken care of by some local farmers. Kanakuri was not alone. Runners were (3) \_\_\_\_\_ like (4) \_\_\_\_\_ that day, and fellow runner Francisco Lazaro even died. Sixty-eight runners from around the world (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the race, but only half crossed the finish line. Unlike the other runners who dropped out, Kanakuri never reported his failure to finish to the race (6) \_\_\_\_\_. He was listed as (7) \_\_\_\_\_.

Kanakuri returned to Japan. After 50 years, the Swedish (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (9) \_\_\_\_\_ he was alive and well in Japan. In 1967, they invited him back to finish the race. At 75 years of age, he finally crossed the finish line. He said, "It was a long trip. Along the way, I got (10) \_\_\_\_\_, had six children and ten grandchildren."

- |                    |                |                |                   |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. a) scorch;      | b) scorched;   | c) scorcher;   | d) scorching;     |
| 2. a) collapse;    | b) collapsed;  | c) collapses;  | d) collapsible;   |
| 3. a) dropping;    | b) drop;       | c) dropped;    | d) drops;         |
| 4. a) flight;      | b) flies;      | c) flying;     | d) fly;           |
| 5. a) enterprise;  | b) enters;     | c) enter;      | d) entered;       |
| 6. a) official;    | b) unofficial; | c) officials;  | d) unofficially;  |
| 7. a) missionary;  | b) miss;       | c) mission;    | d) missing;       |
| 8. a) authorities; | b) authority;  | c) authorise;  | d) authorisation; |
| 9. a) discover;    | b) discoverer; | c) discovered; | d) discovery;     |
| 10. a) unmarried;  | b) married;    | c) marry;      | d) marriage;      |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

I had a great week at school! We (1) \_\_\_\_\_ having a media studies lesson when our teacher told us that we (2) \_\_\_\_\_ going to make a radio advert for the school! I (3) \_\_\_\_\_ really keen to be involved because I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ always been interested in a career in television. She (5) \_\_\_\_\_ us to plan our advert in detail and to write a script. Most people (6) \_\_\_\_\_ it difficult to come up with ideas, but I didn't. I decided that I (7) \_\_\_\_\_ have interviews with people who used to go to the school, commenting on how they (8) \_\_\_\_\_ benefited from going to that school. My teacher thought it was a great idea and said I (9) \_\_\_\_\_ see if I (10) \_\_\_\_\_ find some ex-students.

- |                   |               |              |                 |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) were;       | b) has been;  | c) had been; | d) should be;   |
| 2. a) shall be;   | b) would be;  | c) were;     | d) had been;    |
| 3. a) had been;   | b) was;       | c) has been; | d) will be;     |
| 4. a) have;       | b) had;       | c) should;   | d) would;       |
| 5. a) should ask; | b) would ask; | c) asks;     | d) asked;       |
| 6. a) find;       | b) found;     | c) founded;  | d) should find; |
| 7. a) could;      | b) might;     | c) would;    | d) should;      |

8. a) has;                      b) had;                      c) have;                      d) would;  
 9. a) undesirable;              b) had;                      c) would;                      d) should;  
 10. a) would;                      b) should;                      c) can;                      d) could;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. It was a beautiful ..., with not a cloud in the sky.  
 a) day;                      b) morning;                      c) afternoon;                      d) noon;
2. He was shot ... by a gunman outside his home.  
 a) dead;                      b) late;                      c) deceased;                      d) lifeless;
3. They are a leading ... i.e. vendor of computers in the UK.  
 a) dealer;                      b) tradesman;                      c) supplier;                      d) salesman;
4. They were glad to be back in their ... country.  
 a) expensive;                      b) beloved;                      c) precious;                      d) prized;
5. This accident has sparked off an intense... .  
 a) debate;                      b) conflict;                      c) consideration;                      d) controversy;
6. The company has announced net ... of 1.5 million.  
 a) debt;                      b) loss;                      c) liability;                      d) debit;
7. Eight months after Hoover's ... came the Wall Street Crash.  
 a) debut;                      b) initiation;                      c) inauguration;                      d) introduction;
8. This was another ... performance by the team.  
 a) decent;                      b) solid;                      c) respectable;                      d) sound;
9. It's up to you to ..... Just make up your mind!  
 a) decide;                      b) deliberate;                      c) determine;                      d) select;
10. During our meeting, he ... his willingness to cooperate.  
 a) raised;                      b) stated;                      c) indicated;                      d) annunciated;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 23 (B)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.**

1. The final scene ... more than anything in the whole of his life.  
 a) mattered;                      b) has mattered;                      c) had mattered;                      d) will have mattered;
2. It ... at three o'clock in the afternoon of a very hot day!  
 a) has happened;                      b) happened;                      c) would have happened;                      d) I should have happened;



3. We ... enough of that feeble joke.  
 a) should have had; b) 've had; c) had had; d) would have had;
4. He normally ... for nights.  
 a) had not slept; b) did not sleep; c) has not slept; d) will not sleep;
5. "Something very important ...," he scribbled at the end of it.  
 a) would happen; b) happened; c) had happened; d) has happened;
6. He felt as if his forehead ... burst.  
 a) may have; b) will; c) would; d) would have;
7. He felt that he ... against something physically hard.  
 a) was grinding; b) ground; c) has ground; d) would have ground;
8. It was as if she ... him in the face.  
 a) has hit; b) were hit; c) hit; d) had hit;
9. Regent's Park ... very little since he was a boy.  
 a) would change; b) changed; c) has changed; d) was changed;
10. But for herself she ... nothing wrong. It was, unfortunately, so.  
 a) has done; b) had done; c) did; d) would have done;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Will used to really like jazz music, but he's gone ... it lately.  
 a) for; b) over; c) off; d) to;
2. Even though everyone said they had heard it, Carol went ... telling the joke.  
 a) in; b) on; c) through; d) at;
3. He started by criticizing me, and then went ... to offer me promotion!  
 a) into; b) on; c) away; d) off;
4. I'd like to begin by going ... what we did in last week's lesson.  
 a) by; b) over; c) from; d) in;
5. I'm going ... to Jo's for dinner tonight.  
 a) in; b) by; c) round; d) at;
6. I didn't like reality TV at first, but it really grows ... you after a while.  
 a) into; b) of; c) in; d) on;
7. My ambition to be a computer programmer grew ... playing computer games.  
 a) out of; b) for; c) of; d) off;
8. She's grown ... that dress I made her last year.  
 a) at; b) of; c) out; d) out of;

9. I'd like to be a teacher of English when I grow ....

- a) into;                      b) at;                      c) up;                      d) in;

10. These stories have been handed ... from generation to generation.

- a) in;                      b) down;                      c) off;                      d) away;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

While some people might say that a 40-year ago gap between lovers is (1) \_\_\_\_, Valda Rodrigues de Oliveira would (2) \_\_\_\_. The 106-year-old Brazilian woman has just become the oldest woman ever to get (3) \_\_\_\_. Doctors warned Valda and her 66-year-old boyfriend that they were too old to get (4) \_\_\_\_ and could not take care of themselves. Instead, they held an engagement ceremony that had all the (5) \_\_\_\_ of a wedding. Valda (6) \_\_\_\_ down the aisle in a white dress. They (7) \_\_\_\_ rings and (8) \_\_\_\_ to be (9) \_\_\_\_ to each other. And finally, they (10) \_\_\_\_ it with a kiss.

1. a) scandalise;    b) scandalous;    c) scandal;    d) scandals;  
2. a) disagrees;    b) disagreed;    c) disagree;    d) disagreeable;  
3. a) engaged;    b) engagement;    c) engage;    d) engagements;  
4. a) marry;    b) marriage;    c) unmarried;    d) married;  
5. a) trap;    b) trappings;    c) trapping;    d) trapped;  
6. a) walked;    b) walk;    c) walking;    d) walks;  
7. a) exchange;    b) exchanged;    c) exchanges;    d) exchanging;  
8. a) promise;    b) promises;    c) promised;    d) promising;  
9. a) loyal;    b) disloyal;    c) disloyalty;    d) loyalties;  
10. a) seal;    b) sealed;    c) seals;    d) sealer;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

My wedding (1) \_\_\_\_ been arranged for months. I knew exactly what I wanted for that special day. I (2) \_\_\_\_ the caterers give me a menu and (3) \_\_\_\_ them to provide me with samples so that I could be sure we (4) \_\_\_\_ have the best food. I also wanted to have a string quartet play classical music and I arranged that, too. My dress (5) \_\_\_\_ being made specially and I (6) \_\_\_\_ the dressmaker put silver thread in it. Finally, the big day (7) \_\_\_\_. They called me and said it (8) \_\_\_\_ been damaged! I was furious! I (9) \_\_\_\_ my best friend quickly pop out and get a new dress. I (10) \_\_\_\_ my lawyer to call to get my money back.

1. a) have;    b) had;    c) would have;    d) has;  
2. a) would have;    b) have;    c) has;    d) had;  
3. a) will get;    b) getting;    c) got;    d) had got;  
4. a) would;    b) should;    c) could;    d) will;  
5. a) would be;    b) should be;    c) be;    d) was;

- |                     |                  |                |                 |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 6. a) had;          | b) has;          | c) would have; | d) have;        |
| 7. a) could arrive; | b) would arrive; | c) arrived;    | d) had arrived; |
| 8. a) will have;    | b) have;         | c) had;        | d) has;         |
| 9. a) had;          | b) has;          | c) am having;  | d) have had;    |
| 10. a) getting;     | b) has got;      | c) have got;   | d) got;         |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

- They ... the room with flowers and balloons.  
a) decorated;                      b) adorned;                      c) garnished;                      d) illustrating;
- We stock a large range of bicycle ....  
a) decorations;                      b) accessories;                      c) ornaments;                      d) fineries;
- These measures have failed to reverse the country's economic ....  
a) reduction;                      b) cut;                      c) decline;                      d) fall;
- He expressed a... concern over the government's handling of the incident.  
a) deep;                      b) sincere;                      c) real;                      d) genuine;
- They were speaking in ... voices.  
a) deep;                      b) low;                      c) rich;                      d) bass;
- Discrimination is a ... problem in our society.  
a) deep-seated;                      b) deep-rooted;                      c) entrenched;                      d) rigid;
- Government forces ... the rebels.  
a) beat;                      b) vanquished;                      c) overcame;                      d) defeated;
- This was another ... performance by the team.  
a) defective;                      b) shoddy;                      c) flawed;                      d) virus;
- Students will gain an active ... of the workings of Parliament.  
a) definition;                      b) interpretation;                      c) understanding;                      d) reading;
- Some local shops have ... tourists of 50 dollars.  
a) defrauded;                      b) swindled;                      c) fleeced;                      d) bilked;

**LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST**

**Variant 24 (B)**

**I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the spaces:**

- But why ... she be exposed? That was an irritable question.  
a) shall;                      b) ought;                      c) could;                      d) should;

2. She ... like a bird sheltering under the thin hollow of a leaf. So it seemed to her.  
 a) was;                      b) is;                                      c) will be;                      d) should be;
3. She ... go back again to him since it was almost time for them to be going to her mother.  
 a) has;                      b) must;                                      c) will;                      d) ought;
4. He seemed such a nice quiet man but, regrettably, he ... killed in the war some days ago.  
 a) would have been;    b) have been;                      c) was;                      d) has been;
5. Everyone has friends who ... killed in a car accident.  
 a) have been;              b) had to be;                      c) were;                      d) had been;
6. Everyone ... up something when they marry.  
 a) would give;              b) should give;                      c) gives;                      d) gave;
7. She ... her home by the time she got married.  
 a) had given up;    b) has given up;                      c) gave up;                      d) gives up;
8. But he let himself think about horrible things, as she ... too, if she tried.  
 a) ought to;              b) must;                      c) could;                      d) can;
9. She ... even stranger. That's that.  
 a) grew;                      b) had grown;                      c) has grown;                      d) would grow;
10. He said people ... behind the bedroom walls, when he came.  
 a) would talk;              b) talked;                      c) were talking;                      d) should talk;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word:**

1. I found a wallet and handed it... to the police.  
 a) out;                      b) on;                                      c) up;                      d) in;
2. Food was handed ... to the starving people.  
 a) out;                      b) in;                                      c) to;                      d) at;
3. Two men held ... a security van today and then escaped on motorbikes.  
 a) on;                      b) up;                                      c) at;                      d) over;
4. I was held ... in a traffic jam.  
 a) for;                      b) of;                                      c) on;                      d) up;
5. You'll feel much better if you join ..., instead of just watching everyone else have fun.  
 a) from;                      b) at;                                      c) in;                      d) with;
6. If you keep ... being late for work, you're going to be in trouble with the manager.  
 a) on;                      b) up;                                      c) off;                      d) back;
7. Gordon walks so fast that no one can keep ... him!  
 a) up with;                      b) in;                                      c) on;                      d) of;

8. Belgium was knocked ... the European Cup by France.

- a) up;                                      b) out of;                                      c) of;                                      d) on;

9. When I fell off my bike, my head hit the ground and I was completely knocked ... for about five minutes!

- a) in;                                      b) out;                                      c) off;                                      d) down;

10. If you don't like cinnamon, then simply leave it ....

- a) off;                                      b) out;                                      c) in;                                      d) back ;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Valda and Jaco met in a (1) \_\_\_\_ home in 2014. While Jaco is much younger, he is (2) \_\_\_\_ in his left arm and needs (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Though they are not in the best of (4) \_\_\_\_\_, their love is strong. Jaco said, "I fell in love with Valda from the moment I saw her. I know she's a little older than me, but that doesn't (5) \_\_\_\_\_ because she makes me (6) \_\_\_\_\_ happy." The (7) \_\_\_\_\_ is mutual. She says, "I fell in love with him. I like him a lot. If he dies, I die too."

Valda and Jaco are (8) \_\_\_\_\_. They spend all day talking, (9) \_\_\_\_\_ meals, and sitting side by side. It is unclear whether they will eventually get married or not, but they are not letting their age (10) \_\_\_\_\_ get in the way.

1. a) nurse;                                      b) nursery;                                      c) nursing;                                      d) nurses;  
2. a) paralyse;                                      b) paralysed;                                      c) paralysis;                                      d) paralyses;  
3. a) assistance;                                      b) assistant;                                      c) assistants;                                      d) assist;  
4. a) health;                                      b) heal;                                      c) healthy;                                      d) healing;  
5. a) matters;                                      b) mattered;                                      c) mattering;                                      d) matter;  
6. a) really;                                      b) realisation;                                      c) realise;                                      d) real;  
7. a) feeling;                                      b) feelings;                                      c) feel;                                      d) feeler;  
8. a) separable;                                      b) inseparable;                                      c) separate;                                      d) separately;  
9. a) share;                                      b) sharing;                                      c) shared;                                      d) shares;  
10. a) difference;                                      b) differences;                                      c) different;                                      d) differently;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer:**

It's hard for us to imagine what (1) \_\_\_\_\_ included in the European diet before America (2) \_\_\_\_\_ discovered by Columbus in 1492. So (3) \_\_\_\_\_ ingredients which today (4) \_\_\_\_\_ grown all over the world (5) \_\_\_\_\_ unknown to medieval Europeans. Potatoes, tomatoes, maize and chocolate (6) \_\_\_\_\_ all originally imported from the New World. Until then, meals (7) \_\_\_\_\_ been prepared using ingredients native to Europe, such as root vegetables. Of course, spices such as pepper (8) \_\_\_\_\_ been traded and added to food for centuries. When the potato (9) \_\_\_\_\_ first introduced, it was surprisingly unpopular. It (10) \_\_\_\_\_ considered to be poisonous and it took a long time to become common.

- |                  |              |              |               |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. a) is;        | b) was;      | c) has been; | d) had been;  |
| 2. a) has been;  | b) will be;  | c) shall be; | d) was;       |
| 3. a) many;      | b) much;     | c) little;   | d) few;       |
| 4. a) should be; | b) were;     | c) are;      | d) would be;  |
| 5. a) would be;  | b) were;     | c) had been; | d) has been;  |
| 6. a) were;      | b) was;      | c) shall be; | d) would be;  |
| 7. a) has;       | b) had;      | c) have had; | d) had had;   |
| 8. a) has;       | b) have;     | c) had;      | d) have had;  |
| 9. a) is;        | b) were;     | c) was;      | d) should be; |
| 10. a) was;      | b) has been; | c) had been; | d) should be; |

**V. Choose the correct word:**

1. The court ... for lunch.
 

a) restrained;	b) postponed;	c) adjourned;	d) discontinued;
----------------	---------------	---------------	------------------
2. Your name has been ... from the list.
 

a) deleted;	b) canceled;	c) cut;	d) wiped;
-------------	--------------	---------	-----------
3. He felt he was a victim of ... discrimination.
 

a) willful;	b) express;	c) studied;	d) intentional;
-------------	-------------	-------------	-----------------
4. The food is wholesome, ... and well-presented.
 

a) delightful;	b) delicious;	c) appetizing;	d) yummy;
----------------	---------------	----------------	-----------
5. I was ... , bewitched by the bird's beauty.
 

a) delighted;	b) pleased;	c) gladdened;	d) entranced;
---------------	-------------	---------------	---------------
6. At the moment there are two ... of packages a day.
 

a) deliveries;	b) distributions;	c) freights;	d) transports;
----------------	-------------------	--------------	----------------
7. There's not much of a ... for black and white televisions nowadays.
 

a) demand;	b) market;	c) a run on sth;	d) (no) call for sth;
------------	------------	------------------	-----------------------
8. She ... an immediate explanation. There was no avoiding it!
 

a) demanded;	b) requested;	c) expected;	d) insisted;
--------------	---------------	--------------	--------------
9. Bulldozers are now waiting to ... the houses.
 

a) razor;	b) demolish;	c) flatten;	d) annihilate;
-----------	--------------	-------------	----------------
10. Tourists are in ..... against some local shops fleecing them.
 

a) demonstration;	b) presentation;	c) testimony;	d) show;
-------------------	------------------	---------------	----------

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 25 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. Yet he ... be happy when he chose. This probability mattered.  
a) might;                      b) could;                      c) would;                      d) should;
2. They ... to Hampton Court on top of a bus yesterday.  
a) go;                      b) were going;                      c) went;                      d) will go;
3. All the little red and yellow flowers ... out on the grass, like floating lamps, he remembered.  
a) were;                      b) have been;                      c) had been;                      d) are;
4. She felt he ... from her and she caught him by the arm.  
a) is going;                      b) was going;                      c) went;                      d) will be going;
5. He ... argue with her about killing themselves more than once.  
a) can;                      b) may;                      c) should;                      d) would;
6. He would explain how he ... hear people making up lies as they passed in the street.  
a) will;                      b) could;                      c) would be;                      d) should;
7. He ... all their thoughts, he said; he knew everything.  
a) would know;                      b) has known;                      c) will know;                      d) knows;
8. Then when they got back he ... hardly walk.  
a) ought to;                      b) might;                      c) had to;                      d) could;
9. He ... on the sofa and made her hold his hand to prevent him from falling down.  
a) lay;                      b) was lying;                      c) lied;                      d) lain;
10. She ... stand it no longer.  
a) must;                      b) might;                      c) could;                      d) ought to;

#### II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. Rob really let me ... when he didn't finish the work on time.  
a) by;                      b) to;                      c) about;                      d) down;
2. He was to go to prison but they let him ... with a fine.  
a) at;                      b) in;                      c) off;                      d) to;
3. Be very careful if you're going to let ... those fireworks.  
a) off;                      b) back;                      c) in;                      d) after;
4. The soldiers all lined ..., ready to be inspected by the officer.  
a) up;                      b) off;                      c) out;                      d) over;

5. I don't know how they live ... so little money!

- a) with;                      b) on;                      c) off;                      d) up;

6. Could you look ... my flowers while I'm on holiday?

- a) for;                      b) after;                      c) with;                      d) on;

7. It annoys me the way Kate looks ... on other people.

- a) at;                      b) for;                      c) down;                      d) in;

8. A committee was set up to look ... the causes of the accident.

- a) in;                      b) into;                      c) at;                      d) by;

9. Look ...! There's a bike coming.

- a) for;                      b) at;                      c) out;                      d) on;

10. She looked ... but couldn't find anything she liked.

- a) down;                      b) on;                      c) off;                      d) round;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

The English (1) \_\_\_\_\_ 'age is just a number' is a way of saying that age is not (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Our physical age should not stand in the way of doing something like getting married. But until recently, research has (3) \_\_\_\_\_ that people who get married later in life are less likely to get (4) \_\_\_\_\_. This makes (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Older people are more (6) \_\_\_\_\_. They are more (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (8) \_\_\_\_\_. And unlike people who marry very young, older people often have had more time to get to know their partner well before (9) \_\_\_\_\_ the (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. a) expressions;                      b) expression;                      c) expressive;                      d) expressively;  
2. a) importantly;                      b) importance;                      c) self-important;                      d) important;  
3. a) shown;                      b) show;                      c) showing;                      d) showroom;  
4. a) divorced;                      b) divorcee;                      c) divorce;                      d) divorces;  
5. a) sense;                      b) senses;                      c) sensed;                      d) sensing;  
6. a) immature;                      b) maturity;                      c) matured;                      d) mature;  
7. a) financial;                      b) financially;                      c) finance;                      d) finances;  
8. a) secure;                      b) insecure;                      c) securely;                      d) insecurely;  
9. a) ties;                      b) tying;                      c) tie;                      d) untie;  
10. a) knotted;                      b) ) knotting;                      c) knot;                      d) knots;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

I (1) \_\_\_\_\_ taken to not booking a table in my real name for these restaurant reviews, as there's always the fear that I'll receive special attention if they know I'm a food critic. For Adam Carter's new restaurant, La Clara, on Kensington High Street, I took this one stage further by not booking a table at all.



Earlier in the evening, some friends (2) \_\_\_\_\_ come round for a chat and mentioned La Clara. We decided just to drop in to see if there (3) \_\_\_\_\_ a free table. There (4) \_\_\_\_\_ – always a risk if you turn up without booking, of course – but we decided to wait. And wait we did. Having arrived at about 9.30, it (5) \_\_\_\_\_ getting on for eleven before we were finally seated. Incidentally, while we (6) \_\_\_\_\_ having a drink at the bar, we ran into the food critic of a rival newspaper. She said this was one of her favourite restaurants at the moment. I'd like to be able to report that I now agree, but unfortunately our meal (7) \_\_\_\_\_ out to be far from wonderful

I ordered mushroom troubadour as a starter. The sauce tasted like the cream (8) \_\_\_\_\_ gone off. It was practically inedible. My friend Jane ordered salmon sentinale. Fifteen minutes after my mushrooms had arrived, the waiter came over to say that they (9) \_\_\_\_\_ run out of salmon. He went on to say that they (10) \_\_\_\_\_ be closing at midnight.

1. a) should have;    b) has;                    c) have;                    d) had;
2. a) have;                b) had;                    c) has;                    d) shall have;
3. a) was;                b) is;                      c) were;                    d) will be;
4. a) won't;              b) wasn't;                c) shan't;                d) shouldn't;
5. a) should be;        b) shall be;              c) will be;                d) was;
6. a) would be;        b) was;                    c) were;                    d) is;
7. a) should turn;    b) would turn;        c) turns;                    d) turned;
8. a) has;                b) had;                    c) would have;        d) should;
9. a) had;                b) have had;            c) has;                    d) should have;
10. a) would;            b) should;                c) shall;                    d) will;

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. There was a ... of liability in the surveyor's report.  
a) denial;                b) disclaimer;            c) rebuttal;                d) refutation;
2. She strongly ... any suggestion that she behaved unprofessionally.  
a) disowned;            b) contradicted;        c) repudiated;            d) refuted;
3. The company's sales ... is going to be restructured.  
a) department;        b) division;              c) branch;                d) unit;
4. The issue will be decided by ....  
a) election;              b) vote;                    c) poll;                    d) referendum;
5. It was a radical ... from tradition.  
a) departure;            b) deviation;            c) diversion;              d) digression;
6. He mopes around all the time with that ... on his face.  
a) depressed;            b) gloomy;                c) demoralized;        d) glum;

7. They ... stories and jokes while sitting around the camp fire.  
 a) describe;      b) report;      c) tell;      d) unfold;
8. The writer paints a gloomy ... of the economy.  
 a) description;      b) picture;      c) representation;      d) profile;
9. The term I used was meant to be purely ....  
 a) descriptive;      b) explanatory;      c) interpretative;      d) illustrative;
10. Somalia is mostly ....  
 a) desert;      b) wilderness;      c) bush;      d) wasteland;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 26 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. In those days, she ... go back at once of her own free will.  
 a) should;      b) may;      c) would;      d) can;
2. She was close to him now, ... see him staring at the sky, muttering, clasping his hands.  
 a) would;      b) could;      c) shall;      d) will;
3. Their marriage ... over, he thought, with agony, with relief.  
 a) is;      b) was;      c) has been;      d) to be over;
4. The supreme secret ... be told to the Cabinet right now!  
 a) must;      b) dare;      c) might;      d) ought;
5. It ... turning into a man, that very moment.  
 a) will have been;      b) had been;      c) has been;      d) was;
6. He ... not watch it happen!  
 a) had;      b) ought;      c) could;      d) had to
7. At once, they saw, the dog ... away.  
 a) trotted;      b) to trot;      c) is trotting;      d) has trotted;
8. But what was the scientific (for one ... be scientific above all things)?  
 a) must;      b) can;      c) ought;      d) may;
9. Why ... he see through bodies; see into the future? The question kept rising.  
 a) will;      b) shall;      c) could;      d) may;
10. It ... spread like a veil upon a rock, there was no undoing it!  
 a) having to;      b) is to be;      c) has;      d) was;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

- I've always looked ... my parents because they never give up.  
a) for;                      b) over;                      c) up to;                      d) to;
- I'll look ... a word in a dictionary.  
a) at;                      b) up;                      c) through;                      d) on;
- It seems that the burglars made ... without being seen by dressing as postmen.  
a) with;                      b) off;                      c) through;                      d) away;
- He's not as clever as he makes himself ... to be.  
a) by;                      b) out;                      c) from;                      d) in;
- I just can't make him ....  
a) in;                      b) by;                      c) out;                      d) to;
- I could just make ... her signature.  
a) away;                      b) up;                      c) off;                      d) out;
- I had an argument with my best friend, but we soon made ....  
a) up;                      b) at;                      c) of;                      d) through;
- We need one more person to make ... our team.  
a) for;                      b) at;                      c) off;                      d) up;
- Leo made ... a poem about the English teacher.  
a) into;                      b) at;                      c) up;                      d) in;
- Her enthusiasm makes ... her lack of experience.  
a) on;                      b) up for;                      c) at;                      d) for;

## III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

All these things could lead to a more (1) \_\_\_\_\_ marriage. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ between age and divorce is changing. According to research from (4) \_\_\_\_\_, Nicholas Wolfinger, the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ time to get married is between the late 20s and the mid-30s. Wolfinger says that younger people in their early 20s have a higher rate of divorce. This is no (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and is (7) \_\_\_\_\_ with past research. But people over 35 being at an increased (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for divorce is a new (9) \_\_\_\_\_. Wolfinger is at a loss for why these statistics are changing. He says, "I honestly don't have a great (10) \_\_\_\_\_. What I know for certain is it has happened."

- a) unstable;                      b) stable;                      c) instability;                      d) stability;
- a) Stranger;                      b) Strangeness;                      c) Strangely;                      d) Strange;
- a) connection;                      b) connections;                      c) connect;                      d) disconnect;
- a) sociologists;                      b) sociology;                      c) sociological;                      d) sociologist;

- |                      |                 |                  |                   |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 5. a) perfectionist; | b) perfect;     | c) perfectly;    | d) perfection;    |
| 6. a) surprise;      | b) surprises;   | c) surprisingly; | d) surprising;    |
| 7. a) consistently;  | b) consistent;  | c) inconsistent; | d) inconsistency; |
| 8. a) risks;         | b) risky;       | c) risk;         | d) risked;        |
| 9. a) phenomenon;    | b) phenomena;   | c) phenomenally; | d) phenomenal;    |
| 10. a) explain;      | b) explanation; | c) explanatory;  | d) explicable;    |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

In some cultures, when you are invited to have a meal at someone's house, you (1) \_\_\_\_ be considered rude if you (2) \_\_\_\_ say how nice the food is. In Britain, for example, it's normal for someone to compliment the cook on the tastiness of the meal. You (3) \_\_\_\_ say something like, 'That was delicious. Do, please, write the recipe down for me!'

In other cultures, however, people tend not to (4) \_\_\_\_ so full of enthusiasm for the meal. You (5) \_\_\_\_ be regarded as (6) \_\_\_\_ rude, as the cook (7) \_\_\_\_ associate your praise with surprise. He or she might think, 'So, they're shocked I can cook well, are they?'

If you (8) \_\_\_\_ not sure how to react, the best advice is to wait and see how other people at the table react. If that (9) \_\_\_\_ help, be very careful about what you say! I (10) \_\_\_\_ suggest that one solution could be to say, 'That was delicious, but then I knew it would be!'

- |                 |              |                     |               |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. a) is        | b) will be;  | c) would have been; | d) has been;  |
| 2. a) shan't;   | b) musn't;   | c) shouldn't;       | d) don't;     |
| 3. a) might;    | b) could;    | c) can;             | d) will;      |
| 4. a) be;       | b) has been; | c) had been;        | d) be being;  |
| 5. a) ought;    | b) should;   | c) need;            | d) might;     |
| 6. a) being;    | b) been;     | c) have been;       | d) had been;  |
| 7. a) would;    | b) should;   | c) might;           | d) can;       |
| 8. a) had been; | b) were;     | c) are;             | d) have been; |
| 9. a) doesn't;  | b) haven't;  | c) won't;           | d) hadn't;    |
| 10. a) should;  | b) could;    | c) ought            | d) would;     |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- The office was completely ....
 

a) deserted;	b) abandoned;	c) disused;	d) abused;
--------------	---------------	-------------	------------
- Police found several guns in a(n) ... car.
 

a) deserted;	b) abandoned;	c) disused;	d) mistreated;
--------------	---------------	-------------	----------------
- Editing and ... is now usually done on computer.
 

a) design;	b) format;	c) layout;	d) configuration;
------------	------------	------------	-------------------

4. I did not have to ... any tales about my past.  
a) invent;                      b) coin;                      c) fabricate;                      d) devise
5. Iron the garment on the ... side.  
a) opposite;                      b) reverse;                      c) contrary;                      d) inverse;
6. You need the machine-building advice of a qualified ....  
a) designer;                      b) engineer;                      c) architect;                      d) developer;
7. The ... of easy profits was too much for them.  
a) desire;                      b) need;                      c) wish;                      d) temptation;
8. He gave up the struggle in ....  
a) despair;                      b) desperation;                      c) despondency;                      d) desolation;
9. Don't ...! We'll think of a way out of this.  
a) discourage;                      b) demoralise;                      c) despair;                      d) frustrate;
10. With every day that passed he became ever more ....., his hopes waning.  
a) desperate;                      b) desperado;                      c) despairing;                      d) disappointed;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 27 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. He ... back in his chair, exhausted but upheld.  
a) was laying;                      b) lay;                      c) lain;                      d) lied;
2. The earth ... beneath him at that time.  
a) is thrilling;                      b) has been thrilled;                      c) thrilled;                      d) will thrill;
3. But he himself ... high on his rock.  
a) remain;                      b) remained;                      c) has remained;                      d) remains;
4. I ... over the edge of the boat and fell down, he thought.  
a) lean;                      b) had leant;                      c) have leant;                      d) leant;
5. I ... dead, and yet am now alive.  
a) had been;                      b) have been;                      c) will have been;                      d) shall be;
6. Beauty, the world seemed to say; beauty ... instantly.  
a) springs;                      b) sprang;                      c) has sprung;                      d) was springing;
7. ... a leaf quivering in the rush of air was any exquisite joy.  
a) To watch;                      b) Watch;                      c) To have been watched;                      d) To be watched;
8. He was talking, he was starting, this man ... notice him.

- a) should be;                      b) may;                      c) can;                      d) must;
9. He ... looking at them, when I came.  
a) will be;                      b) is;                      c) was;                      d) had been;
10. "And that ... young", Peter said as he passed them.  
a) is being;                      b) was being;                      c) has been;                      d) had been;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. It started to rain so we made ... a nearby farmhouse.  
a) out;                      b) for;                      c) through;                      d) off;
2. Columbia was named ... Christopher Columbus.  
a) over;                      b) through;                      c) out;                      d) after;
3. I still haven't decided which university to go to, but I've narrowed it ... to about four.  
a) down;                      b) up;                      c) to;                      d) for;
4. I was sorry to hear that your grandfather passed ....  
a) along;                      b) up;                      c) away;                      d) down;
5. It was so hot that several members of the crowd passed ... and had to be taken to hospital.  
a) out;                      b) in;                      c) over;                      d) up;
6. It's not fair when some of the bigger boys pick ... the little ones.  
a) over;                      b) on;                      c) through;                      d) up to;
7. We've ordered a taxi to pick us ... at ten.  
a) to;                      b) up;                      c) away;                      d) from;
8. Is the microphone plugged ...?  
a) in;                      b) on;                      c) for;                      d) into;
9. Why don't you pop ... for a cup of tea?  
a) away;                      b) in;                      c) on;                      d) down;
10. Could you just pull ... for a second?  
a) on;                      b) in;                      c) away;                      d) down;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

This past New Year's Eve, a 64-year-old Michigan man took a fall that almost (1) \_\_\_\_\_ him his life. At 10:30 pm, Bob took a (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from (3) \_\_\_\_\_ football on TV and (4) \_\_\_\_\_ outside. He was going to get wood for the fire when he (5) \_\_\_\_\_ on some icy steps. As he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ in the snow, without a jacket, he knew that he was in serious (7) \_\_\_\_\_. He had broken his neck and couldn't move. Bob's wife was visiting her (8) \_\_\_\_\_, and he was all (9) \_\_\_\_\_. He screamed for help, but his nearest (10) \_\_\_\_\_ was far away.

- |                    |               |                   |                  |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) costs;       | b) cost;      | c) costly;        | d) costing;      |
| 2. a) broke;       | b) broken;    | c) break;         | d) breaks;       |
| 3. a) watch;       | b) watched;   | c) watching;      | d) watchful;     |
| 4. a) stepped;     | b) step;      | c) steps;         | d) stepping;     |
| 5. a) slip;        | b) slipped;   | c) slipping;      | d) slips;        |
| 6. a) lay;         | b) laid;      | c) laying;        | d) layabout;     |
| 7. a) troubles;    | b) trouble;   | c) troublemaker;  | d) troublesome;  |
| 8. a) parent;      | b) parental;  | c) parents;       | d) parenthood;   |
| 9. a) alone;       | b) lone;      | c) lonely;        | d) loneliness;   |
| 10. a) neighbours; | b) neighbour; | c) neighbourhood; | d) neighbouring; |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

People appear (1) \_\_\_\_ in different ways. Some people expect (2) \_\_\_\_ mistakes in their studies and are capable of (3) \_\_\_\_ from their mistakes. They don't mind (4) \_\_\_\_ by their teacher and indeed often ask (5) \_\_\_\_ corrected.

Others, however, dislike (6) \_\_\_\_ mistakes. They try to avoid (7) \_\_\_\_ anything which they might do badly. They would rather (8) \_\_\_\_ something in small steps and be sure they have got it right (9) \_\_\_\_ attempt to do a task based on a subject they don't feel they have finished (10) \_\_\_\_ yet.

- |                          |                   |                     |                     |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a) learning;          | b) having learnt; | c) learn;           | d) to learn;        |
| 2. a) making;            | b) to make;       | c) make;            | d) having made;     |
| 3. a) to have benefited; | b) to benefit;    | c) benefit;         | d) benefiting;      |
| 4. a) correcting;        | b) to correct;    | c) being corrected; | d) to be corrected; |
| 5. a) to be;             | b) be;            | c) to have been;    | d) being;           |
| 6. a) to be making;      | b) to make;       | c) making;          | d) make;            |
| 7. a) having done;       | b) to do;         | c) doing;           | d) to have done;    |
| 8. a) to perfect;        | b) perfect;       | c) perfecting;      | d) be perfected;    |
| 9. a) to;                | b) from;          | c) that;            | d) than;            |
| 10. a) exploring;        | b) to explore;    | c) explore;         | d) being explored;  |

#### V. Choose the correct word.

- It would have been ... of her not to keep her promise.
 

a) despicable;	b) cheap;	c) dishonourable;	d) worthless;
----------------	-----------	-------------------	---------------
- The bomb ... much of the old part of the city.
 

a) wasted;	b) devastated;	c) pillaged;	d) decimated;
------------	----------------	--------------	---------------
- You are advised to take out ... insurance.

- a) extensive;      b) comprehensive;      c) careful;      d) thorough;
4. The difficulties in her way merely strengthened her ....
- a) insistence;      b) persistence;      c) determination;      d) spirit;
5. Prices are very much ... by market demand.
- a) ruled;      b) reigned;      c) determined;      d) dictated;
6. He didn't want to go but his brother was ... . The brother would stick to his position.
- a) consistent;      b) resistant;      c) persistent;      d) insistent;
7. She can be very ... when she wants something.
- a) determined;      b) persistent;      c) heroic;      d) withholding;
8. Their relationship has ... over a number of years.
- a) developed;      b) moved;      c) spread;      d) enlarged;
9. A more powerful version of this engine is currently in ....
- a) development;      b) design;      c) creation;      d) innovation;
10. Most companies ... resources to quality control and product testing.
- a) devote;      b) dedicate;      c) commit;      d) afford;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 28 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. ... an awful scene – the poor girl looked absolutely desperate – in the middle of the morning.
- a) To have been;      b) To have had;      c) To have;      d) To be having;
2. What ... the young man in the overcoat been saying to her to make her look like that?
- a) has;      b) had;      c) would have;      d) should have;
3. Never had he seen London ... so enchanting – the softness of the distances; the richness; the greenness; the civilization!
- a) look;      b) to look;      c) looking;      d) has looked;
4. This susceptibility to impressions .... a strong point of his.
- a) has been;      b) would be;      c) should be;      d) had been;
5. To his eye the fashions ... so becoming before.
- a) have never been;      b) has never been;      c) had never been;      d) would never be;
6. A change of some sort ... undoubtedly taken place by that moment.
- a) will have;      b) has;      c) had;      d) would have;



7. Those five years ..., he suspected afterwards, somehow very important.  
 a) have been;      b) had been;      c) would be;      d) will be;
8. People ... different when George was a student.  
 a) looked;      b) having looked;      c) look;      d) will look;
9. On board a ship coming home there ... lots of young men and girls.  
 a) were;      b) would be;      c) should be;      d) will be;
10. The girl ... stand still and powder her nose by force of habit.  
 a) shall;      b) should;      c) would;      d) will;

**II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.**

1. The other company pulled ... of the deal at the last minute.  
 a) out;      b) up;      c) through;      d) off;
2. The doctors were really worried about Simon, but in the end he pulled ....  
 a) over;      b) through;      c) out;      d) in;
- 3 I try to put a little ... each month for emergencies.  
 a) by;      b) along;      c) into;      d) on;
4. I wish you wouldn't keep putting me ... in front of other people!  
 a) out;      b) in;      c) up;      d) down;
5. The dog was put ... after it attacked a child.  
 a) off;      b) up for;      c) down;      d) for;
6. I put his bad exam results ... laziness rather than a lack of ability.  
 a) on;      b) in;      c) down to;      d) of;
7. A number of suggestions were put ... during the meeting but none of them were very useful.  
 a) forward;      b) up;      c) on;      d) at;
8. She put ... writing her essay until the last minute.  
 a) out;      b) up for;      c) for;      d) off;
9. The accident put me ... driving for a long time.  
 a) up;      b) for;      c) after;      d) off;
10. I put ... weight very easily.  
 a) up;      b) out;      c) on;      d) after;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

No one heard him except for his (1) \_\_\_\_ dog Kelsey. Bob continued to (2) \_\_\_\_ for help until he (3) \_\_\_\_ lost his (4) \_\_\_\_, but Kelsey continued (5) \_\_\_\_ all night. He was only (6) \_\_\_\_ long underwear, a shirt, and slippers as he lay in the snow. In those temperatures, falling (7)

\_\_\_\_\_ could have been (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for Bob. Throughout the night the 70-pound dog (9) \_\_\_\_\_ him warm by lying on top of him and kept him (10) \_\_\_\_\_ by licking his face and pawing at his arms.

- |                 |               |               |                |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. a) loyal;    | b) disloyal;  | c) loyalty;   | d) disloyalty; |
| 2. a) screamed; | b) screaming; | c) scream;    | d) screams;    |
| 3. a) event;    | b) eventful;  | c) eventual;  | d) eventually; |
| 4. a) voice;    | b) voices;    | c) voicemail; | d) voiceless;  |
| 5. a) barking;  | b) bark;      | c) barked;    | d) barks;      |
| 6. a) wore;     | b) wearing;   | c) worn;      | d) weary;      |
| 7. a) asleep;   | b) sleep;     | c) sleeping;  | d) sleepy;     |
| 8. a) fate;     | b) fatality;  | c) fatally;   | d) fatal;      |
| 9. a) keep;     | b) kept;      | c) keeping;   | d) keeps;      |
| 10. a) awake;   | b) awoke;     | c) awoken;    | d) awaken;     |

#### IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.

It may sound strange, but Ben was looking forward to the English exam. Now, don't imagine that Ben was a great student. He was always slow to catch on in class and (1) \_\_\_\_\_ really keep up with the other students. And he (2) \_\_\_\_\_ even (3) \_\_\_\_\_ for the exam. The real reason he thought, he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ going to sail through was that he had all the answers!

Two days before, he had found a piece of paper with all the questions and answers on it on his teacher's desk. It suddenly crossed his mind that (5) \_\_\_\_\_ for once he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ pass the exam. 'What's the point of studying?' he asked himself. After (7) \_\_\_\_\_ it over for a second, he made his mind up. He (8) \_\_\_\_\_ the piece of paper and his teacher (9) \_\_\_\_\_ no idea what had happened.

When the exam started, Ben sat down and turned the question paper over. He looked, and then looked again. It was the wrong paper! It dawned on Ben that he (10) \_\_\_\_\_ copied the wrong exam paper!

- |                     |                  |               |                 |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) is;           | b) couldn't;     | c) had been;  | d) has been;    |
| 2. a) hadn't;       | b) go;           | c) are going; | d) went;        |
| 3. a) studies;      | b) should study; | c) studied;   | d) studying;    |
| 4. a) were;         | b) has been;     | c) was;       | d) had been;    |
| 5. a) can be;       | b) maybe;        | c) is to be;  | d) had to be;   |
| 6. a) can;          | b) might;        | c) should;    | d) would;       |
| 7. a) should think; | b) thinks;       | c) thought;   | d) thinking;    |
| 8. a) copy;         | b) copied;       | c) copying;   | d) has copied;  |
| 9. a) have;         | b) has;          | c) had;       | d) should have; |
| 10. a) has;         | b) would have;   | c) had;       | d) will have;   |

## V. Choose the correct word.

1. ... 4 represents the process of soil erosion.  
a) Diaphragm;      b) Figure;              c) Drawing;              d) Painting;
2. North Korea was ruled by a succession of ....  
a) kings;              b) tyrants;              c) tzars;              d) shahs;
3. In Cyprus this soup is served on Easter morning to break the long Lenten ....  
a) diet;              b) fast;              c) regime;              d) regimen;
4. The conversation ... widely, with numerous topics touched upon.  
a) differed;              b) ranged;              c) varied;              d) diverged;
5. Philosophers did not make a ... between arts and science.  
a) dissimilarity;      b) contrast;              c) distinction;              d) variation;
6. It's an ambitious book that tries to cover such ... forms as Anglo-Saxon poetry and the modern novel.  
a) different;              b) unlike;              c) contrasting;              d) disparate;
7. It is a technically ... piece of music to play.  
a) complex;              b) hard;              c) stressful;              d) demanding;
8. The next few months were quite ... as I had lost my job.  
a) tough;              b) tiresome;              c) bad;              d) hard;
9. She got the computer set up with no ... at all.  
a) difficulty;              b) trouble;              c) job;              d) hassle;
10. It was a huge blow to his ... to find out he was so unpopular.  
a) dignity;              b) ego;              c) pride;              d) sensibilities;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 29 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

1. And they ... engaged; just having a good time; no feelings hurt on either side.  
a) weren't;              b) wouldn't;              c) won't be;              d) shan't be;
2. She ... make a very good wife at thirty.  
a) will              b) would;              c) shall;              d) should;
3. She ... marry when it suited her to marry.  
a) can;              b) would;              c) shall;              d) will;
4. She ... marry some rich man and live in a large house near Manchester, so it was hoped.  
a) shall;              b) will;              c) may;              d) would;

5. It was Sally – the last person in the world one ... expected to marry a rich man.  
 a) would have;    b) should have;    c) shall be;    d) will be;
6. He ... of nothing but his own appearance, such was the case.  
 a) thought;    b) will think;    c) shall think;    d) thinks;
7. He ... have been a Duke, there was no doubt about it.  
 a) ought to;    b) can;    c) may;    d) might;
8. He ... be certain to marry one of the Royal Princesses, it was strongly supposed.  
 a) will;    b) may;    c) should;    d) would;
9. And of course he ... the most extraordinary, the most natural, the most sublime respect for the British aristocracy of any human being he had ever come across.  
 a) has;    b) had;    c) will have;    d) was having
10. Richard, the perfect gentleman – never ... a man look more horrified!  
 a) would;    b) do;    c) does;    d) did;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. They put ... extra trains in the summer.  
 a) in;    b) on;    c) up;    d) away;
2. I'm afraid you'll have to put your cigarette ... before you enter the building.  
 a) up;    b) over;    c) away;    d) out;
3. I'll just put you ... to the supervisor, Jeanne.  
 a) through;    b) up;    c) with;    d) towards;
4. You have to put ... a lot in this job, but it's worth it in the end.  
 a) up;    b) down;    c) into;    d) up with;
5. If you run ... any problems, just let me know.  
 a) across;    b) up;    c) into;    d) away;
6. We've run ... coffee.  
 a) in;    b) out of;    c) for;    d) of;
7. Andrea was run ... outside her house and she's been taken to hospital.  
 a) for;    b) by;    c) over;    d) with;
8. With a little bit of revision, you should sail ... the exam.  
 a) away;    b) through;    c) out;    d) round;
9. I'm saving ... my holiday in Great Britain.  
 a) up with;    b) up for;    c) for;    d) over;

10. We all went to the bus station to see Grandma ....

- a) off;                                      b) out;                                      c) after;                                      d) up;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.**

Twenty hours later, at 6:30 pm on New Year's Day, Kelsey's (1) \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ off when a (4) \_\_\_\_ found them. Bob was rushed to the hospital and had an (5) \_\_\_\_ operation on his spine. The operation was a (6) \_\_\_\_\_. The very next day Bob began to move his arms and legs again. His doctor (7) \_\_\_\_ his remarkable (8) \_\_\_\_ to Kelsey keeping him warm after his fall and Bob's own mental strength. Dr. Colen said, "He has a strong and a very positive personality and that's what I like. A lot of people quickly end up in (9) \_\_\_\_, and that's very (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                     |                   |                  |                  |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. a) bark;         | b) barking;       | c) barked;       | d) barks;        |
| 2. a) finals;       | b) final;         | c) finally;      | d) finale;       |
| 3. a) payable;      | b) pay;           | c) paid;         | d) payment;      |
| 4. a) neighbouring; | b) neighbourhood; | c) neighbours;   | d) neighbour;    |
| 5. a) emergency;    | b) emergencies;   | c) emergence;    | d) emerged;      |
| 6. a) successful;   | b) success;       | c) successfully; | d) unsuccessful; |
| 7. a) attribute;    | b) attributes;    | c) attributed;   | d) attributive;  |
| 8. a) recover;      | b) recovery;      | c) recovered;    | d) recovers;     |
| 9. a) despairing;   | b) despairs;      | c) despaired;    | d) despair;      |
| 10. a) tragic;      | b) tragedy;       | c) tragically;   | d) tragedies;    |

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Tourists to San Francisco (1) \_\_\_\_ rarely disappointed with the famous range of cultural and artistic attractions the city has to offer. But San Francisco is more famous for (2) \_\_\_\_ on the San Andreas fault, a notorious source of earthquakes. Over seven hundred people died in San Francisco in the great earthquake of 1906, and more than 70 perished in another large quake in 1989. It's hard to imagine why anyone (3) \_\_\_\_ want to live in such a dangerous area, but millions of people choose to do so. They (4) \_\_\_\_ all familiar with the fault line, and are aware of the potential danger if there (5) \_\_\_\_ another powerful quake. Yet nothing, it seems, (6) \_\_\_\_ prevent people from building in San Francisco. A quick glance at a photo of the city (7) \_\_\_\_ a large number of modern skyscrapers, many of them completely (8) \_\_\_\_ with glass.

Seismologists (9) \_\_\_\_ constantly warning residents about the possibility of 'the next big quake.' They expect it (10) \_\_\_\_ sooner rather than later.

- |              |           |            |             |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1. a) were;  | b) are;   | c) is;     | d) will be; |
| 2. a) being; | b) been;  | c) are;    | d) is;      |
| 3. a) will;  | b) shall; | c) should; | d) would;   |

- |                   |             |                 |                |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 4. a) should be;  | b) will be; | c) are;         | d) were;       |
| 5. a) was;        | b) is;      | c) will be;     | d) shall be;   |
| 6. a) would;      | b) should;  | c) shall;       | d) will;       |
| 7. a) will show;  | b) shown;   | c) showed;      | d) shows;      |
| 8. a) covered;    | b) covers   | c) shall cover; | d) will cover; |
| 9. a) were;       | b) are;     | c) was;         | d) would be;   |
| 10. a) happening; | b) happen;  | c) to happen;   | d) happens;    |

### V. Choose the correct word.

- We saw the ... outline of the mountain through the mist.  
a) dim;                      b) faint;                      c) weak;                      d) soft;
- The kitchen was rather dark and ..., squalor everywhere.  
a) dim;                      b) gloomy;                      c) dreary;                      d) dingy;
- I can't be bothered to cook. Shall we ... out tonight?  
a) dine;                      b) eat;                      c) lunch;                      d) feast;
- I'm going to have a nice leisurely ..., around 9 a.m. tomorrow.  
a) dinner;                      b) lunch;                      c) breakfast;                      d) tea;
- The economy is well on the ... to recovery.  
a) direction;                      b) route                      c) course;                      d) road;
- The problem with white is that it soon shows the ....  
a) dirt;                      b) dust;                      c) pollution;                      d) soot;
- There were two beggars dressed in ... rags.  
a) miserable;                      b) terrific;                      c) filthy;                      d) terrible;
- The proposed ... has been blocked by the government.  
a) block;                      b) obstacle;                      c) inhibit;                      d) hamper;
- The burglars gained entry to the building after ... the alarm.  
a) disabling;                      b) thwarting;                      c) crippling                      d) blocking;
- They became fiercely ... for the boy.  
a) assertive;                      b) ambitious;                      c) proud;                      d) dedicated;

## LEXICO-GRAMMATICAL TEST

### Variant 30 (B)

#### I. Fill in the gap with the word which best fits in the space.

- She ... it on purpose, she said afterwards.  
a) has done ;                      b) had done;                      c) did;                      d) will have done;

2. "He... read nothing, thought nothing, felt nothing," he could hear her saying.

- a) 's;                      b) 'd;                      c) 've;                      d) 'll;

3. No country but England ... produced it.

- a) shall have;              b) will have;              c) could have;              d) will be;

4. He ... have been a country gentleman – he was wasted on politics.

- a) could;                      b) ought;                      c) shall;                      d) must;

5. That was what she ... him for, perhaps – that was what she needed.

- a) liked;                      b) likes;                      c) will like;                      d) shall like;

6. He was all the time talking to the dog as if it ... a human being.

- a) will be;                      b) is;                      c) were;                      d) shall be;

7. How ... she let him hold forth about Shakespeare? How was that possible?

- a) will;                      b) should;                      c) could;                      d) may;

8. No decent man ... to let his wife visit a deceased wife's sister.

- a) could;                      b) ought;                      c) might;                      d) may;

9. But she ... it all in, being plunged in her problems.

- a) will suck;                      b) sucks;                      c) suck;                      d) sucked;

10. Heaven knows if she ... think him the most original mind she'd ever met.

- a) didn't;                      b) doesn't;                      c) won't;                      d) shan't;

## II. Fill in the gap with a proper word.

1. The police immediately saw ... his story.

- a) in;                      b) through;                      c) out;                      d) down;

2. I'm not enjoying my computer course any more, but I'll see it ... the end.

- a) through to;              b) after;                      c) out;                      d) up;

3. I'll see ... the travel arrangements and you book the hotel.

- a) in;                      b) on;                      c) to;                      d) of;

4. I'm afraid that the bad weather has set ....

- a) in;                      b) out;                      c) after;                      d) up;

5. I liked your composition, but I think you need to set your ideas ... more clearly by using paragraphs.

- a) up;                      b) out;                      c) into;                      d) on;

6. He set ... to prove that his theory was right.

- a) at;                      b) out;                      c) up;                      d) on;

7. As the sun rose, we took down our tents and set ... across the desert.

- a) on;                      b) out;                      c) from;                      d) in;

8. We only had a few hours to get the party ready so we set ... work quickly.

- a) out;                      b) off;                      c) to;                      d) up for;

9. You're such a good cook that I think you should set ... a restaurant.

- a) on;                      b) into;                      c) up;                      d) along;

10. She spent her twenties travelling round the world and then settled ... in a quiet village in Sussex.

- a) out;                      b) down;                      c) for;                      d) up for;

**III. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap.**

“(1) \_\_\_\_ that (2) \_\_\_\_ is very (3) \_\_\_\_.” Bob has begun to walk again, and Kelsey is (4) \_\_\_\_ by his side every (5) \_\_\_\_ of the way. Bob has chosen to not (6) \_\_\_\_ his (7) \_\_\_\_ name, to (8) \_\_\_\_ his family's privacy, but his dog Kelsey's (9) \_\_\_\_ will not soon be forgotten. “I'm so thankful for my two heroes,” Bob said. “Kelsey kept me warm, alert and never stopped barking for help. Dr. Colen saved my life and ability to move. They are truly heroes and I will be (10) \_\_\_\_ grateful.

1. a) Maintain;      b) Maintained;      c) Maintains;      d) Maintaining;  
2. a) positive;      b) positivity;      c) positively;      d) possess;  
3. a) importer;      b) importance;      c) importantly;      d) important;  
4. a) staying;      b) stay;      c) stayed;      d) stays;  
5. a) steps;      b) step;      c) stepped;      d) stepping;  
6. a) reveals;      b) revelled;      c) revelling;      d) reveal;  
7. a) last;      b) lastly;      c) lasts;      d) lasting;  
8. a) protecting;      b) protects;      c) protected;      d) protect;  
9. a) heroine;      b) hero;      c) heroism;      d) heroic;  
10. a) eternally;      b) eternity;      c) eternal;      d) eternalize;

**IV. Fill in the gap with the correct answer.**

Forecasts (1) \_\_\_\_ warn us about threats posed by the weather, but imagine if we (2) \_\_\_\_ take control of the weather and prevent dangerous weather conditions in the first place. (3) \_\_\_\_ the weather (4) \_\_\_\_ be the biggest technological challenge we face. For a long time, scientists (5) \_\_\_\_ dreamed of creating artificial clouds (6) \_\_\_\_ rain to areas hit by drought, but it's much harder to do than they (7) \_\_\_\_ . The global weather system is very complicated, with each part (8) \_\_\_\_ an effect on all the others. The scientists (9) \_\_\_\_ feel they are wasting their time, but success (10) \_\_\_\_ save millions of lives.

1. a) must;                      b) could;                      c) might;                      d) should;  
2. a) would;                      b) can;                      c) could;                      d) should;  
3. a) Controlled;                      b) Controlling;                      c) Having controlled;                      d) Controls;



- |                     |                   |                  |                  |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 4. a) ought;        | b) will;          | c) shall;        | d) may;          |
| 5. a) have;         | b) had;           | c) have;         | d) shall have;   |
| 6. a) brought;      | b) to bring;      | c) was bringing; | d) have brought; |
| 7. a) shall expect; | b) should expect; | c) expected;     | d) expects;      |
| 8. a) should have;  | b) have;          | c) having;       | d) has had;      |
| 9. a) may;          | b) should;        | c) will;         | d) shall;        |
| 10. a) ought;       | b) could;         | c) will;         | d) can;          |

**V. Choose the correct word.**

1. The main ... to it is the cost.  
 a) disadvantage;      b) drawback;      c) pitfall;      d) snag;
2. Ideas on childcare may ... considerably between the parents.  
 a) disagree;      b) differ;      c) dispute;      d) be at odds;
3. All hopes of a peaceful settlement had now ....  
 a) departed;      b) vanished;      c) withdrawn;      d) dissolved;
4. She waited until the last of the guests had ....  
 a) abandoned;      b) deviated;      c) exit;      d) left;
5. He tried to ... his political opponents by denying them access to the media.  
 a) cross;      b) frustrate;      c) derail;      d) fail;
6. The response to our appeal has been rather ....  
 a) upsetting;      b) unsatisfactory;      c) wanting;      d) discouraging;
7. He was a ... as a doctor.  
 a) loser;      b) failure;      c) incompetent;      d) disaster;
8. They issued a ... report on the government's handling of the crisis.  
 a) scathing;      b) critical;      c) judgmental;      d) damning;
9. The play's first night was a total ....  
 a) disaster;      b) calamity;      c) misfortune;      d) mischance;
10. He was believed to be a drunkard, but he promised her that he'd stay ... tonight.  
 a) disciplined;      b) sober;      c) moderate;      d) controlled;

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